CITY COUNCIL
CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

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March 6, 2014 Start: 12:14 p.m. Recess: 3:48 p.m.

HELD AT: Committee Room

City Hall

B E F O R E:

DAVID G. GREENFIELD

JAMES VACCA Chairpersons

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Inez E. Dickens

Peter Koo

Vincent Gentile Annabel Palma

Maria del Carmen Arroyo

Rosie Mendez

Jumaane D. Williams

Deborah Rose
Donovan Richards
Ritchie Torres
Mark Treyger
Inez Barron
Darlene Mealy

Vincent Ignizio

Daniel R. Garodnick
Mark Weprin
Brad Lander
Antonio Reynoso
Ben Kallos
Helen Rosenthal
Steven Matteo

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Nathan Toth Deputy Director NYC Finance Division

Robert B. Tierney Commissioner/Chair NYC Landmarks Preservation Commission

Jenny Fernandez
Director
Intergovernmental Relations
NYC Landmarks Preservation Commission

Evan Hines
Acting Commissioner
NYC Department of Information
Technology and Telecommunications

Annette Heintz
Deputy Commissioner
Financial Management and
Administration
NYC Department of Information
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John Winker
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Charles Fraser
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Carl Weisbrod
Director
NYC Department of City Planning
Chairman
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Richard Barth Executive Director NYC Department of City Planning

Carolyn Grossman Director of Intergovernmental Affairs NYC Department of City Planning

Maureen Brooks
Director of Operations
NYC Department of City Planning

Purnell Lancaster
Budget Director
NYC Department of City Planning

Kelly Glenn Housing Paralegal and Development Coordinator Urban Justice Center

Ralph Palladino 2nd Vice President Clerical-Administrative Employees Local 1549 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair

3 recognizes Nathan Toth, the Deputy Finance

4 Director.

[Pause]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [gavel] Good afternoon. Good afternoon. My name is Council Member David Greenfield. I've got to wait for the mirth to cease. My name is David Greenfield. I'm chair of the Council's Committee on Land Use. I'd like to recognize Chair Dickens, Chair Koo and Chair Vacca for their leadership and collaboration on these Land Use issues. This hearing will cover the Fiscal 2015 Preliminary Budget for the Landmarks Preservation Commission, the Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications, the Department of City Planning. This is a joint hearing with the Committee on Technology that will begin at 1:00 p.m. as well.

The Landmarks Preservation Commission is the largest landmarks preservation agency in the nation. It is responsible for protecting New York City's architecturally, historically and culturally significant buildings and sites by granting them landmark or historic district status and regulating

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE them once they're designated. The committee on Land Use is interested in learning more about the full-time positions added to the Permits and Reservation Department. An issuance of work permits have led to the quicker collection of landmark permit fees and other such items. also eager to hear from DoITT regarding their efforts to modernize the city's IT infrastructure, establish a coordinated approach to citywide IT policies and to improve the city's overall operating efficiency. Additionally, the committee would like to get an update on City Planning's review of Land Use and Environmental Applications and revenue generated from fees associated with Land Use Applications. I would like to thank the Department of City Planning Commissioner for joining us today, and first I'd like to recognize my colleagues who have joined us. We are joined by Council Member Gentile; Council Member Palma; Council Member Arroyo; Council Member Dickens; Council Member Mendez; Council Member Williams; Council Member

Rose; Council Member Rose; Council Member Richards;

Council Member Torres and Council Member Treyger.

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I would like to thank the Landmark Preservation

Commission Commissioner Robert Tierney, DoITT

Commissioner Hines and Carl Weisbrod of City

Planning and their respective staff for joining us today, and I will turn it over to Commissioner

Tierney for his testimony.

[Pause]

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COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. Thank you. Good morning, Chairman or good afternoon; morning, afternoon, Chairman

Greenfield and Honorable council members. I have

Jenny Fernandez, the Director of Intergovernmental

Relations at the commission with me to my right and

I'm Bob Tierney, as you've said, and chair of the

Landmarks Preservation Commission and thank you for giving me the opportunity to testify before this

committee about the commission and its Fiscal 2015

Preliminary Budget.

As the chairman has just stated, we are the Mayoral agency responsible for protecting and preserving New York City's architecturally, historically and culturally significant buildings and sites and under the landmarks law, the commission must be comprised of at least three...

just a quick summary... at least three architects, a historian, a realtor, a planner or a landscape architect and must include a representative of each borough.

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LPC's Fiscal Year 2015 Preliminary Budget is \$5,023,557 comprised of \$4,465,565 in city funds and \$557,992 in Community Development Block Grant funding. Of the CD funding, 21 percent is allocated for our grant program for low-income homeowners and non-profits and the remainder is used to support agency community... [background voices] closer to the mic? Community development functions such as surveys, archeology, community outreach and education. There are approximately 31,650 designated properties; protected designated properties throughout the city of New York. includes 110 historic districts and 20 historic district extensions, some of which can be rather large, effectively a whole new historic district in their own right; 1338 individual landmarks as of today, 117 interior landmarks and 10 scenic landmarks.

The commission places a high priority on working with owners of historic properties.

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE Owners... this is a very important point right at the outset. From the first letter we send to an owner, which communicates our interest in a possible landmark; a potential landmark; a property of interest all the way to the ultimate designation vote, should there be one, we communicate the commission's actions at every step through evening information session and meetings, always available to answer calls, meet with owners who have questions or concerns about designation or who wish to discuss a potential project with our staff. Tn other words, the door is very much wide open, particularly with respect to homeowners; property owners whose property is under review by the commission and I understand what an important obligation that places upon us to conduct that outreach, to do it thoroughly and sensitively and we take that quite, quite seriously. commission works with this body; this council and has over my decade or so to ensure that the relevant council member in the district that we're actually focusing on has every bit of pertinent information about a potential landmark, the kind of responses and feedback we're getting from owners

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and from the community so that we stay in constant touch to be sure there are A. no surprises and B. that everyone's aware of the approach we're taking. We solicit the views of the council member very specifically in that district and in the relevant committees as we move forward in the process in addressing any potential issues prior to finally taking a designation vote.

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The commission continues to expand outreach efforts to already landmarked properties, so the ones I just finished were talked about were, of course, as we're focusing for the future, but those of 31,000 odd that I've mentioned that are already designated throughout the city, as well as to those who are interested in organizing efforts to pursue designation for the future. commission staff we have evening meetings with community boards and neighborhood groups, no surprise to anyone here, of course, and it goes with the job. It's an important part of what we do; meeting with neighborhood groups on a regular basis, providing information, answering questions, plan numerous meetings and have conducted numerous meetings in the field, several workshops for

targeted audiences this fiscal year alone and in addition to regular meetings with homeowners, the staff continues to lead discussions with experts in the field; real estate brokers, lawyers, other groups, community leaders interested in learning more about landmarks and what the process is, what landmarks really is and what it really isn't. There's a lot of... there's some confusion occasionally; misunderstanding and we love to be as clear as possible about all of that.

Last year, Fiscal Year LPC designated three historic districts and 17 individual landmarks and that brought another 1,400 buildings to the city's inventory of historic sites, and in the current fiscal year, we have already designated one district, the South Village Historic District, and 10 individual landmarks and we expect to vote on the designation of the Park Avenue Historic District in April and the Central Ridgewood Historic District; take that vote sometime in June, which would bring the total number of projected building designations for this fiscal year to 1,337. Yeah, in the case of historic districts, the commission spends months and sometimes years.

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those communities.

What we do has an impact arguably forever;
therefore, we have to be extremely and should be
extremely careful and cautious and, as I said,
months and sometimes years with community groups;
property owners providing education, outreach,
gauging the level of support for designation in

And along those lines, an important part of the process is establishing district boundaries in the historic districts, one of our most challenging aspects of where do you draw the line? Where does the district end and what's across the street or down the block? Why is that lot in; why is it in; why is it not in? So when considering boundaries, the commission's expert staff makes careful decisions about which properties should be included in order to meet the legal requirement that the district must be cohesive and have a sense of place. That's our guideline and guidance from the City Charter. consult... a sense of place, cohesive neighborhood. We consult with the community groups, as I've said earlier, council members and other interested parties concerning these boundaries since it's such COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 13 a critical decision and the commission carefully considers this input and often revisits draft boundaries in order to arrive at the most cohesive and meritorious historic district. This successful collaboration at its best results from the deliberative and careful approach employed by my... mostly by my staff. I have the great privilege to lead that staff to ensure that the commission its mission of protecting the city's historic resources while fostering partnerships in the best cases and in the best sense in what we always strive for, partnerships with neighborhoods and property owners who wish to protect their investments and their neighborhood; maintain the stability and value of the historic neighborhoods that draw so many visitors to the city, as well as providing daily life that is unique in this city, in my opinion.

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The commission receives hundreds of requests every year for potential historic districts, just to give you a sense of the demand that's out there. Hundreds of requests each year for potential historic districts and individual landmarks and many don't meet the immediate threshold criteria. Many do; some don't;

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 14 therefore, we concentrate our resources on the work designating those buildings and districts that are not only the most meritorious in our expert staff's view, but just as critically, where there is community support that's been clearly expressed and also balancing the commission's priorities and the commission's need to protect historic resources in all five boroughs. Without question, then again over the decade or so it's been something I've been constantly mindful of looking outside of Manhattan and I think the record over that period of time demonstrates that. Nothing wrong with Manhattan, of course, who's here because there are, of course, many important landmarks in Manhattan and we continue to look there as well as throughout the city and we should.

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So as the demand for increased designations goes up, the need for us to protect and regulate what we already have has also increased, and to regulate it in the right way, which is to say we don't stop change; we don't freeze landmark districts. We protect the historic resources, but we do it, we hope, in the best cases and I think we do it this way to ensure that

adaptive changes over the years over time are appropriate to the district so that it still reads with the same cohesion and the same sense of place as you go forward. Even with new materials, new changes, adaptations and the like, so try to do it in the most flexible balanced way possible subject to human error and I think that the results speak

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for themselves.

In Fiscal year 2012, with the commission, and this speaks to some of the budget issues in the Preliminary Budget, the commission issued 11,238 permits, more than twice the number issued in the mid-90s. Part of that is because there are more buildings, but it's also because there's just more activity and people are coming and changing and their properties are enhancing, restoring, preserving. And so far in Fiscal 2014 we received 8,346 applications. That's already at 12 percent over what we received by this date last year and as we've landmarked more buildings, we're receiving more applications and issuing more permits, so it's incumbent on us to continue to do that well; efficiently; expertly. We've been able to meet the demands for permits by reviewing our

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 16 processes constantly, improving the workflow; streamlining the agency. We have a FasTrack service that covers 30 percent of our applications, which provides two, three, four day turnarounds on a very targeted focus set of issues. designed materials to help applicants get through the process more quickly and to the budgetary issue, we've recently added six new full-time permit issuing staff members; permit issuing and revenue generating. Purpose is not to generate revenue; it happens to be a side effect of a very modest B structure that goes with the landmark application. So we're always looking for ways to improve the efficiency; increase it; enhance the agency's interaction with applicants, further expanding FasTrack where possible, streamline the process; the intake process and continue to take... we conduct research also, and this is a little bit of an aside, on green technology to learn how new greener materials can fit appropriately in the context of historic buildings, and they can, whether it's solar panels or we try to be mindful of new materials that are so-called green and I've always said the greenest building, and it's self-

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1 committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 17
2 evident, that is not torn down. The same materials

are there; the same embedded energy is kept.

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So our goal remains to provide a faster, improved, easier process for property owners and field professionals and we provide technical assistance; instructions on how to get through the process. We help those who are performing work on a designated property complete their projects more efficiently. Our Permit Application Guide, published online last year, has proved to be an invaluable tool for those seeking to file permit applications for the most common types of work on a building. Providing this manual and offering workshops to applicants, we provide property owners and professionals with the tools to be able to complete the process expeditiously. When the applicants might need additional assistance, our staff is available to meet with them one-on-one groups, whatever it takes to go over projects and explore how we can together meet the goals that brought forward by owners of landmarked properties.

The commission is pleased that the

Mayor's Preliminary Executive Budget has maintained

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 18 the agency's level of funding for 2015. includes the six permit issuing staff members I spoke about, the additional funding. As a result of our increased landmarked designations and increased construction citywide, there has been a 12 percent, as I've already discussed, increase in the permit applications. We've maintained the issuance levels in response to this increase; the time, the turnaround, the time, the level and in fact, brought it down in some important instances. So we believe that the recent addition of these critical personnel will ensure that we continue to meet or exceed those targets while fulfilling the mission.

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Ensuring that historic buildings are protected, the city carefully reviews proposed work for restoration, renovation, additions and new buildings within historic districts. These applications range from minor repairs to an individual landmarked house to full scale adaptive reuse projects. In our view, the best preserved buildings are those that are actively used or adaptively reused. If it's used and there are people in the building and there are people who

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 19 protect and preserve it, that's the ideal situation. As such, the commission constantly considers applications for adaptive reuse of historic buildings, which can provide for additions, accessibility changes and other changes that are just necessary and required as we adapt to changed times. Some of the most successful adaptive reuse projects that the commission has approved just this year includes well-known to everyone here, the Kingsbridge Armory adaptive reuse as a hockey rink and after combining careful restoration of that armory, with the necessary changes in order to bring New York City one of the largest, most modern ice skating/hockey rinks in the region, while also showing off, I think to great credit, a beautiful structure, that Kingsbridge Armory. Similarly, the Child's Restaurant on Coney Island, the old one right out on the boardwalk, the older one, the individual landmarked Child's, is finally going to be brought back; restored, allowing several new uses and it will be connected to... I guess the plan is to an amphitheatre, but most critically from our point of

view is that the Child's building gets a well

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needed important restoration and that's critical.

And other very prominent adaptive reuse projects

include right around here, 70 Pine Street, the

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

Woolworth building, Barclay-Vesey building and then the old St. Patrick's Convent and Girls' School in

7 | Little Italy on Elizabeth Street.

Finally, also, well-known; we played a role in it; a part in it. There are other agencies and other people at this table and everywhere else that played even a bigger part, but the Domino Sugar Factory redevelopment included the restoration of an important landmark and adaptive reuse of that landmark refinery. And the entire project will also have affordable housing, which, of course, is incredibly important as well to the city at large.

So as part of... finally, getting close to the end, as part of our mission of preserving and protecting the city's architectural treasures, the commission has an award-winning grant program that offers a series of grants; a variety of grants to low and moderate income homeowners and 501 (c) 3 non-profits to help or restore or repair the facades of their landmarked buildings. Since its

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 2.1 inception in 1977, this historic preservation grant program run out of the HR office, has awarded more than 450 grants to homeowners and non-profits to help them restore many of New York City's treasured streetscapes and architectural gems. eligibility of homeowners and non-profits for grants is determined by a HUD National Objective standard, including applicants' income and the benefit that the restoration work will have in providing relief for the statutory quote is blighted conditions in low and moderate income areas, so it's a great tool. It's never enough; it's not enough. The program... last year's annual budget of grants was \$114,790 awarded in Community Development Block grants and our program staff works closely with applicants to assess eligibility, explain how an owner or non-profit can qualify and we get about 15 to 20 applications a year. The grants are rather modest, but are often critically leveraged from \$5,000 to \$20,000, the average grant being around \$15,000; eight or nine grants a year; about 60 percent of the eligible applicants. Once the grant is awarded, our staff

will provide special assistance if required every

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COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 22 step of the way to be sure that the project is carried out in the way that everyone that everyone wants to see happen. So this grant program in the past, even in my own personal experience, over again, this decade or so has funded the restoration of homes in the Alice and Agate Courts Historic District; Stuyvesant Heights District; Crown Heights North; Fort Greene and Prospect Lefferts Historic District; Mott Haven Historic District; Addisleigh Park Historic District and many others. In addition, the grants program has funded the façade restoration of a low-income Housing Development Finance building, HDFC, in the Audubon Park Historic District.

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Turning now to enforcement of the

Landmarks Law, we believe in vigorous enforcement,

of course. It goes without saying. We use a

variety of tools to carry that out. Our

Enforcement Department has received, just for an

example, this year, it's largely complaint driven,

although these complaints come from far and wide

and people eyes on the street and we want to hear

it; we like to hear it; we do hear it. 475 so far

this year, and in the same period we've issued

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 23 immediately where appropriate; where it's valid; where it holds up warning letters, 449 warning letters and 102 NOVs, Notices of Violation. we're really working to do at that point is to work in partnership at that point having gotten people's attention with those communications. letters is to get compliance; to get a result; to get things righted; to get the wrongs righted; the violations cleared. It's not a big revenue operation at all. It's really all about reaching and making sure that the built environment is protected and appropriately dealt with. So twothirds of the warning letters usually result in owners applying expeditiously so the commission sometimes... many times it's inadvertent, so the commission they apply to us; if they address the violation, there's no fine, no penalty. But there are cases; there are egregious cases, as there are in every area where none of those approaches work and there are other tools available as sort of as a last resort. But going back quickly to the cooperative part, one of the best examples recently, so that's not just done on a scatter shot

case-by-case wherever the complaints come from, but

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COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 24 where there's a commitment to helping property owners and businesses in the historic districts. good example of that is the collaboration that's been ongoing with the 82nd Street partnership, a BID in Jackson Heights to help business owners address violations. We had just a raft of storefront violations and other issues there and the BID and the small business owners and the Small Business Service agency of this city combined with us to... they got a grant. The grant was issued to the BID and part of that grant money, if not all of it, was used to try to basically clean up the violations, make it more attractive, that Jackson Heights streetfront and comply with the Landmarks Law at the same time. It seems to be working quite well. We've been out there several times on the scene to meet with owners and landlords, provided guidance and fast turnaround on the projects and joined with them to mark the restoration of several storefronts on a prominent corner of 82nd Street. Lastly, in terms of the enforcement area, when all else fails, if you will, or in very

egregious cases the commission works with the Law

Department to actively bring forward Demolition by

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COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 25 Neglect lawsuits, and if nothing else has gotten the attention of a property owner, this will because the consequences are significant. can be quite, quite significant, but again, it's a very, very small number of cases, but it has to be there and we have to do it. It's an important and effective enforcement tool to address neglected buildings and respond to community concerns about the issues that those buildings can cause. legal actions are brought when the landmarked buildings are in serious disrepair and owners just are not responding to repeated commissioner requests for repairs; that the repairs be voluntarily undertaken and the violations be cleared up. Right now, we have four active lawsuits; big, big ones I mean in terms of their consequence of Demolition by Neglect, three in Brooklyn and one on Staten Island. And in most cases, the commission is successful in working with an owner to address the issues with their property or the owner eventually... this is the outcome of the demolition lawsuits, or then the owner basically chooses to sell the property to a new

owner who's aware of the lawsuit, aware of the

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violations and that becomes part of the purchase and the restoration of the property. So enforcement part of the office is critically important, but again, being conducted in a way I think I've just described looking for compliance, looking for partnership, looking to have the historic districts be cared for the way they should be.

Finally, I believe that overall the commission's actions continue to meet the challenge of balancing the need to preserve the fabric of the city of New York that gives the city its character and defines its rich cultural and historic appeal, but at the same time encouraging growth and adaptive reuse over time. I'm proud of the agency's work ensuring that the places that are most important to the collective story of New York City are preserved for generations to come. So again, I would like to thank the chairman and this committee for continued support of the Landmarks Commission's mission and budget and asking me to be here today and of course, I am happy to answer any questions.

2	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
3	Chair Tierney. We certainly appreciate your very
4	thorough testimony about the work at the LPC. I
5	just want to recognize that we have been joined by
6	Council Member Barron, Council Member Mealy;
7	Council Member Ignizio; Council Member Garodnick;
8	Council Member Weprin; Council member Lander and
9	Council Member Reynoso. For the public; for the
10	audience, just so that you know, there are several
11	hearings that are running concurrently; several of
12	our members serve on multiple committees. It is
13	certainly a challenge to be in several places at
14	the same time, so you will see members coming in
15	and out, just so that you are aware of that.
16	Actually we have a few folks who want
17	to ask some questions. I'm just curious about a
18	couple of things. You mentioned that this year you
19	had I guess approximately 1,500 properties or so
20	that were designated as landmarks in the past year.
21	Is that correct?
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes, around
23	1,300, so yes, something in that range, yes, sir.
24	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Can you give

us sort of a prior history? Are we trending

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 28
2	upward? Are we trending downward? I mean what are
3	you seeing
4	[crosstalk]
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Down
6	[crosstalk]
7	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: In terms of
8	the commission as far as the trend of properties
9	being landmarked?
10	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Good question,
11	of course. There are 31,000 total buildings that's
12	in historic most of them in historic districts,
13	but every building, of course in an historic
14	district is protected and treated the same as an
15	individual landmark. So 30,000 over a 50 year
16	next year, by the way, 2015 in April is the 50th
17	year of the Landmarks Law, so you have
18	[crosstalk]
19	CHAIRERSON GREENFIELD: You look great,
20	Chair.
21	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: What's that?
22	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: You look great
23	for someone who's been doing this for that long.
24	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Okay, and so but
25	I know certainly over the last decade we have added

scrambling here to say.

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Sure.
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                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sorry about
     that.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: But it's fair
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     to say that we have seen, at least recently, when
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     you say 8,000 over the last 10 years, if you
     added...
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                 [crosstalk]
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                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No.
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                [crosstalk]
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: That to over
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     800...
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                 [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: 13, 1,400
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     that's certainly... it's certainly more.
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah, I think
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     that's right, yeah.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, so I'm
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     just curious specifically about that.
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     obviously, as we're beginning to landmark more of
     these properties, and especially as you mentioned,
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     the districts that are having really the larger
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impacts I think than the individual landmarking.

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 31

Has LPC done any sort of studies in terms of trying to ascertain I guess the financial or economic impact on the districts or the properties that are being landmarked, not just for the property owners, but also for the impact that it has on the... economic impact of those respective districts and

[crosstalk]

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communities.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sure. The LPC itself doesn't have the capability to do that kind of economic study; however, we are very interested in such studies because it's I think relevant to our pursuits and certainly of significant interest to the city at large. We have the classic IBO, Independent Budget Office study from several years ago, which I think conclusively proved that properties within historic districts their property values increase faster than immediately adjacent non-historic districts, and they did three or four districts and made those studies. That's 10 or 12 years old now. The Furman Institute at NYU is in the process of doing a similar kind of study. probably will be more comprehensive and they haven't really released final conclusions yet, but

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 32 I think there will... the sense is that there is a likelihood that there will be similar increased values, but not earth shattering. It's not like it's a doubling of the property values. And also, in connection with that, of course, we're mindful that in some instances there's more required in order to keep the properties in the kind of good repair that's required under the Landmarks Law. believe that that... and I think the economists in the study; the people who are doing the study also indicate that those investments, if you will, ultimately help contribute to the coherent sense of place and the health of the neighborhood that result in higher property values. So for all those reasons, it's not scientifically... I'm being deliberately conservative on it because I believe that landmarking economically is for property value purposes, to say nothing of the impact on a neighborhood, a good thing, extremely. Ι′m understating it, but I believe there are also concerns about costs and about other issues that are legitimately raised and to be considered by us.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So I guess

just as a follow-up question, can you sort of give

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   33
     us a breakdown in terms of the boroughs; what the
 3
    percentage...
                 [crosstalk]
 4
 5
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Oh.
                 [crosstalk]
 6
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: of each
 7
    borough has been landmarked up until this point.
 8
     Do you have that by any chance?
 9
10
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: I've got it
    perhaps in my head. Of the 31,000 approximately...
11
12
     let me... how do I break this down; 10,000 or so in
13
     Manhattan; approximately near...
14
                 [crosstalk]
15
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: No, Mr.
     Chairman, I apologize. I'm looking for the
16
17
     reverse. Can you tell me...
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
18
19
     Yeah.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Of the
20
21
    boroughs...
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                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
     Yes.
23
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: In Manhattan,
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for example, what's the percentage of Manhattan

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1
    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  34
     that has been landmarked? In Brooklyn, what's the
 3
    percentage of Brooklyn...
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
 4
 5
     Okay.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: That's been
 6
     landmarked and so on and so forth? Might you have
     that data?
 8
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Fine, let me try
 9
     that then. First of all, citywide 31,000
10
     buildings; about three percent of the entire city.
11
12
     New York City has a million structures give or...
13
     you know, so defined and of the million, 31,000 are
14
     landmarks, so that's three percent citywide.
     Manhattan there are more... of course, more...
15
     there are 8,000, 9,000, 10,000 buildings in
16
     Manhattan, so but what I can't give you off the top
17
18
     of my head is the number... what you apply that to,
19
     the 10,000 buildings of x in Manhattan. I know
     citywide it's a million, but it's 10,000 in
20
     Manhattan and another 8,000 or 9,000 in Brooklyn
21
22
     and then significantly smaller numbers in the other
     three.
23
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So I'm
24
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actually looking at a study...

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 35
2	[crosstalk]
3	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
4	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: A study that
5	we have, which says that 27.7 percent of real
6	properties in Manhattan are landmarked. Does that
7	sound about right?
8	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: That doesn't
9	sound right to me because
10	[crosstalk]
11	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: No?
12	[crosstalk]
13	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: That would have
14	to mean we had let's see, how did we get that
15	math? 27, so that would mean if we have let's say
16	10,000 properties in Manhattan that are landmarked
17	and that's a third under that or roughly 30
18	percent, 27 percent, that would mean there would
19	only be 30,000 buildings in Manhattan; doesn't
20	sound right.
21	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, I mean
22	if you can look at it
23	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
24	Sure.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 36
2	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And get back
3	to us.
4	[crosstalk]
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes, of course.
6	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I mean my
7	specific concern I guess is this, and this is why
8	I'm referring to the study as financial, economic
9	and otherwise is that the administration has made
10	it a very significant objective and one that we
11	support in the council, which is building of
12	affordable housing.
13	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
14	Mm-hm.
15	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And my concern
16	is that a challenge that we have is that as we
17	increase the landmarking of different properties,
18	especially in Manhattan, and when it comes to
19	certain neighborhoods like Lower Manhattan or the
20	Upper West Side, for example, predominantly
21	neighborhoods that are wealthier
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
23	Mm-hm.
24	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And have less

minorities, that when we landmark these properties

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

we're going to run into significant challenges in terms of the ability to develop affordable housing, and so I'm specifically wondering is that something that the Chair or the Commissioner has considered? Is that something that you're concerned about? Have you studied that and does that sort of factor into the decisions that you make? Obviously, you have an obligation to protect the interest of the property, but at the same time, the broader issue is that we're trying to achieve in the city specifically the goal of creating affordable housing in the city of New York.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Absolutely, totally mindful A, of that goal and personally in support of that goal. The Charter that establishes the Landmarks Commission does not state that as part of our mission, but I don't operate and nor does the commission operate in blinders, so we seek to be mindful of issues of that importance to the city fabric. Having said that, let's go to what we really do have the power to do and not do. So the general statement is I don't think there's any conflict in general between affordable housing and preservation. There's no intrinsic inherent

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

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conflict. We don't regulate use over the buildings 3 that we designate, so should those buildings be

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used for affordable housing that is something that 4

is... we A, don't interfere with at all; in fact, I

would you know, of course, privately be encouraged. 6

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: No, but Chair,

you certainly recognize that it's much more difficult for a developer to develop a property 9

10 that has been landmarked than one that has not, and

we've heard from developers who've told us... and I 11

12 just want to be fair about this. I recognize the

13 role of the LPC and I respect and admire it, but in

14 all fairness, I think we can all agree on the point

that it becomes much more difficult to develop a 15

property once it's been landmarked, especially for 16

17 maximum usage, which would focus on, for example,

an affordable housing project where you'd want to 18

maximize space versus the goals that the Landmark 19

Preservation Commission would have. 20

> COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: I think that sometimes there is that challenge. First of all, there are a lot of... there are vacant lots occasionally in historic districts that can be

built on to appropriate size, and that size can be

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 39
multi-storied, as you've just said, so that doesn't
intrude that doesn't by definition rule out
affordable housing. It's possible that the land
costs or the cost of development, because of other
neighborhood factors, plays into that, but I don't
think that the landmark situation is the necessary
obstacle. Not only vacant lots, but also there are
buildings scattered throughout historic districts
that are can be taken down and replaced and
hopefully can be replaced with the kinds of
buildings that you're describing that would be able
to accommodate the kind of housing needs you're
talking about. Am I going to disagree overall that
the neighborhoods, some of them you've cited in
Manhattan and I think it's not just because of
landmarking. I mean it's a two-edged sword. I, of
course, take we all take pride as my earlier
remarks about landmark properties it's not a
burden. It's a benefit to owners. Things get
better; property values go up somewhat and
[crosstalk]
CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We're not
disagreeing, Mr. Chair. My only

[crosstalk]

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 40
2	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: So
3	[crosstalk]
4	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: The only point
5	that I'm making is, which is your point, which
6	is
7	[crosstalk]
8	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
9	[crosstalk]
10	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: That none us
11	exist in a vacuum and in the grand scheme
12	[crosstalk]
13	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Right.
14	[crosstalk]
15	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Of the city we
16	are now very focused on affordable housing. I
17	think that the commission should be mindful and
18	perhaps should study the issue of oversaturation of
19	certain neighborhoods and just in general, the
20	impact that landmarking, especially historic
21	districts have on affordable housing because those
22	are two competing interests, and while as you point
23	out, it's not necessarily within the Charter of the

commission within the...

on a calendared item. It is our understanding that

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 42
2	there are several thousand items that are
3	calendared. Is that correct; is that incorrect?
4	What happens when an item is calendared and what is
5	the oldest project that you have calendared that
6	has yet to have actually been designated?
7	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Well, it can't
8	go back before 1965 because that's when it all
9	started, but there are calendared buildings. Well,
10	let me first say no, there are not thousands that
11	are calendared, but buildings back in the rush
12	after Mayor Wagner signed the bill and the backlog,
13	if you will, from a couple hundred years came
14	rushing through the door, a lot of buildings were
15	calendared and not acted on right away. Part of
16	the process is a calendaring, then a public hearing
17	and then all the outreach I talked about and then
18	ultimately a decision.
19	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So Chair, do
20	you know how many buildings there are that are
21	currently calendared?
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Less than
23	it's let me make sure I give you I don't want
24	to give you the wrong

[crosstalk]

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
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                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: At the next
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     hearing.
                [crosstalk]
 4
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Ask... once
 5
 6
     again, we seem to having a...
                 [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
 8
 9
                 [crosstalk]
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Discrepancy in
10
     information. I'd ask for the...
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12
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
13
     Yeah.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Committee to
15
     provide us with that...
16
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing] We
     will.
17
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Information.
18
19
     You mentioned 1966. Quite frankly, that seems like
     a very long time. The reason I ask...
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                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
21
     Yeah.
22
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Is because
23
     it's our understanding that when an item is
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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 45
2 calendared, specifically in relation to the
3 Department of Buildings...

4 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
5 Yes.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: It ends up in some sort of limbo status and so in general, an item in 1966 it seems like a really long time for the commission to sort of decide whether or not they would want that. All of their guidelines, should there be some sort of internal clock on you know, here's when an item will be resolved and here's when an item will not be resolved and if so, we'll take it off the calendar perhaps?

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Well, what we've tried to eat away or to work away that backlog because of some of what you've just said is certainly on its face true, if not actually... so the only way you get a building off the calendar though, I am constantly reminded, is to have a public hearing on it and vote up or down. So and that's what we do all the time, of course, and I'm not shying from any of that, but to have a public hearing on a venerable calendar building and then step up and say no is because there's all kinds of

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
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     reasons that it shouldn't be. It's not something
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     that's done every day. I do it; we've done a lot
     of them and mindful of the backlog. We're cutting
 4
     it back. It's significantly reduced and your point
 5
 6
     is well taken that something that old... and maybe
     should there be an automatic rule? In a certain
     sense, it would take away the need, if you will, of
 8
     a commission chair or commission members to say
 9
10
     everybody's going to come in and testify, as often
11
     is the case, that it all should be designated.
12
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair, I'm
13
     just...
14
                [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: And then we have
15
     to vote no.
16
17
                [crosstalk]
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I'm just...
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19
     I'm just suggesting...
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                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing] We
21
     have to vote no.
22
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I'm just
23
     suggesting that... exactly; perhaps it be removed
     from the calendar and then at a...
24
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[crosstalk]

there, but I do have a few questions. I probably

committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 48 won't get to it to the five minutes, but I share many of the concerns of the chair.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]

Mm-hm.

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: I actually think the whole thing is kind of weird at times. Ι think there's too much of it. I think it is definitely a laudable goal, but I just think it happens in a way that we need to get a handle on it and I think because often one council member, we're not looking at it in a more global scale of what's happening in this city and I, too, as I'm now more into dealing with the housing, seeing the numbers of affordable units that were built on areas and districts that were landmarked is appalling in comparison to the other parts of the city, so that's a problem that we have to try to overcome, but I'll try to keep it... I didn't know I had five minute, but in terms of the grants that were given, you said you gave 15 grants from \$5,000 to \$20,000 each, a grant amount of \$15,000. What was the average cost of the repairs?

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Of the full job?

COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Yes.

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COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

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1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 50
2	doing. Thank you, thank you. Thank you so much.
3	And is there any how do you decide which 60
4	percent get it? Is there income eligibility?
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes, there are.
6	It's the HUD Councilman, the HUD's National
7	Objective, which is low and moderate income.
8	There's a standard I believe. It's constantly
9	recalculated somewhere in the range right now of a
LO	family income not to exceed \$51,000 or somewhere in
L1	that range, so non-profits in some cases, but
L2	mostly for the property owners; individual property
L3	owners in areas that I've described; very low
L4	income. This is not a program for
L5	COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Okay, so two
L6	questions
L7	[crosstalk]
L8	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: People who can
L9	afford to keep their houses
20	[crosstalk]
21	COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Is there
22	any
23	[crosstalk]
24	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Or his house.

change it and modify it in some way and we're happy

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

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be put on that vacant lot would not be anything

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   53
     that we would... and not only we would interfere
 3
     with; not only that, but as I said, affordable
    housing, of course, is an incredibly important,
 4
 5
     laudable aim and totally consistent with the
 6
     preservation mission as far as I'm concerned.
                COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS:
                                           Well, I'll
 8
     just wrap up because I'm running out of time, but I
 9
     would love to see how many vacant lots are actually
10
     available in your purview. I did want to get into
     the CDBG funds, but I don't have time.
11
                                              I didn't
12
     realize that money came out of that. I was really
13
     concerned [chime] of why it was necessarily coming
     out of the CDBG funds, but that's for...
14
                [crosstalk]
15
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY:
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17
                [crosstalk]
                COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS:
                                           Another day
18
19
     and again, thank you for testifying. Thank you,
     Council Member Palma, for helping me out and just
20
21
     also where you... I think to still hear back on
22
     there's a district where some of my community
23
     members...
24
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
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Yes.

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   54
                COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: In Flatbush
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     are...
                [crosstalk]
 4
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes, we are...
 5
                 [crosstalk]
 6
 7
                COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Trying to
 8
     get...
 9
                 [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: We are mindful
10
     of that. It's being carefully reviewed and we're
11
12
     going...
13
                COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: [interposing]
14
     Thank you.
15
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: To be talking to
16
     you.
17
                COUNCIL MEMBER WILLIAMS: Thank you,
     Mr. Chair.
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19
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
     Council Member Williams. We're going to now hear
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     from Council Member Barron to be followed by
21
     Council Member Mealy and from Council Member
22
23
     Mendez.
                COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Thank you, Mr.
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Chair. Thank you for your testimony. I want to

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 55 shift the focus a little bit. Landmarks is to protect and preserve historical and cultural buildings and sites, and I'm particularly concerned about the preservation and acknowledgement of the cultural contributions of African Americans because we know that indeed the forced uncompensated labor of African Americans who were enslaved and worked as artisans, blacksmiths, carpenters, brick layers and other areas built the economic foundation for New York City and indeed the United States and there are historical society that attest to that and highlight the my offer which we call the Middle Passage, the horrors of slavery and their resistance as well to that evil system and of course, we all have recent attention brought to the horrors of slavery by the movie 12 Years a Slave and it focuses much of its time on the conditions that existed in the South. But people who need to know that New York City was a hub of slave trading here down... I think it's the old police building and I believe there's a marker there. So as we talk about pervading history and making sure we acknowledge that, one of the early meetings of the

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 56 Landmarks Committee brought to the agenda some 3 property on Reade Street. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm. 4 5 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: And the 6 presentation that was given had a brief footnote... COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing] 7 8 Mm-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: 9 About the contributions of African Americans at that site 10 during that time and this entire area... 11 12 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing] 13 Mm-hm. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: The very building that we're in was a part of the history of 15 the community of the enslaved Africans. We know we 16 have the African Burial Ground one block over, 17 which highlights that. So my concern is that 18 19 there's not adequate given, especially in areas where we know there were concentrations of African 20 21 Americans, so there's not adequate given to the 22 presentations that are brought before this committee as to the contributions of enslaved 23 African Americas and I'd like to know how we can 24

25

address that issue.

25

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: We're addressing 3 it and I heard directly from Jenny Fernandez to my right and others who were at the hearing you've 4 5 described and heard immediately and directly and 6 directed that the staff prove to me... or not prove to me so much as let's see what we're doing. 8 enough? If it's not enough I want to know why and let's take these constructive suggestions and put 9 them to work. I believe that other constructive 10 suggestions over the decade... I again, just keep 11 12 talking about this decade, but that I've been... 13 had the great privilege to do this work has... we 14 were reminded and prompted, frankly, by this committee; by this council; by this body and your 15 predecessor and others who have very pointedly 16 17 brought to our attention in a very constructive way the issues you're talking about. It became part of 18 our research and is part of our studies and every 19 report we do. Whether the footnote in this case 20 21 was adequate is something I think is a good way to test whether or not the reforms that we did 22 institute in studying and bringing to the public 23 24 attention and to this committee's and the city's attention all the connections of African American

left to our colleagues in the... are they still up

there; the Public Design Commission that are up in

23

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1
    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  59
     the attic here. They have jurisdiction over
 3
     statues.
                COUNCIL MEMBER BARRON: Good, thank
 4
 5
    you.
 6
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: In the city,
 7
    yes, ma'am.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
 8
     Council Member. We'll now ask Council Member Mealy
 9
     to ask questions, followed by Council Member
10
    Mendez.
11
12
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: 'Kay, I thank
13
     you. I almost got a déjà vu. I thought it was
14
     like marked page. You know, I have to have you
    know, numbers on papers just all up in the head, so
15
     saying that, I... marked page. I'm thinking about
16
     a former PA. Bill de Blasio did a study and he
17
     said when he brought it... when the study came to
18
19
    my district it said that his... landmarking
    people's homes does it increase their property
20
21
     value? He said it did not, that case study that it
     did not.
22
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY:
23
                                        Mm-hm.
24
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: So I want to
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know with the... you said that it does, right?

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   60
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: The study that I
     alluded to earlier, two of them show that... and I
 3
     don't want to be... I don't want to disagree with
 4
 5
     the former Public Advocate, of course, and what he
     brought to your attention, but I would certainly
 6
     look at we think... we've seen these other two
 8
     studies and I think it warrants more study, just to
     see exactly what the economic impact is. We
 9
     think...
10
                [crosstalk]
11
12
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Right.
13
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: It marginally
14
     increases the property values.
                COUNCIL MEALY: So does it increase
15
     their...
16
                 [crosstalk]
17
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes.
18
19
                 [crosstalk]
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Taxes also?
20
21
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Well, in the
     long run eventually it will. That's, of course,
22
     the downside...
23
24
                 [crosstalk]
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COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: It will.

1	
1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 61
2	[crosstalk]
3	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Of that, but it
4	would be it's years ahead; years out in the out
5	years.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: So what is the
7	commission doing to keep track of these effects
8	that the higher taxes go on
9	[crosstalk]
10	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
11	[crosstalk]
12	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Homeowners
13	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Well
14	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: To make sure
15	that now that you landmarked
16	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
17	Yes.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And then they
19	can't keep up with their taxes and then they lose
20	their homes, so what kind of bells and whistles or
21	stop gaps that
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
23	Yeah.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: The commission

is having.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: It's an excellent question. Part of it's outside... I 3 don't want to duck it by saying it's not our 4 5 purview, but our powers are somewhat limited in our 6 ability to be able to control those kind of economic issues, but having said that, I think we have to be as mindful as possible of economic 8 9 burdens that are placed on anybody that comes 10 forward even with the good news that the property 11 value is going up. That doesn't mean, you know, 12 that all of a sudden that there's... let's go spend 13 the money or whatever you know, and as you've said, 14 taxes are going to go up and there'll be other things, so I'm mindful of the way we conduct our 15 office on a day-to-day basis that where possible 16 17 that we're not requiring expensive and exotic remedies for properties. I think there are ways... 18 there are cost effective ways A, to reduce the cost 19 of the process and B, to reduce the ultimate cost 20

22 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing]
23 Okay.

24

21

of the job.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 63
2	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: And we try to
3	bring people to those conclusions, so we're in our
4	own way to try to address those economic
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing]
6	Thank you.
7	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Disparities.
8	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Do you have I
9	feel the commission should look into that 'cause
10	people
11	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
12	Yeah.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Lose their homes
14	in regards to that.
15	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Do you have a
17	breakdown of how many grants that go to each
18	borough or one with their 450 grants?
19	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Uhm
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing]
21	How many are
22	[crosstalk]
23	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Most of them
24	[crosstalk]
25	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Each of the

```
1
    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   64
 2
                 [crosstalk]
                 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Most are outside
 3
     Manhattan and the anecdotal I guess...
 4
 5
                 [crosstalk]
 6
                 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Do you know how
 7
     many...
                 [crosstalk]
 8
 9
                 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: but I'll get
10
     you...
                 [crosstalk]
11
12
                 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Came from
13
     Brooklyn?
14
                 [crosstalk]
15
                 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: The full... I'll
     get you the exact number.
16
17
                 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Okay.
                 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: But clearly most
18
19
     are in Brooklyn. Brooklyn and...
                 [crosstalk]
20
                 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And in your
21
22
     statement when you start... you said that when you
     have your meetings...
23
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
24
```

Yes.

it? Targeted you said [crosstalk] COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Right. [crosstalk] COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: We have planned numerous meetings in the field and several workshops for a targeted audience this fiscal year and I think you've been doing that; your committee has been doing that, but it's kind of bad way that whoever does Brooklyn 'cause [crosstalk] COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: They came up with Stuyvesant Heights. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Uh-huh. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And only a select group would go to those meetings. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors who do not get the notices	1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 65
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COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Right. [crosstalk] COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: We have planned numerous meetings in the field and several workshops for a targeted audience this fiscal year and I think you've been doing that; your committee has been doing that, but it's kind of bad way that whoever does Brooklyn 'cause [crosstalk] COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: They came up with Stuyvesant Heights. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Uh-huh. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And only a select group would go to those meetings. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors who do not get the notices	4	it? Targeted you said
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COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And only a select group would go to those meetings. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors who do not get the notices	17	with Stuyvesant Heights.
select group would go to those meetings. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No. COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors who do not get the notices	18	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Uh-huh.
21 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No. 22 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors 23 who do not get the notices	19	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And only a
22 COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors 23 who do not get the notices	20	select group would go to those meetings.
who do not get the notices	21	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No.
	22	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And the seniors
24 COMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposinal Mm-	23	who do not get the notices
	24	COMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing] Mm-

hm.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 66
2	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Do not come out
3	to meetings and then just that select group
4	[crosstalk]
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Okay.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Will landmark a
7	block and our seniors do not know that. They don't
8	know they can't get their cousin
9	[crosstalk]
10	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sure.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Bill to come now
12	and change the windows or change their stoop and
13	then you put liens on well, not liens. Well,
14	then they get
15	[crosstalk]
16	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER TIERNEY: Summonses and
18	I have to say one of them came they had a
19	meeting right across the street from my house and I
20	come out
21	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
22	Mm-hm.
23	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And somebody
24	said they're having a meeting across the street at
25	PS

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 67
2	[crosstalk]
3	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Was it
4	[crosstalk]
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: 5
6	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
7	Was it us?
8	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Yes, and I walk
9	over there
10	[crosstalk]
11	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sorry about
12	that.
13	[crosstalk]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: And it was about
15	landmarking my area
16	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Okay.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: We did have the
18	meeting.
19	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yeah.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: A lot of people
21	are not really fully aware of what is landmarked;
22	will it increase their value; will they be able
23	[crosstalk]
24	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Uh-huh.
25	[crosstalk]

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1
    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   68
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: To change their
 3
    house whenever they want it and I know they
     cannot...
 4
 5
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
     Mm-hm.
 6
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: But a lot of
 7
     information is not getting out...
 8
 9
                [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sure.
10
11
                [crosstalk]
12
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: To people, so I
13
    hope that it's not a targeted area. It should be
14
     everyone.
15
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: No, it should
    be...
16
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: [interposing] At
17
     that block...
18
19
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
20
    Yes.
                COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: If you're
21
     considering an area, make sure everyone is fully
22
     aware. [chime]
23
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: That's a great
24
```

suggestion and I'll be more mindful of it.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 69
2	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Thank you.
3	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: I understand
4	we're not doing it.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER MEALY: Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
7	Council Member Mealy. We'll now turn it over to
8	Council Member Mendez, who will be followed by
9	Council Member Kallos, and then Council Member
10	Reynoso.
11	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Thank you,
12	Chair Greenfield. Welcome, Chair Tierney. First
13	I have to say I was little confused about the
14	conversation with questioning about affordable
15	housing and landmarking 'cause to me, I don't know
16	how one affects the other. A building if it's
17	affordable; if it's a value that should be
18	landmarked then it is and if it's a value that
19	should not be landmarked it isn't and if we're
20	talking about creating affordable housing and more
21	likely than not we're talking about creating it in
22	an empty lot, so I don't know; maybe someone can
23	enlighten me later, but so let me ask you a
24	question.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Is financial hardship something that's taken into consideration when we're marking a property?

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Only in the sense that if the owner of the property is financially unable to maintain the property there are hardship safeguards, of course, to prevent... to give relief from that designation, but overall let's say in an historic district, again, it's not in the statute. It's not something, however, that I'm... I mean obviously in your district and the districts that... the East Village Historic where there are issues of economics, what we try to do is find ways to ease that burden to the extent we can and the way we regulate and the way we talk through the ability to properties, but it is it an exemption from landmarking? No, it's not.

COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Okay, thank

you. In your testimony on page five, you talk

about... yes, here it is... it goes from four to

five, the last sentence before, the Historic

Preservation Grant Program...

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]

25 | Mm-hm.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 71
2	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And the grants
3	that are given out through CDBG money. So the
4	budget for that is \$114,709?
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Those are the
6	actual grants, yes.
7	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Okay, it just
8	seems like on the low side. I would just think
9	[crosstalk]
10	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: I wish we had
11	more I mean as I said earlier, I wish we had
12	more, frankly.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: So this is
14	what
15	[crosstalk]
16	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: If we had
17	made
18	[crosstalk]
19	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: You get from
20	through CDB
21	[crosstalk]
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes.
23	[crosstalk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Specifically
25	[crosstalk]

```
1
    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  72
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: That's correct.
 3
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Targeted for
     this.
 4
 5
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY:
                                        That's correct,
 6
     yes.
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Okay, well, if
    we can help you get more money in that area I think
 8
     we should 'cause this is...
 9
10
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
     Mm-hm.
11
12
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: I feel like
13
     it's wholly inadequate if we're giving grants of
14
     $5,000 to $20,000. Usually if they're going to do
     some kind of work you know, it's not a $5,000 job,
15
     so while it may help, it's not going to make a
16
     really big assistance to someone who's got to do
17
     some work in a landmarked building.
18
19
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm.
                COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Can I ask you
20
21
    how many, if any, buildings were damaged during
22
     Sandy that were landmarked and is there any CDBG
     money specifically set aside for those?
23
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Extremely
24
```

fortunate only in the sense... I mean Sandy was so

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 73 unfortunate in every sense imaginable, but in a 3 way, the landmarked historic district properties were largely unaffected in any significant way; 4 5 certainly in the significant way that we've read 6 about and we've all seen and you all have experienced. Lower Manhattan obviously had some flooding issues and that affected landmark 8 properties and we are constantly... I mean were 9 10 even before Sandy and we've redoubled the efforts 11 for resiliency and sustainability and other issues 12 connected that have... our consciousness has been 13 raised by Sandy, but fortunately, no... again, only 14 from the very narrow perspective of landmarked properties no significant damage to the historic 15 fabric because of that horrible; that terrible 16 17 storm. COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And as you 18 know, we're having an issue with one of my historic 19 20 buildings; landmarked buildings, the Merchant's 2.1 House Museum. 22 COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes. COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: And I'm just 23

wondering what, if any, money is put by the

Landmarks to do the kind of analysis to see if

24

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 74
2	that well, that one-story structure that's now
3	going to become a Boutique Hotel; how that would
4	impact the landmarked building?
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: We don't have
6	our own but well, we don't have a structural
7	engineer who does that, but I rely on ourselves and
8	our staff to do it, but as everybody knows, Tim
9	Lynch, who's at the Department of Buildings, who is
10	a you know, world famous actually structural
11	engineer and makes these analyses and is very tough
12	and we don't [chime] we don't move in an
13	instance like that without a sign-off from Tim
14	Lynch that the kind of damage that you're concerned
15	about and that we're concerned about will not take
16	place.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: So let me
18	just one little so LPC doesn't have a staff
19	person, but you work with someone at DOB who's
20	[crosstalk]
21	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: That's
22	[crosstalk]
23	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: An expert in
24	[crosstalk]
25	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: That's correct.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 75
2	[crosstalk]
3	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: The field.
4	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: And then we test
5	it. We have people on the commission, however, who
6	are very smart in these areas and can make that
7	analysis and test that analysis; not just okay,
8	tell us what you think. It's a very it's all
9	done in open public hearings
10	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: [interposing]
11	Mm-hm.
12	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: And we examine
13	those kinds of issues. We hear both sides of the
14	argument and then we have DOB in and we make our
15	own analysis, and we're tough on that and very
16	mindful of it and totally have the same point of
17	view you've just expressed in terms of being very
18	careful about particularly a building like the
19	Merchant's House.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER MENDEZ: Thank you very
21	much. Thank you, Mr. Chair.
22	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
23	Council Member Mendez. Before we go to Council
24	Member Kallos, just to address a question that you

addressed and several members have brought up: the

committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 76
concern of providing affordable housing is specific
to this site, which is that once you landmark a
property, the ability to operate it; to make
repairs; to make changes; to develop it becomes
much more expensive and much more limited, and when
you look at it from a district perspective, that
also significantly make it more difficult to
develop those properties and to build affordable
housing and the concern that we were expressing was
that many of the districts that have been
landmarked are very wealthy districts and very
white districts, effectively preserving the
character of those districts and preventing new and
less affluent folks from coming into those
neighborhoods and those districts, to clarify that
point. I will turn it over to Council Member
Kallos to be followed by Council Member Reynoso.
COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I wanted to
thank you for taking the time to come before us
and
[crosstalk]
COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sure.
[crosstalk]

so that I can provide my comment against their

hardship application that will be coming shortly.

23

24

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 78
2	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: We welcome it.
3	We will
4	[crosstalk]
5	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And then
6	[crosstalk]
7	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Receive it and
8	look forward to it.
9	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: I guess my
10	question is regarding affordable housing, that one
11	in particular has almost 1,000 units. It's City &
12	Suburban and they are rent controlled. They're
13	rent stabilized.
13	
14	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm.
	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are
14	
14 15	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are
14 15 16	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are keeping them vacant.
14 15 16 17	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are keeping them vacant. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm.
14 15 16 17 18	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are keeping them vacant. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Several hundred,
14 15 16 17 18	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are keeping them vacant. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Several hundred, so I guess one question would just be as we're
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are keeping them vacant. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Several hundred, so I guess one question would just be as we're talking about the hardships how we can as a City
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And they are keeping them vacant. COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm. COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Several hundred, so I guess one question would just be as we're talking about the hardships how we can as a City Council mandate that landlords not self-impose

can replace it with luxury construction. So I guess that is my first question.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: I'd love to comment on it 'cause it's A, the hardship application, which is Quasi-Judicial, is before us, number one, but number two a lot of the concerns about warehousing apartments, in general, are completely important concerns, but we can't... we don't regulate use and we don't have that kind of power to do that, but certainly there are other parts of the city and other elected representatives in the Executive Branch that does have the power and ability to address that.

question is if we are... if members of our council have identified locations where there are a lot of buildings that are deserving of landmarks within our districts and that those are bastions of affordable housing that we would like to preserve in order to stop them from being razed and turned into 20,30 or 40-story luxury high-rises at \$4,000 a month or more for a studio or a one-bedroom...

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]

25 | Mm-hm.

2.4

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1
    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  80
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: How can we work
 3
    with you...
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
 4
 5
     Come...
                [crosstalk]
 6
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS:
 8
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
     Come make the application for an historic district
 9
10
     that comprises buildings of the kind you've
     described and then we'll go through the same
11
12
     landmark tests that every other district does, and
13
     if that test is met and the district is designated,
14
     it would have the consequences that you're talking
15
     about.
                COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Thank you very
16
17
     much.
                CHAIRPERSON GREEFIELD:
                                         Thank you,
18
19
     Council Member Kallos. We're going to pass it to
     Council Member Reynoso, to be followed by Council
20
21
     Member Treyger.
22
                COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you very
     much, Chairman and to the Chairman of Landmarks as
23
24
     well, Tierney. I just want to say my relationship
     with the Landmarks Commission has been amazing in
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COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Okay.

me a rough estimate here.

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COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: I also want to 3 say that you know, outside of rezoning you know, we are very limited as to how we can do that and I 4 5 just don't want folks to think that we could put the burden or put a burden on you to think the 6 three percent of the properties that are landmarked or of the city that is landmarked is where we're 8 going to find opportunities for affordable housing. 9 10 I mean my district specifically, we have these towers that are not significant in any way 11 12 structurally, historically or through any character 13 that have destroyed what we considered a 14 neighborhood. The neighborhood has been preserved by the Williamsburg Savings Bank and other sites 15 that speak to who we were back then or what this 16 neighborhood was back then and the neighborhood 17 residents that are there now do think it's 18 significant and do care about that preservation. 19 20 So I want you to know that I'm grateful for the 21 work that you guys have done, and also when we talk about you know, the rich or predominantly white 22 districts that receive the landmarking, Ridgewood, 23 24 which is middle-class predominantly white, has been getting landmarked as a historic district, and that 25

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 84
2	community is extremely grateful and extremely happy
3	that it's happening and their property values have
4	increased for it and sometimes you know, I just
5	want to be very careful with saying that Landmarks
6	is hurting the development of affordable housing
7	and the opportunity 'cause so are parks, but we're
8	not burdening on Parks, so I just want to let you
9	know how grateful I am more so than ask you any
10	questions and thank you for being here and letting
11	us know of the work that you're doing. Thank you.
12	[crosstalk]
13	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Thank you,
14	Councilman.
15	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
16	Council Member and we'll now turn to Council Member
17	Treyger.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you,
19	Chair Greenfield and welcome Chairman Tierney. I
20	represent District 47 and my name is Councilman
21	Treyger.
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes.
22 23	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes. COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Coney Island,

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm.

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   85
                COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Just for the
 3
     sake of clarity, how many structures; buildings
     were, in fact... that were landmarked were damaged
 4
 5
     by Sandy? Do we have a number on that?
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Exact number?
 6
 7
     I'll see if I can give you an exact...
 8
                COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: [interposing]
 9
     Sure.
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY:
10
                                        Number.
     [background voices] we don't have the exact number,
11
12
     but the districts are... well, the Shore Theater
13
     apparently obviously sustained some damage. The
14
     districts were the South Street Seaport flooding
    and some of the East Village and DUMBO. I can give
15
     you the total number, of course, but it will be...
16
     it is again, in the scheme of things relatively
17
     minimal.
18
19
                COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Yes, I would
20
     definitely appreciate the number...
21
                 [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Very minimal.
22
                 [crosstalk
23
                COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: And the
24
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location...

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 86
2	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
3	Absolutely.
4	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: As well.
5	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Absolutely.
6	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: In your
7	testimony you provided you mentioned about the
8	Child's Restaurant and Coney Island.
9	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Yes.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Right. As we
11	welcome enhancements to Coney Island, my question
12	really is were there discussions with DEP, EDC with
13	regards to infrastructure improvements in addition
14	to these alterations because to me, we keep talking
15	about developments and
16	[crosstalk]
17	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Mm-hm.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Building, but
19	if we don't address the infrastructure needs of
20	this city we can't move forward, and in Coney
21	Island throughout the entire peninsula we're
22	experiencing major flooding
23	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
24	Sure.

storms, but small rainstorms, so I'm just curious to know were there discussions with other agencies;

DEP, EDC or even the MTA to discuss additional transportation options where a peninsula... only one way to get to us and they have reduced transportation options to our locations. I'm just curious to know were there discussions that took place between your commission...

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: [interposing]
Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: And other agencies when this approval was made.

COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Okay, when this approval was made, I mean obviously the Child's building was already a designated landmark. It was actually done in 2003 and when this project was brought to us we were very concerned about it 'cause of the deteriorated state of the building and I know those discussions went on with other agencies. They weren't directly germane to the mission of the commission. We were mostly interested in getting that building stabilized; restored; getting the terra cotta, but those

and a few others, which... Ocean Parkway actually,

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 89
2	yes. So yes, there are 10 of them though out of the
3	31,000. By and large we regulate the historic
4	fabric, the built environment.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Mm-hm. And do
6	these include structure I know Council Member
7	Barron mentioned statues, but do you have
8	structures that you also landmark?
9	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Structures, well
10	and now that you mention Coney Island, the
11	Parachute Jump and yes, I guess that's a I mean
12	it's not a residence; it's not a building, but it's
13	not a statue either. But the Parachute Jump and
14	the Cyclone actually are
15	[crosstalk]
16	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Mm-hm.
17	[crosstalk]
18	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Designated.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Can you
20	provide me a list of structures other than
21	[crosstalk]
22	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Uh
23	[crosstalk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Residence
25	[crosstalk]

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 90
2	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Other than
3	[crosstalk]
4	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Other than
5	[crosstalk]
6	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Right, build
7	traditional
8	[crosstalk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Please.
10	[crosstalk]
11	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Commercial
12	buildings
13	[crosstalk]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Please.
15	[crosstalk]
16	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: Sure.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you.
18	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: I'd be happy
19	[crosstalk]
20	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: I'd appreciate
21	it.
22	[crosstalk]
23	COMMISSIONER TIERNEY: To do that. Be
24	happy to.
25	COUNCIL MEMBER TREYGER: Thank you.

Information Technology and Telecommunications.

like to thank my co-chair, David Greenfield. My name is James Vacca and I'm chair of the Technology Committee of the Council. I'd like to welcome Evan Hines, DOT's acting Commissioner. I'm sure he'll have some thoughts today regarding DoITT's operations and by reviewing the operations of this department, we also at the Council look forward to working with DoITT going forth.

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In recent years, DoITT has worked toward modernizing and consolidating the city's IT infrastructure, as well as establishing a coordinated approach to citywide IT policies with the goal of improving the city's operating efficiency. We are eager to hear the results of these efforts and to get updates on the progress of the department's many ongoing projects. We'd also like to hear how these projects impact not only the DoITT budget, but the city budget as a whole. particularly interested in hearing of DoITT's strategy with respect to the previous administration's 3-1-1 funding cuts and the cost overruns of the PSAC II project, which happens to be in my district. Furthermore, we will examine details of DoITT's FY 2015 Preliminary Budget,

including the department's Contract Budget, Capital Budget and the Fiscal 2015 budget actions. We will also review the agency's performance, specifically in regard to the 3-1-1 website and the maintenance of pay phones as reported in the Mayor's Management

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Report.

So I want to welcome Commissioner Hines and his staff and I'll turn the microphone over to you. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER HINES: Thank you. Good afternoon, Chairs Greenfield and Vacca and members of the City Council Committees on Land Use and Technology. My name is Evan Hines and I am acting Commissioner of the Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications, also known as DoITT and New York City's acting Chief Information and Innovation Officer. Thank you for the opportunity to testify today about DoITT's Fiscal 2015 Preliminary Budget. With me are Annette Heintz, our Deputy Commissioner for Financial Management and Administration; John Winker on my right, our Associate Commissioner for Financial Services and Charles Fraser, our General Counsel, all the way at the left to the table.

provides for operating expenses of approximately \$457 million. The budget provides for \$93 million in personnel services to support 1,243 full-time positions and \$364 million for Other Than Personal Services. Of the \$364 million, 31 percent or \$113 million represents Intra-City funds that have been transferred from other agencies to DoITT for services it provides. Telecommunications costs represent the largest portion of the Intra-City expense. Fiscal 2014 Intra-City telecommunications expenditures are on budget at \$86 million, while total telecommunications costs are budgeted at \$123 million.

This budget represents an increase of \$10 million from the Fiscal 2015 November Budget and an overall net decrease of \$50 million from the Fiscal 2014 current modified budget. The \$10 million increase to the Fiscal 2015 November Budget is mostly attributable to OTPS funding associated with ongoing maintenance costs required to support recently approved capitally funded initiatives.

DoITT also received some funding to convert intrafund agreement positions to tax levy funded

positions. The net decrease between the Fiscal 2014 current modified and the Fiscal 2015

Preliminary Budget allocations represents a drop in intra-fund agreement funding after 2014 and a one-time grant funding that was only allocated in the Fiscal 2014 current modified budget. Any unspent Fiscal 2014 grant funding will be rolled over into

Fiscal 2015.

DoITT, the city's technology leader in IT utility, is responsible for providing core IT assets; scalable, critical infrastructure and a backbone for city operations. We operate data centers, independent fiber and wireless networks and digital services like NYC.gov and New York City 311 that ensure uninterrupted access for New Yorkers in times of emergency and non-emergencies alike.

With a focus on our people, processes and technology platforms as well as partnerships, DoITT is making progress towards ensuring that New York City continues to lead in public sector service delivery and technology innovation. Some recent achievements, as well as critical initiatives that DoITT will be pursuing in Fiscal

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online forms.

2015 include: NYC.gov, the city's official website, receives more than 35 million unique visitors each year. DoITT recently upgraded and modernized the site, including the design and build of key portal pages, as well as the introduction of new information architecture, content taxonomy, user functionality, interface and interaction design and individual branding. This significantly improves the city's ability to serve the public. The new platform also made upgrades to existing applications such as City Clerk online forms, 311 online, the Taxi and Limousine Commission License Application Renewals and Department of Records

New York City 311, the city's destination for government information and services, has received more than 178 million calls and has been the main source for New York City nonemergency government information since 2003. Today, NYC311 is available in nearly 180 languages. Each day, it serves 50,000 customers, filing 7,700 requests by telephone, smart phone applications, online self-service, text messaging and Twitter. DoITT is continually expanding how its customers

can interact with 3-1-1 through innovative

technology. The latest additions include an

interactive frequently asked questions, a trial

program for online chat and predictive answers,

expanded mobile capability and great social media

7 | interaction.

Our CITIServe program, the city's IT infrastructure consolidation effort, will centralize more than 40 data centers when complete. CITIServe provides unified data center operations, business continuity and other shared services. To date, DoITT has migrated 27 agencies to the CITIServe environment and centralized email systems for 53 agencies accounting for more than 66,000 email accounts.

CityNet, the city's institutional fiber network, provides voice and data services to city employees and hundreds of municipal facilities.

All 27 locations have been upgraded, increasing the network's bandwidth, capability and resiliency to ensure rapid data transmission internally and externally.

Citywide Voice over Internet Protocol, also known as VoIP, is a more resilient telephony

solution and allows the city to maintain a network uptime of 99.9 percent for Fiscal 2013. In 2012 through 2013, in the wake of Hurricane Sandy, DoITT expedited the migration of approximately 5,000 city telephones to VoIP. In Fiscal 2014, DoITT will continue transitioning agencies from the traditional phone system to VoIP to realize the functional and financial benefits of the new technology. In total, DoITT provides voice services for more than 108,000 desk telephones and mobile devices.

New York City Open Data, a major piece of the city's open government effort, is enabling greater innovation, engagement, efficiency and transparency. Local Law 11 of 2012, the most progressive open data law in the country, mandates that all qualifying city managed data be made available to the public to a single web portal at NYC.gov/data by 2018. There are now more than 1,100 unique datasets on the portal, offering powerful insights into government operations. The next milestone comes in July 2014, when DoITT and the Mayor's Office of Data Analytics provides the annual updates to the New York City Open Data Plan,

2 detailing the city's progress in opening public

3 data since the previous report.

NYC Connected Communities, a variety of interrelated technology initiatives, increases public access to and adoption of broadband in underserved communities. Over the last three years, New Yorkers have participated in more than three million sessions of NYC Connected Communities programming from accessing computers, printers and internet services via NYCHA's traveling digital band to computer classes available in over 100 public computer centers, these initiatives are narrowing the digital divide across all five boroughs. Funding was added to DoITT's Fiscal 2015 budget to sustain this program moving forward and DoITT is working with partner agencies to continue providing critical broadband technology access.

These programs are in addition to the public technology benefits the city has ensured by working with cable franchise providers.

Cablevision has provided free, commercial-grade internet service to all 77 public libraries in its service area in Brooklyn and the Bronx, and Time

Warner Cable has launched 12 internet ready public

committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 100 computer centers in partnership with local not-for-profit organizations, with 28 more to come by 2020.

Public WiFi is now available in more than 60 parks and public spaces across the five boroughs, with hot spots in Coney Island and Far Rockaway Beach boardwalks to launch by summer 2014. And in Harlem, DoITT and partners are building the country's largest continuous free outdoor WiFi network. This network is currently live from 110th to 120th Streets between Frederick Douglass Boulevard and Madison Avenue. When fully built out, the network will extend to 138th Street, offering seamless coverage to 95 city blocks and 80,000 local residents, 13,000 of whom live in public housing. Over the last month, more than 9,000 people used the wireless network.

Through these initiatives, driven by our dedicated employees, DoITT is modernizing government technology platforms, initiating new processes that enable a more efficient and effective government and setting the groundwork for more innovation in 2015 and beyond.

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COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                Thank you again for the time this
3
     afternoon. We will be pleased to answer your
     questions.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you.
     Chair Vacca.
6
                CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Thank you.
8
    you for your testimony. Thank you, Chair
     Greenfield. I want to go into the 9-1-1 system and
9
10
     the 3-1-1 system. I wanted to talk to you about
11
     issues. How many operators are there at 3-1-1?
12
                COMMISSIONER HINES: There are 205
13
    budgeted positions for call takers at 3-1-1.
14
                CHAIRPERSON VACCA: How many?
     sorry?
15
                COMMISSIONER HINES: 205.
16
17
                CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Okay, my
     understanding was that last year the administration
18
19
     cut 100 positions as part of a PEG cut program to
20
     eliminate the gap cut. Is that true? How does the
21
     205 number compare to what we had in the past year
22
     or two? Was there a PEG cut of that magnitude?
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Since 2010, there
23
24
    have been about 100 cuts. In the last PEG program
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a year ago there was four and I believe two or

101

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 102 three of those were on the administration side back 3 office, not one was in the call center. CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So... 4 COMMISSIONER HINES: [interposing] And 5 6 so... CHAIRPERSON VACCA: We have lost 100 7 8 people over the past three years. 9 COMMISSIONER HINES: Correct. 10 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So we originally had 300 callers and now we have 200, so my question 11 12 to you is with a one-third reduction in those answering 3-1-1 calls, how has that affected the 13 14 operation of 3-1-1? 15 COMMISSIONER HINES: And actually we're doing great in 3-1-1. Hold on one second. While 16 17 staffing may have gone down, the actual average wait time has gone down as well. Last year, the 18 19 average wait time for an operator was 47 seconds and this year, in Fiscal 2014 through the end of 20 21 February, the same period, it was 23 seconds. 22 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So you're saying that even with a cut of that magnitude your agency 23

24

has kept up that response.

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 103 COMMISSIONER HINES: We have. 3 [background voices] CHAIRPERSON VACCA: How was that... 4 5 what was the... [crosstalk] 6 7 COMMISSIONER HINES: Yeah, most of the 8 cuts were vacant positions. They were budgeted lines that were not filled. Also, what happens 9 with 3-1-1 operation like if you've called during 10 any of these snowstorms, a lot of the calls that 11 12 are coming in are handled by... it's people calling 13 to find out are schools open or closed, mass 14 transit information and alternate side parking and those are handled quickly through the IBR so 15 they're out of the queue, so we've been able to 16 17 manage the calls that where people do want to speak to an operator, they're getting to operators in 23 18 19 seconds on average. 20 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: By the time you... 21 how long does it take average to register a 3-1-1 22 complaint? 23 COMMISSIONER HINES: I'm sorry, could

24

25

you repeat that?

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 104
2	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: How long does it
3	take on average to actually register a 3-1-1
4	complaint from the moment you get on the phone to
5	the moment you get off?
6	COMMISSIONER HINES: That I would have
7	to get back to you on that, that number. I'd have
8	to speak with the director of 3-1-1.
9	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Okay and what
10	[crosstalk]
11	COMMISSIONER HINES: It has taken up
12	from when you get when you're in the queue
13	[crosstalk]
14	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: How long
15	[crosstalk]
16	COMMISSIONER HINES: Waiting for
17	someone to actually
18	[crosstalk]
19	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: When you get a
20	voice to when you get off?
21	COMMISSIONER HINES: 'Til you complete
22	a service request?
23	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Yes.
24	[crosstalk]

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 105
2	COMMISSIONER HINES: Is it
3	[background voices]
4	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: I wanted to go into
5	also PSAC I and PSAC II and 9-1-1. Now, are you
6	aware of an audit that was done by former
7	Comptroller Liu relative to the city's effort to
8	upgrade 9-1-1 and the fact that he maintains that
9	we were owed a \$163 million refund based on charges
10	deluding in the project and related issues?
11	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Hold one
12	second.
13	[Pause]
14	COMMISSIONER HINES: We certainly are
15	aware of the audit report. I don't remember the
16	exact numbers.
17	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Where
18	COMMISSIONER HINES: [interposing]
19	They're heavy in that order of magnitude.
20	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Now, was the
21	Comptroller correct that we are owed \$163 million
22	and if
23	[crosstalk]
24	COMMISSIONER HINES: No.

[crosstalk]

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 106 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So... alright, were 3 we owed anything at all? COMMISSIONER HINES: 4 5 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Alright, how much 6 were we owed and have we retrieved the money? CHARLES FRASER: We are in negotiations 7 8 with HP and unfortunately, because we're in negotiations I'm reluctant to discuss to anymore of 9 10 it in public. I'd be glad to discuss it in 11 private. We will recover the money that we believe 12 is due. 13 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: When will that 14 money be... when do you expect those negotiations to be completed? Is that money... I gather that 15 that money is not yet reflected in your agency's 16 17 budget anticipated revenue. CHARLES FRASER: It won't be reflected 18 19 in our budget in any event. The money would go to the General Fund, but aside from that, the Law 20 21 Department is handling the negotiations for us. 22 can tell you that I've been told there's an agreement in principle and it's a matter of 23 24 drafting the agreement and beyond that I can't

really say when that will be done.

CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Relative to the PSAC II emergency back-up center being built in the Bronx; in fact, in my district, we are building a PSAC II building and there have been allegations of cost overruns there. Now, my recollection originally was that the building was going to cost \$800 million when it went through the Uniform Land Use Review Procedure. I'm now understanding we're looking at more like \$1.2 billion. Now, are these overruns... can we expect that number to increase even further and what is the timetable for the completion of PSAC II?

OCEC, who is running the ECTP and 9-1-1 Program reports directly into City Hall. Administratively, they're on a budget, so we provide them legal support, administrative support with contract help and the hiring process for their employees, but with regards to schedule, budget and their operations, City Hall or the director of OCEC usually handles those questions. We could bring those questions back to them and provide it back to you in a formal response.

2 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: The money for PSAC 3 II though is parked in your agency's budget.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON VACCA: That's what I understand. Where is that money; under what agency because we, in the council, do not have oversight responsibility over the Mayor's Office of Operations.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: [interposing] Understood.

CHAIRPERSON VACCA: This is my understanding. This is the Mayor's Office of Operations and we don't have oversight, yet this has to be more transparent than it is now.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: What I would say is this: the budget for ECTP has been in parked into its budget. We can talk to the numbers of the budget in terms of the programmatic stuff; that's what we're really deferring. Now, in terms of the budget, it remains at \$2 billion. It's \$2.031 billion. That's been the case for several years now. It has not changed. We're not aware of any overruns, at least this hasn't come to my

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 109 budget shop at this point and you know, we're on 3 target as far as the spending is concerned. CHAIRPERSON VACCA: How much was it 4 5 originally? I think... and is that \$2 billion inclusive of PSAC II and modernization to PSAC I? 6 ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: inclusive of PSAC II as well as the original build 8 of PSAC I. As far as modernization is concerned, 9 that is not inclusive. 10 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So what was the 11 12 original cost? 13 ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: The 14 original? Well, I don't have the original, original number. This has been the number now for 15 at least five or six years, so it hasn't changed in 16 17 several years. 18 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: When do you 19 anticipate PSAC II will be finished and when do you anticipate the modernizations to PSAC I will be 20 21 completed? What are your timetables and have there 22 been delays that we should be aware of? ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: 23 As far 24 as we are concerned, it's going to be completed by

November of 2015.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 110
2	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So that's
3	[crosstalk]
4	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER:
5	November 2015.
6	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: November 2015.
7	[crosstalk]
8	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: So call
9	takers will be taking calls at the end of December
LO	2015.
l1	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: They will be taking
L2	calls at the new center.
L3	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: That's
L4	correct.
L5	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: At the back-up
L6	center.
L7	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: At the
L8	new at the Bronx location, PSAC II.
L9	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Okay, regarding
20	overbilling with Verizon and ECTP
21	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: That
22	wasn't overbilling. Let's just clarify that.
23	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Okay, talk to me
	about that Cost overwing; what was the Marigan

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 111
2	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER:
3	[interposing] Well, what happened was this:
4	because there was a delay in the implementation
5	well, there was a delay of the rollout of the
6	Verizon software. That caused delays to the
7	overall program, which caused the city to incur
8	costs that wouldn't otherwise have incurred.
9	Therefore, we negotiated with Verizon to recoup
10	some of those costs. That was the \$50 million. It
11	had nothing to do with overbilling.
12	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: That money has been
13	recouped?
14	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: That's
15	correct.
16	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: And that money is
17	in your budget this year.
18	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: That
19	money is in the General Fund as of December 2013.
20	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Okay, thank
21	you, Mr. Chair.
22	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you.
23	I'm going to ask a couple of questions and then I'm
24	going to turn it over to some members. We're going
25	to start first with Council Member Kallos then

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 112

Council Member Rosenthal. Just wanted to focus specifically on the public payphones, which I believe fall under your purview. I believe they're a source of revenue. I know that there was a concept or I guess some sort of contest on what to do with public payphones. Whatever happened with that? Is there a plan on what it is that you are going to currently do with those payphones and will that impact the revenue on those phones 'cause I understand they're fairly profitable; I guess the ads that are running on the sides of those payphones.

2.

COMMISSIONER HINES: So we had a multipronged approach over the last few years as far as with getting input into what, for all intents and purposes, the payphone of the future would look like, one being what you're referring to, the Reinvent Payphone Challenge that we had. Based on the designs and functionality that were presented, we took that into account in drafting an RFP. The RFP, we're still having internal discussions with other partner agencies on it and it hasn't been released yet, but the feedback that we received where relevant we have included it into the draft

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 113
2 RFP that we would be releasing. With regards to
3 specific functionality or potential revenue impact,
4 I'm going to pass it over to Charles Fraser. Our
5 franchise administration falls in the General
6 Counsel's office.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So you don't have a plan yet on what to do with those payphones. It's still...

CHARLES FRASER: Well, no, we have a plan. What we are doing, the Department of City Planning must certify a Land Use before we can issue the RFP. We were in discussions with them in the last administration. We just didn't conclude them by the time the administration ran out. We are looking forward to resuming those discussions very soon when the new City Planning director comes in, so...

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [interposing]
They will be here next. You can chat with him if
you'd like.

CHARLES FRASER: Okay. You also asked about revenue. We are hoping that revenue will at least...

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, well, I imagine Land Use will have a look at that when you work your way through the process. I wanted to ask you a question regarding Local Law 103, which, as

advertising is worth quite a bit more from an

advertiser's point of view.

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you know, has recently gone into effect, which requires the broadcast of all public meetings in the city of New York. Is that something that your agency is handling and how is that working out so

6 far? I think we're in day six of the requirement.

COMMISSIONER HINES: So we are actually working with City Hall on that in the context of some agencies who were looking for directions since it hasn't been assigned to a single agency to implement centrally for all covered agencies; covered meetings. We actually did provide some questions and answers that agencies were coming to us with for what type of technologies they may use, but we're not centrally coordinating that for the city. I believe someone from the Mayor's Office should have...

[crosstalk]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: But wouldn't you be sort a natural home for that? I mean I think if it's in discussion that there really is no centralization. Wouldn't it sort of make sense for that to be something that DoITT takes on?

COMMISSIONER HINES: I...

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I mean you

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said you were the chief technology guru I think in

DoITT it proper doesn't do broadcasting; like video

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your opening remarks, right?

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COMMISSIONER HINES: And we are, but

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broadcasting, so we're trying to make a

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determination what part and agency like at the

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Mayor's Office of Media and Entertainment, who

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knows more about broadcasting, what role they may

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play and what support DoITT would have to do on our

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side as far as you know, with the actual web since

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we have NYC.gov.

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wondering about CITIServe. How is that working

COMMISSIONER HINES: So CITIServe is

Okay, I'm

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out; have we seen any cost savings over there?

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD:

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What are the details on that?

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19 going well. We are nearly complete. We actually,

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which I was saying in my testimony, 53 agency email

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migrations have been completed. We have two

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agencies that are in progress and should be done

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within the next couple of months. With regarding

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to data center consolidations, 27 agencies have

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been migrated and two are in progress. We will be

committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 117 finishing up this fiscal year with the build out and the migration of existing agency data centers that were in...

[crosstalk]

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And are we seeing a specific cost saving from that?

COMMISSIONER HINES: So there's two benefits that the city is achieving on a financial basis. There's both cost savings and cost avoidance. We've had agencies who would have had to build out their existing infrastructure even further, which they did not. [off mic] I mean is that number public? Let's see. One agency alone needed additional data center space not too long ago and would have had to spend approximately \$20 million so that's you know, like a cost avoidance that they didn't have to spend. Based on the cost model effort, the city is decreasing the average number of servers and storage, which is just translating to 70 percent and a 50 percent decrease in future capital and expense costs for the consolidated environment.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: A final question before I pass it over to some of my

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
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     colleagues. I noticed that there is a request for
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     increasing the staffing at the Data Analytic
     Center.
              I believe those are 11 new positions.
 4
     What exactly do these people do? It wasn't very
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6
     clear to us from the briefings.
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Okay, so they...
8
     so it's a group of analysts, some technical folks
     that look at data and they... well, let me see what
9
10
     I have in here. Hold on. Just to let you know,
     it's not an increase. The staffing that you see in
11
12
     our budget were previously grant funded positions,
13
     so that it's the same number of staff. It's just a
14
     different funding source that's being used for it.
     The grant had ended that originally funded that.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So you're
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    using city funding is what you're saying, right?
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     So...
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                COMMISSIONER HINES: Right, yes.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: From my
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    vantage point that would be an increase in budget
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     at the very least so...
                COMMISSIONER HINES: [interposing]
23
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Okay.

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CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: What are these folks doing? COMMISSIONER HINES: So they improve

city services through improved data analysis, so they are looking at data across city agencies to help agencies operate more efficiently, such as if we're going out to do an inspection... if the Fire Department was going out to do an inspection, they are making the properties that would be inspected a more educated guess at which properties are the ones that we should be paying attention to as opposed to sending out people to inspect buildings and properties and just seeing if there's any issues there. So based on the data from the different agencies that are involved in the inspections, they actually are having more targeted...

[crosstalk]

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Is this done by request of the agencies? Do the agencies reach out to you and say please crunch these numbers for Is that how it's done or do you just sort of sweep through the data on your own and just send them what you have?

to get back to you on; exactly how they operate.

Just to let you know also, the Mayor's Office of

Data Analytics, which these positions are, again,

because we do support their technology, they're on

our budget, but from an operational perspective

it's gets coordinated out of City Hall since it is

an interagency initiative.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Yes, yes, we love all these projects that you guys have running out of City Hall that you're hiding over there, these massive projects like 3-1-1 and 9-1-1 and PSAC. But I do want to recognize that we've been joined by Council Member Matteo and Council Member Rosenthal, and Council Member Kallos has the floor and we'll keep our tradition of our five minute clock.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Good afternoon,

I'm Council Member Ben Kallos, at @BenKallos on

Twitter, so we have five minutes for more than five questions, so brevity is the soul of wit. First question is in the Microsoft ELA we're paying the Microsoft Corporation \$17.8 million, which is of course, a reduction on previous licenses where we

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE negotiated them individually of agencies. open source developer. There is an alternative to Microsoft products. They are open source. is something called LibreOffice. Can we consider saving our city \$17.8 million to spend on things like our children by switching over from Microsoft to LibreOffice and other open source products? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: of has two points to it, but one of them is there

generally is very large technical implications to moving from one licensed software to another, so we would have to do a major infrastructure study because a lot of our servers are running on SQL and Microsoft products as you know, all the city's desktops and that was historically. Now there's other technologies coming up in that arena, but they do have major technical implications, so we would literally have to do both the technical and a cost study I think to give you an answer on if that could be done, and if so, how long it would take. COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: How much and

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That kind

how long would it take to have the technical study done?

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1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 122
2	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: I don't
3	know. I'd have to ask the technical architects how
4	long it would take.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Okay, thank
6	you, and yeah and just so you know my entire office
7	is running an open source suite. It took 10
8	minutes to install on all of our computers using a
9	Ninite installation. NYC.gov; how much is our
10	current license for that and how
11	[crosstalk]
12	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And Council
13	Member Kallos will volunteer to come in and do that
14	for the entire DoITT as well, in case you're
15	interested. He'll convert you in less than a day.
16	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: You do
17	know that there's over 300,000 employees in this
18	city?
19	COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: God bless.
20	[laughter] NYC.gov; how much does that cost and can
21	we use Drupal, which is a free open source
22	alternative instead?
23	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Do you
24	have cost frame which would have that licensing?

push for VoIP on our VoIP network is now... we're

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in the middle of upgrading. Right after Sandy we upgraded 5,000 telephones agencies that had phones down because of Sandy, so we got them back up. We expedited to get them up on our VoIP system, but the VoIP... like DoITT has been on VoIP for years,

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: But...

and our phones were not down at all during Sandy.

COMMISSIONER HINES: And there's other agencies, smaller agencies that were on it, but now it's the push that we're actually getting. [off mic] How many agencies are planned?

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And you can guarantee that in another multi-day blackout all of our city agencies will stay online and reachable by phone over VoIP because they would be over Copper.

COMMISSIONER HINES: Agencies that are on our VoIP system, the VoIP we're confident that it would stay up. Where you... and our CityNet backbone, that stayed up during Sandy as well. Where you run into issues is that if someone is housed in a building where the power is out, that that could prevent someone from having the connectivity, but the actual system you know, both our CityNet and our VoIP stayed up through Sandy

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 125 and we're confident it would in another instance like that. 3 COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: And the next 4 5 question is on the consultants versus in-house. You have quite... I believe it's \$24 million in 6 contracts. How many of those contracts can we 8 bring in to be done by in-house employees in order to save obscene amounts of money? 9 COMMISSIONER HINES: With the 10 11 contracts, we have actually been making... we 12 actually had a pledge to consult to one, ensure 13 that what we hire consultants for are things that 14 are short-term, so project-related work as opposed to support and operations. In the last five years 15 we... 16 17 ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: ſoff mic] The last several years. 18 19 COMMISSIONER HINES: We've converted... ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: [off 20 21 mic] Over 180. [chime] 22 COMMISSIONER HINES: Over 180 consultants to staff positions, so we are 23

constantly looking at that in order to...

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have one last question. I am an open source

developer. What that means is when I create

software or code for a client, that client has the

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 127 freedom to do what they wish with it, which means 3 that they can use it; they can change it; they can modify it and they give to somebody else and 4 5 whatever they do with that they have to share back 6 with me and anybody else that's the pre-software license. Can New York City make sure that any code 8 that we are requesting or requiring be built be given to us under that license so that we have the 9 10 freedom and the ownership over that code? COMMISSIONER HINES: The code that we 11 12 actually have consultants develop for us we do own. 13 That's in every contract. Then it's custom code. 14 It's not open source the way that you would like it, but we do you know, that is where... 15

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ:

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[interposing] We just don't... you know, the underlying proprietary code is not ours, but any modifications and code changes that were admitted with the system are ours, so.

COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: So my suggestion... my request is just that we no longer accept proprietary code and we request that that proprietary code be provided to us so that we can open it, share it and provide it to other agencies,

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 128 other states, other cities and save millions if not 3 billions. COMMISSIONER HINES: I hear you and 4 5 totally understand where you're coming from, but we 6 have to do it on a case-by-case basis depending on what the solution or the technology is that we're 8 looking to build, what our competence level would be in that open source. I would love to have you 9 10 come in and meet with our Deputy Commissioner for 11 Application Development, who spearheads those types 12 of initiatives for us. 13 COUNCIL MEMBER KALLOS: Thank you very 14 much. CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Council Member 15 Rosenthal? 16 COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: 17 Thank you. Thanks, Chairs, for holding this hearing. 18 19 you, Chairman Vacca. Thanks for coming in today. 20 I'm asking you questions as chair of the Contracts 21 Committee. 22 COMMISSIONER HINES: Okay. COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So I'd like 23 to ask about the HHS Accelerator. Is that housed 24

at DoITT and I'm actually new to this, so...

	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 129
2	COMMISSIONER HINES: Okay, I'm smiling
3	because it's again, one of those programs, so
4	HHS
5	[crosstalk]
6	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Ah, I see.
7	[crosstalk]
8	COMMISSIONER HINES: Accelerator is
9	something it actually did start in DoITT as a
10	technology project; it had been on our budget. It
11	transferred over to HRA. It's now an HRA program
12	and it's in their budget. That transferred a few
13	months ago and
14	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: That
15	happened a few months ago.
16	COMMISSIONER HINES: Yeah.
17	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay, 'cause
18	we were watching the contract the budget for the
19	HHS Accelerator and it seemed to be set at one
20	level and then it has gone up because of release
21	one really, it seems to be some phasing. If you
22	could just explain that a little bit more or is it
23	all in HRA's daily roster?
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[crosstalk]

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COMMISSIONER HINES: It's all in HRA.
3
    HHS Connect, which you've probably heard of also
    and HHS Accelerator are both interagency human
4
5
    service projects...
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
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7
     [interposing] Uh-huh.
8
                COMMISSIONER HINES: And they are on
    HRA's budget now.
9
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
10
                                           Can I ask
    why it was moved over there? I mean just 'cause
11
12
    it's sort of a procurement thing?
13
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Yes, it's the
14
    right place for it to be since it's deals with all
    the human service agencies and when HHS Connect
15
    first started as an idea for a multi-agency
16
    technology platform, there wasn't an agency that
17
    would do interagency projects like that, and I'm
18
19
    going back probably eight or ten years I mean when
    Lisa was here, and so it started in office with a
20
21
    couple of people at DoITT and then it proved to be
    the project what it currently is with the
22
    additional functionality that it has and...
23
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
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[interposing] So is it... go ahead, sorry.

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   131
                COMMISSIONER HINES: And just recently,
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     like in oh, in the last administration, the
     decision was made in agreement that the rightful
 4
 5
    home for it would be a human service agency that
 6
     could support it technologically.
 7
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And so the
 8
     staff literally went over.
 9
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Yes, it was a...
10
                 [crosstalk]
11
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay and
12
     we...
13
                 [crosstalk]
14
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Functional
     transfer.
15
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay.
16
17
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Getting the
18
     contract.
19
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Alright, so
     I'll meet with... I'll talk to them at the HRA
20
21
    hearing is what you're saying.
22
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Yes.
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay, got it
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24
     and then could you explain to me in perhaps just
     similarly as in another agency, again, just looking
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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  132
     at the titles in the contracts budget, so I don't
 3
    know if this reflects what really exists, but it's
     called "Systems Integration Serve for End to End
 4
 5
     Procurement Overflow." The vendor's Accenture;
     start date was December 2007; end date was supposed
 6
     to be just this past December and it looks like it
 8
    has a $13 million overrun. Do you know this
 9
    project?
10
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Do you have the
    number set? That's... I referred earlier to the
11
12
     Automated Procurement Tracking project.
13
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay.
14
                COMMISSIONER HINES: That's the system
     that's used by the Mayor's Office of Contracts and
15
     city oversight agencies to move contracts through
16
17
     their approval process.
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
18
19
                COMMISSIONER HINES: The question about
     budget, John?
20
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
21
                                           So it's
    housed at MOCS or with you guys?
22
                COMMISSIONER HINES: It's MOCS.
23
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that... what are you asking?

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   133
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So it's
 3
    housed in MOCS; it not in...
                COMMISSIONER HINES: [interposing]
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 5
     It's... they drive...
                 [crosstalk]
 6
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: So they have
 7
     something to do with it but...
 8
 9
                 [crosstalk]
10
                COMMISSIONER HINES: They drive the
     direction of the functionality that we would have.
11
12
     They're the business owner, so they come up; you
13
     know, we work with them on the requirements.
14
     actual platform itself we do all the application
     support. That's one of the projects where
15
     Accenture built it, Accenture was actually
16
     supporting it and we recently brought in that
17
     support to DoITT staff; to city staff to actually
18
19
     maintain the system.
20
                COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay, so
21
     Accenture doesn't have anything to do with it
22
     anymore. Accenture doesn't have anything to do
     with it anymore; it's all...
23
24
                COMMISSIONER HINES: No, we current...
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no and...

1	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 134
2	[Pause]
3	COMMISSIONER HINES: Accenture is not
4	doing work on it anymore at this point.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Okay and
6	does someone have a route to the \$13 million in
7	cost overruns for that project?
8	COMMISSIONER HINES: [off mic] Do you
9	know?
10	ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: [off
11	mic] No.
12	COMMISSIONER HINES: No, we could get
13	back to you on that.
14	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Would you?
15	COMMISSIONER HINES: Sure.
16	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: I'd be
17	interested in seeing that and then interested in
18	working with anyone on your staff who sort of
19	tracked it as it was being implemented. Thank you.
20	Thank you, Chair Vacca.
21	COMMISSIONER HINES: You're welcome.
22	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: How much money is
23	spent every year on outside consultants and are we
24	trying to look at that to see if you know, these
25	are individuals in the private sector that we're

committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 135 using to assess public programs and there is an expenditure involved, so I'd just like to know how much we spend on consultants and are we looking to rein in those expenditures or do you think they're appropriate at this level?

COMMISSIONER HINES: We definitely are... we are looking to rein in and we are reining in the costs that we spend on consultants. was saying earlier, it makes sense to do that where we have an ongoing operation that we were relying on consultants for support of an application once it goes live. The city has had challenges where we have not staffed up the right skill set before an application goes live and then there's a reliance on the consultant until you get that staff in. What we're currently doing is when we have these new projects that as we set off on them, we at the same time as when we're looking to have someone come in to build the system, we are also looking to actually get the expense funding that's needed to bring the staff in to work hand-in -hand with those consultants so that there could be a good hand-off when the project ends and so support could be

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 136 actually from the beginning be done by city 3 resources. CHAIRPERSON VACCA: What do you now 4 5 spend on consultants and what are you looking to get to relative to a smaller expenditure? 6 ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: mic] Yeah, if we can back to him on the numbers, 8 but you know... 9 10 COMMISSIONER HINES: Right. We'll get back to you on how much 'cause the numbers that we 11 12 would have for contracts would include you know, 13 hardware, software, consultants, so we would have 14 to get that breakdown, but we don't have a target 15 of we're looking to reduce by x percent because... CHAIRPERSON VACCA: [interposing] But I 16 have to tell you, Commissioner, I would think that 17 this information should be easily accessible. 18 19 mean I'm... [crosstalk 20 21 COMMISSIONER HINES: I... 22 [crosstalk] CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Surprised... I'm 23 24 surprised you don't know how much money is being

spent on consultants and what is your target

number. I mean that should be... this is a 101 question really. I mean how much do you spend and where do you want to get to?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: want to... I can explain the nature of the consultant activity. A lot of the larger contracts have historically been fix priced, which is generally preferred, and as the Commissioner said, that is all inclusive, so you get a fixed price. There could be a bunch of consultants on the ground, but the price is not separated out for them and that is in a majority of the bigger contracts where you have most of your consultants. Then there's consultants that we use to supplement programs that we are not ready to support ourselves. That number is generally not too large in our agency. I mean it's under \$2 million generally in a year, but those are the single source consultants. It would be hard to pull out, so the Accentures of the world and the large city projects where you're getting a fixed price do not really have a separate budget for consultants, so that's just a difficulty. So we can get toward the numbers for a lot of the consultants who are

working on... maybe in groups on a time and materials basis and certainly we know the number of consultants that are working at any given time, but they also shift, so from one month to the next you can be at 100 consultants less from April to March. I mean it really... if a chunk of a program is built a lot of consultants can watch. It's a very

CHAIRPERSON VACCA: On average, how many consultants do you have working for your agency? On average last year how many consultants were working during an average month for your agency?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Well, for... well, it's not specific. On contracts that our agency is supporting, which some of them are for projects that are citywide, there was about 500 on average in a month, but these are for contracts again that are supporting citywide programs. Those 500 people are not just all sitting in DoITT, but so.

CHAIRPERSON VACCA: You're not saying that we have 500 consultants working for the city

dynamic number.

Τ.	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 139
2	of New York assessing various programs. You're
3	saying
4	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ:
5	[interposing] That are under DoITT's contracts.
6	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Under DoITT's
7	contracts.
8	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Right, but
9	DoITT's contracts can be used by multiple city
10	agencies some of them.
11	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Okay.
12	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: So they're
13	not necessarily working at the Department of
14	Technology. Some number of them are.
15	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: But my
16	understanding is that we use contracts in this city
17	when we think they are going to result in cost
18	savings to us or when they possess a special
19	expertise that perhaps we don't have in city
20	government.
21	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Yes.
22	CHAIRPERSON VACCA: So ideally, we
23	should be looking to employ people that have the
24	expertise and we should be looking to do so at a

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 140 cost savings to the city rather than contracting 3 out. Are we doing that? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: And I 4 5 think the procurement system was a great example of 6 that where we actually supplemented the entire Accenture staff, which, an hourly rate is 8 relatively high for a staff with that experience and we've supplemented them all with city staff 9 10 now. It is fully city staffed and it's a very 11 large system. It's a proprietary system and we've 12 managed to train and attract city staff to run 13 that, so we've completely taken over the support to 14 that system now. 15

CHAIRPERSON VACCA: One last question, which may be the subject of another hearing, but with all the consultants that we use in this city that you are an overseeing agency for, I want to talk to you further about the evaluative process you use...

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ:

[interposing] Yeah.

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CHAIRPERSON VACCA: To evaluate effectiveness; efficiency; performance; ethical conduct. I mean I'm thinking of a whole range of

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 141 performance metrics that have to be assessed and 3 I'm interested in knowing that to see if we should be looking to review that, that rubric as we go 4 5 forward. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: We've 6 7 gotten progressively better at that. 8 instituted a vendor management program at DoITT a few years ago and we do our own performance 9 10 evaluations. We also participate in the city's 11 VENDEX process, which is there purposely to assess 12 the performance also, but we're doing a lot of 13 interesting things in-house too. 14 CHAIRPERSON VACCA: Thank you. Council Member Dickens. 15 COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: 16 Thank you, thank you, Mr. Chair. The first thing... one 17 question. Thank you for coming for the testimony 18 and staying so long. You know, I know we're behind 19 20 schedule and we got started late. What percentage and the dollar amount of DoITT's 115 contracts will 21 be issued to MWBEs? 22 COMMISSIONER HINES: 23 Right.

Procurement falls under Annette Heintz.

actually going to have her answer that.

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                   142
                DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Yeah,
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     we...
                 [crosstalk]
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                COMMISSIONER HINES: We...
                 [crosstalk]
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 7
                DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: I mean we
 8
    have...
 9
                 [crosstalk
10
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Have 115...
                DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ:
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12
     [interposing] Yeah.
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                COMMISSIONER HINES: Number of
14
     contracts. That is not correct though.
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                DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Right.
     [background voice]
16
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Yeah.
17
                DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: The 115 is
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     not... it's a number that sits in the city's budget
     system at one time and it doesn't really reflect
20
     ongoing contracts, but with that said, we had a 30
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22
    percent goal for the first quarter. We only have
     the numbers for the first quarter of the fiscal
23
    year. We have a 30 percent goal for Goods and
24
     Standard Services for minority and women-owned
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1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 143
2	businesses and we are currently at 38 percent.
3	Just so that we can put some things in perspective,
4	DoITT's running about fifth out of the 19th largest
5	agencies and also we're right now above the general
6	city average for what we've issued so far, and I
7	think that's somewhere in the range of 60 contracts
8	would be included for that percentage to be
9	represented.
10	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Do you know
11	the dollar amount that that equates to?
12	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: The dollar
13	amount?
14	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Yeah, that the
15	contracts the percentage.
16	[crosstalk]
17	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: It's under
18	a quarter of a million.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Mm-hml. Under
20	a quarter of a million.
21	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Yeah, that
22	was just the first quarter. These are a lot of
23	[crosstalk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Oh, of the
25	first quarter, okay.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 144
2	[crosstalk]
3	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: The Goods
4	and Services contracts, yeah.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: And of those
6	60 contracts with 38 percent, which I you know,
7	commend you for, how many are MBEs versus MWBEs?
8	What is the breakdown? In other words, usually we
9	get a report card from the city agencies
LO	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ:
l1	[interposing] Mm-hm.
L2	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Which gives us
L3	a thorough breakdown that you're aware of, which
L4	breaks down MWBE into M, W and B.
L5	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Right.
L6	Yeah and it's done through another agency's data
L7	and I don't have it with me. I know they do post
L8	it, but I don't have it. They break it down into
L9	columns by the type of minority-owned business
20	and
21	[crosstalk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Can you get
23	that information
24	[crosstalk]

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HEINTZ: Yes.

2 [crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: To us, please?

I would appreciate... or to Chair Vacca. Would you get that information, please, that breakdown?

Thank you so much.

expecting these numbers to go up. The recent changes to the law as far as what contracts are covered; what criteria they should meet would allow more about contracts... would require more about contracts to fall into the category of being covered under MWBE, so we'll see that dollar value going up.

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Well, I do congratulate you in achieving and exceeding your goal because frequently the city agencies don't reach the goal and the goal is just what it is, a goal. So I congratulate you for that and commend for that; however, I do you know, want to see the breakdown because MWBE and MBE is two different things and I mean very...

[crosstalk]

COMMISSIONER HINES: Right and this is very important to us. I mean we're actually very

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COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                             146
proud that out of 19 agencies that participate in
the program, we're fifth as far as with meeting or
achieving our goals. Additionally, we actually
have new contracts that we will be entering into
this upcoming year where we actually have
structured it differently to two sets of systems
integration contracts so that we could have both
smaller vendors and larger vendors so that we could
get more you know, new blood into the city's
contracting with MWBE vendors and other smaller
boutique firms that may have actually not cut it
against some of the larger vendors.
           COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS:
           COMMISSIONER HINES: And so we
definitely... there will be a lot more coming in.
           COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS:
                                     I appreciate
that, Mr. Hines. Also, on the... I want to ask
about the public WiFi in the parks, particularly in
Marcus Garvey Park. It's currently I believe
operating through the amphitheatre. Is that
correct? Am I correct in that?
           COMMISSIONER HINES: I am not sure...
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[crosstalk]

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Well, I'm
 3
     looking at your...
                [crosstalk]
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 5
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Whether it's going
 6
     to that park or not.
                 [crosstalk]
                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Testimony,
 8
     that's... that's... or where it's in...
 9
10
                 [crosstalk]
                COMMISSIONER HINES: I'm not sure what
11
12
    part of the park it's in. I know it is in that
13
    park.
14
                 [crosstalk]
15
                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: But currently
     it's at the Marcus Garvey Park.
16
                COMMISSIONER HINES: Correct.
17
                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: And we have a
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     watchtower, which is the highest point, probably in
    Northern Manhattan or one of the highest points,
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     and we, the City Council, as well as the former
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22
     Manhattan borough president put in the funds
     necessary in order to refurbish and rebuild the
23
     fire watchtower, which historically had been a
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communications hub, and today it would be a WiFi.

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 148 I want to know is there any consideration and what 3 would be the cost, if you know, in order to utilize the fire watchtower, which would extend the reach 4 5 because it sits much higher than the amphitheatre 6 does, that's number one. And number two, at City College during the Sandy Storm, City College had the only radio station that actually was 8 operational in Manhattan and was continuing to be 9 10 used, and as such, it has now received a designation and additional funding. Is there any 11 12 consideration in the utilization, because if you're 13 familiar with City College, it too sits up on a 14 hill, a high hill and so would there be any consideration and if so, cost inherent and if not, 15 could you get back to us with the utilization of 16 the radio station so that it would be able to 17 extend citywide because it was used in Superstorm 18 19 Sandy? 20 COMMISSIONER HINES: That, as far as 21 City College, I mean we don't have jurisdiction over that type of deal. 22 ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: 23 No, the

funding that we have from Time Warner and

Cablevision for the parks WiFi is specific to

24

parks; it has to be parks. I don't happen to know if the fire watchtower is in a park area, but I will pass that on. The Parks Department does the actual site selection...

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: [interposing]

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: [interposing]
Mm-hm.

ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER WINKER: Even though obviously, the franchise agreements are ours, but we talk to them obviously very regularly and I will pass that suggestion on. As to City College, if there's a park within or nearby City College we could certainly look at that, but the college campus itself would not be obviously a park.

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Got it. Oh,
Chair, would you please get that information
because the City College did provide access during
Superstorm Sandy when everything was shut down,
that's part one, and they're very interested in
doing that. In fact, they've gotten some
additional funding just for that, for emergency
use. Then about the fire watchtower, which City
Council has had hearings around the watchtower, if
you remember. [background voices[

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1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 150
2	COMMISSIONER HINES: Sure, we'll
3	look we'll look into
4	[crosstalk]
5	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We're
6	[crosstalk]
7	COMMISSIONER HINES: It and
8	[crosstalk]
9	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We're going to
10	send a detailed
11	[crosstalk]
12	COMMISSIONER HINES: Get it to the
13	appropriate person
14	[crosstalk]
15	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We're going to
16	send a detailed list of questions, Council Member,
17	including that question for follow-up that we don't
18	have time to deal with right now. Thank you very
19	much. I actually do you want to follow-up on the
20	parks question. It's sort of pretty random in
21	terms of which parks have Wi-Fi and which parks
22	don't. Is there a plan to try to bring Wi-Fi to
23	all the parks? What's sort of the status of the
24	expansion as well?

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ahead of our targets as far as with how many parks we thought we'd be able to do. We are not budgeted and the cable franchises aren't required to do every single park, but Charles Fraser can go into a little bit more detail.

CHARLES FRASER: Between the two of them, Time Warner and Cablevision, when we renewed their franchises in 2011, they committed \$10 million to Parks WiFi. At that time, we, and we as in my predecessors, estimated that would outfit 32 parks. We have reached 60 as of last Friday and have a fair way to go. That will not cover all the parks in the city by any means, and the Parks Department is making the selections largely I will say an important factor, aside from geographic disbursement and so on, an important factor is cost. The closer there's a fiber drop to the park, the cheaper it is and of course, one of the things they're looking at is usage of the parks. a lightly used park, they're not going to spend a lot of money out of the \$10 million. If it's a heavily used park, they're more likely to spend the money. So the \$10 million will get us a lot

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 152 farther than we had thought, but it certainly won't 3 get us every park in the city. Now, your broader question, we're always looking for opportunities to 4 5 expand WiFi, and I can tell you we've started meeting with key staff at City Hall to explore not 6 only whatever we already have in the works, but expansion of efforts to move broadband out. 8 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Why not make 9 10 it contingent upon the franchise agreement to 11 expand the WiFi across to all the parks? 12 CHARLES FRASER: As I said, we 13 negotiated this in the 2011 renewals. They don't 14 come up again until 2020 and we will certainly do that, although you have to understand that we 15 can't... this is a negotiation. We can't just say 16 17 you have to do the following things. something you work out an agreement with and 18 everything we ask for, there's something we have to 19 20 give up. That's the way negotiation works, so. 21 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Very familiar with the negotiations, so thank you for that little 22 primer there. Appreciate it. We're going to have 23 24 a final question from Council Member Helen

Rosenthal and then we will send other questions

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 153
2	just due to time. We are limiting the hearing
3	because we have another hearing that is already
4	overdue.
5	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Very quickly
6	then. Thank you for your indulgence. I just want
7	to get back to, and we can talk about it
8	afterwards, but to the HHS Accelerator, do you know
9	how many staff people went over to HRA to work on
10	that?
11	[Pause]
12	COMMISSIONER HINES: We can get back to
13	you. It was under a dozen. Probably
14	[crosstalk]
15	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: About
16	[crosstalk]
17	COMMISSIONER HINES: Under 10 people.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Great.
19	COMMISSIONER HINES: But we could get
20	back to you on that.
21	[crosstalk]
22	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Thank you.
23	[crosstalk]
24	COMMISSIONER HINES: With a more
25	specific number.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: And then similarly, with the center project you seemed to say that there were newly trained staff. There were people who were newly trained to work this new program that then moved over to MOCS or they were trained at MOCS. I didn't see a staff increase when I was looking at...

[crosstalk]

COMMISSIONER HINES: It...

[crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Their scheduled fee.

COMMISSIONER HINES: It was existing positions and some of them were... people were in the lines already on staff doing application support, but they were trained in the technology of the actual application, the software that's being used for ATT, but it wasn't any change in the number of employees. They do that in addition to other applications at the support as well.

COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: The reason I ask is I'm just concerned that we're asking, particularly MOCS to do quite a bit of work, as I've learned more about contracting without giving

	COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 155
2	them additional lines and I'm wondering whether or
3	not we're tying their hands or whether they really
4	can succeed in what we're asking them to do if
5	we're not giving them more staff.
6	COMMISSIONER HINES: Right. The MOCS
7	staff is not in our budget. We're only speak
8	[crosstalk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: I got you.
10	COMMISSIONER HINES: Right. We're only
11	speaking about the application of support staff
12	that supports the application that MOCS uses to
13	approve MOCS and other agencies
14	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
15	[interposing] Right.
16	COMMISSIONER HINES: For the oversights
17	that actually have to approve contracts. MOCS has
18	other systems they use as well.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL:
20	[interposing] Yep.
21	COMMISSIONER HINES: But the APT system
22	is the one that we maintain for them and we
23	[crosstalk]
24	COUNCIL MEMBER ROSENTHAL: Yep.
25	[crosstalk]

Members have specific questions that were not

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 157 addressed here today, if they could please send it 3 to myself or the committee counsel, we will then forward those questions onto DoITT. Thank you. 4 5 [Pause] CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Folks, if 6 7 you're not staying for this hearing, we ask that 8 you please take your conversations outside so that we can start the next portion of our hearing. 9 10 Thank you very much. 11 [Pause] 12 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you. In 13 the interest of time, when I made my opening 14 remarks... [pause in tape] right to you, Mr. Chair. CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Thank you very 15 much, Mr. Chairman. Good afternoon, Chairman 16

much, Mr. Chairman. Good afternoon, Chairman
Greenfield and subcommittee Chairs Weprin and
Dickens and distinguished members of the committee.
I thank you for the opportunity to be here today
and to discuss the Department of City Planning's
Preliminary Fiscal Year 2015 Budget.

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I am excited to rejoin the Department of City Planning after an almost 30-year hiatus and to be taking the helm at a time of both incredible challenge, but also tremendous opportunities to use

the tools of government to achieve a new,

progressive vision for this city. City Planning

has always been at the crossroads of growth and

change and it must be a major driver in

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE

transforming the goals of this administration into reality. While this is literally my fourth day at

8 City Planning, let me discuss briefly what I see as

9 our priorities going forward.

To address the crisis in inequality in the city, the administration has set an ambitious agenda, which at City Planning we will be fully dedicated to achieving. First and foremost, to address affordability, all of us in the city must work together to create and preserve affordable housing, 200,000 units over the next 10 years. We are actively engaged under the direction of Deputy Mayor Alicia Glen in developing a plan to achieve this ambitious goal, and as the Mayor announced in his State of the City, we will be reporting back in May to discuss the specifics of the plan.

Second, we have to develop strong,
mixed use communities that support New Yorkers with
a broad range of incomes; neighborhoods that
provide not only housing, but also jobs, schools,

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 159 grocery stores and access to public transit that make a neighborhood sustainable and livable. City Planning will be working with our partners in government to make sure that we are planning from the ground up and investing in neighborhoods that are sustainable for the long-term. I am a strong believer in working with and in neighborhoods. entire professional life, be it in Times Square, Lower Manhattan, Hudson Square, have been spent doing exactly that. And speaking of sustainability, we all know that neighborhoods affected by Hurricane Sandy have the doubly challenging task of rebuilding and addressing the long-term challenges of climate change and sea level rise.

And finally, we need to do a better job in making sure that the machinery of government is working for us faster, better and focused on results. The department has begun, as I think you know, through its Blueprint initiative to reduce the bureaucracy associated with moving through the ULURP process and we will continue to invest in upgrading the process, including a new technology

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committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 160 that allows for online filing and more transparent review tracking.

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Let me turn briefly to the budget. The department began FY '14 with an Expense budget appropriation of \$21 million, which consists of 35 percent or \$7.3 million in city tax levy funds and 65 percent or \$13.5 million in federal and other funds. Of this, \$18.1 million, 87 percent, is allocated for Personnel Services and supports a budgeted head count of 234 full-time staff and 12 members of the City Planning Commission. For the full-time staff, 60 are tax levy funded and 174 are funded by federal and other grants. The balance of \$2.7 million or 13 percent is allocated to OTPS.

Since adoption, the department has undergone two modest financial plan changes pursuant to direction from OMB. First, as in the past, due to staggered federal, city and state budget cycles, the FY '14 Budget at adoption reflects only a portion of the anticipated total federal and state grant funding for the fiscal year. As part of the November Financial Plan, the department's federal and state grants budget was updated to include \$1.2 million in funding along

with seven positions, bringing the agency full-time head count to 241. Second, the January Plan also includes an additional \$198,000 in technical adjustments related to Brooklyn office rent and certain fringe adjustments.

The department's FY '15 Preliminary

Budget calls for total allocation of \$20.3 million.

Compared to the FY '14 adopted Budget, the '15

Budget is reduced by \$571,000 and the budgeted

staff is reduced from 234 to 231. These changes

reflect the net reduction of \$211,000 that

represented the three positions funded on a

temporary basis and a net reduction of \$359,000 in

Blueprint Training funds. The department has a

revenue target of \$2.6 million for FY '14. The

combined ULURP and CEQR fee portion of the revenue

target is \$2.5 million and to date, we've collected

\$2.1 million in ULURP and CEQR fee revenues.

In my review of these existing and prior budgets, I am quite concerned about the sharp reductions in funding and staffing experienced by the department over the several years. Since FY '08, the department has lost 68 staff, and together with OTPS reductions the department's budget has

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 162 declined by approximately 30 percent. All areas of the department have experienced significant reductions, including the loss of 21 staff in the borough offices and 18 staff in the functional planning divisions. Technical and support staff throughout the agency have also declined. Moreover, these reductions are exacerbated because the agency has had to increasingly rely on grant funding to support a portion of its staff. result, certain staff cannot be flexibly assigned to work on priority projects and needs because they are dependent on a certain federal or state grant and as a result, certain staff cannot be flexibly assigned on priority projects and up to 11 existing staff risk losing their jobs if we cannot find alternative funding sources.

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The department has dealt with these reductions in part by increasing the use of technology, cross-training to allow for more flexible assignments of staff where possible and significant efficiencies created through the Blueprint process reform effort. The downturn in the economy and related decrease in the quality of private land use applications has also helped

alleviate the impacts of these reductions, but it's a poor way to see reductions alleviated. As the economy has improved, however, and the application workload has increased, the impact of these reductions is becoming more and more evident.

The Mayor has made it clear that he sees the central role for City Planning in addressing inequality in the city from achieving 200,000 affordable homes over the next 10 years to creating good jobs and strengthening neighborhoods, so in the coming weeks I will be taking a careful look at how we are using our resources today, how we can use them more effectively and how we might be able to create and add new resources in order to achieve the agenda laid out by the May

Given the overall constraints on the city's budget, we will have to make some hard choices about where to prioritize our efforts and we will make sure that our resources remain focused on meeting our primary agenda of tackling inequality and affordability throughout the city.

And to achieve that, I look forward to hearing from each of you and leaders across the city about the challenges facing your communities on the ground

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 164 and how we can work together to improve the lives 3 for all New Yorkers. And with that, Mr. Chairman, I am prepared to answer your questions. Let me 4 5 just introduce... I think you already know Richard 6 Barth, the Executive Director of the department; Carolyn Grossman, our head of Intergovernmental Relations and we have other staff here as well; 8 Maureen Brooks and Purnell Lancaster to answer any 9 10 of your questions that I'm not able to answer, 11 simply on the grounds that I might not know yet. 12 So with that... 13 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [interposing] 14 Thank you, Mr. Chair, and I just want to be perfectly clear, because it's day four, we're not 15 16 going to cut you any slack at all. I know... 17 CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: I figured. CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, I'm just 18 19 making sure we got that out there. So actually, we 20 share your concerns about staffing and certainly 21 it's a significant concern and something that needs

to be addressed. I specifically want to focus on

your staffers have retired or moved onto other

the experience of staff. I understand that many of

positions. Are you concerned about replacing them

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committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 165 not just from a fiscal perspective, but also in terms of the experience level that you have had and the fact that many of those folks have since migrated elsewhere?

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Yes, indeed and as you know, as of tomorrow... as I think you know, as of tomorrow, we will be losing one of our most distinguished and experienced staff members, David Karnovsky, the General Counsel of the department, and I look forward to making an announcement very soon about his successor, but certainly I do recognize the need to retain the experience and knowledge that exists in the department, as well as I believe inject the department with some new thinking, new blood and new resources.

Will certainly support your consideration and hopefully your eventual application to hire more staff. I would ask that you keep in mind though, on the flip side that we used to have 34 staffers in the Land Use Committee. We are down to 14, so we're suffering equally. So we certainly need more staffers across the board both in the administration and our side as well.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Yes, exactly, in solidarity. I wondered about the last six months of the Bloomberg Administration. As you know, they effectively emptied the cupboard of projects within City Planning. For lack of a better term, there was a mad rush for them to get their projects certified before the new Commission and new Mayor who'd come into place, so I'm wondering what impacts you think that's going to have on the workload of City Planning and whether you're anticipating a increase or perhaps a

decrease in applications to City Planning.

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Well, I think with... there's certainly a number of projects in the pipeline. There's a number of projects; I'll just mention East Midtown; that was not enacted at the end of the Bloomberg Administration. That is a high priority to take a look at and we have a very, very ambitious new agenda and so I think that the workload of the department is going to increase significantly and there is quite a bit that is currently in the pipeline, not all of which obviously I am yet intimately familiar with.

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that?

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Can you tell
us a little bit more about that significant agenda?

Obviously, as the new Chair or the new Mayor we're
anticipating a significant shift in policy for the
department. Can you elaborate a little bit about

8 CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Well, I think as

over the course of the first two plus months of the

clear and when I was appointed and has been clear

the Mayor has made clear and certainly I've made

12 administration, affordable housing is the number

one priority. I think we have seen... one thing

14 | that I've seen is that the housing crisis literally

15 affects every single neighborhood in the city of

16 New York and it affects those neighborhoods in

17 different ways. It affects different populations,

18 but I'm not aware of a single neighborhood in the

19 city of New York that is not deeply affected by the

20 housing crisis and our need to produce more

21 housing. So that's clearly the number one on our

22 agenda and our goal is... we can't obviously do it

23 exclusively at City Planning, but we are working

24 extremely closely with our sister agencies; HPD,

25 with Deputy Mayor Glen's office, with HDC, with a

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 168 variety of different agencies, so one, the overarching priority is certainly going to be housing. I would say the second thing is that, as I indicated in my prepared remarks, I am personally a big believer in planning from the ground up rather than from the top down, and that often is a lot more challenging. It results in better plans when all community and other interested parties are heard from and have an opportunity to express their views, but it requires... it's more work intensive than simply imposing plans from above. And third, I believe that planning is more than simply Land Use planning. Clearly, that is the department's major function, but planning also includes social planning; it includes health; it includes education; it includes infrastructure and open space and how all of that fits together and how we work with other agencies I think is going to be a very important part of how I go about this. CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. certainly happy to hear that. We've had concerns in the past over the spillover effect that

developments have has, specifically as it relates

to open spaces and education and infrastructure, so

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 169 we're certainly very pleased to hear that the Chair 3 will be taking those items into consideration and what the... 4 5 [crosstalk] 6 CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: And let me just add 7 one thing to that and because I alluded to this 8 also in my remarks. In every... most of my career, except my career in city government, has... 9 10 including some of my career in city government, has been specifically focused on specific neighborhoods 11 12 and for the most part, when I've done that I have 13 moved or made sure that my office was in those 14 neighborhoods. Now, that's just not possible to do 15 from... [crosstalk] 16 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: You're not 17 going to have a road in your office now, are you? 18 19 [crosstalk] CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: But it does mean 20 21 from my perspective that the borough offices become 22 increasingly a focus of activity and a resource to their boroughs and to the neighborhoods they serve. 23 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And 24 25 absolutely. I mean we certainly appreciate that.

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  170
     I think our concern in the past has been that
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     developments have gone up that have not necessarily
     reflected the part... them being part of a
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     neighborhood and certainly with your background and
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     experience we're looking forward to that being
     reflected in your city planning, so thank you.
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                CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Thank you, Mr.
     Chair.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: I want to pass
     it onto Council Member Mark Weprin, to be followed
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     by Council Member Reynoso, to be followed by
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     Council Member Dickens and then Rosenthal.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Thank you, Mr.
     Chair. How are you today? Good to see you.
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                CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Good to see you,
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     Mr. Chair.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN:
                                         Thank you and
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19
     congratulations.
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                CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Thank you.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: I had a couple
22
     of questions. First, the Bloomberg Administration
     and Chair Burden, we're very proud of the fact that
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     they had a huge amount of downzonings throughout
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25
     the city, which had been very popular in a lot of
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committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 171 neighborhoods. Is that something you intend to continue and is that something you have a lot on the docket already for citywide; downzoning?

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Well, as is evident by the charge to create 200,000... or preserve... and/or preserve 200,000 units of housing over the next 10 years, we're really going to be focused on opportunities for where a development can occur. I think there were a number of downzonings over the course of the Bloomberg Administration. I'm certainly not suggesting there won't be others where it's appropriate, but I think the emphasis, as the Mayor has made clear, is where are housing opportunities going to be and that's something that we're just now beginning to look at seriously. So I think that's in terms of the balance, that's where the balance is going to be.

COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Okay, well, I'm sure you've anticipated my second question, which is in order to reach 200,000 units is it your feeling that this can be done in large part due to developers building affordable housing as part of real estate development and inclusionary housing or do you anticipate doing change of zonings from

committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 172 manufacturing districts to residential or possibly commercial districts to residential or those type of things?

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: You know, I think there will be a mix of approaches. Inclusionary zoning in and of itself is not going to produce 200,000 units of housing, and upzonings in and of themselves are not going to produce 200,000 units of housing. As I said in my prepared remarks, we are part of Deputy Mayor Glen's initiative to come up with a housing approach by May 1st and that's a directive from the Mayor, so we are a part of a much, much broader effort. That said, I will say one thing about whether it's upzonings or rezonings or inclusionary housing that we do see when we, through governmental action, are creating significant value for private property owners and we encourage that. We want to see people risk capital and make investments, and we assess that on the basis of whether that from a Land Use from perspective that increase in value makes sense. We also want to make sure that the public shares in that increased value and I think that will be a

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 173 hallmark of how we approach zoning issues going 3 forward. COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Okay, and in 4 5 your first 96 hours on the job, has the subject of Midtown East already been discussed about 6 recertifying Midtown East or has that not quite made it to the first week? 8 9 CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: It's been discussed 10 in my head, Mr. Chairman, but it has not been discussed formally with the staff yet. 11 12 COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: So is that 13 something you anticipate will be fairly soon as far 14 as starting... 15 [crosstalk] CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: I think... 16 17 [crosstalk] COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: To start the 18 19 clock again? CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: When East Midtown 20 21 zoning was not enacted last year, Mayor de Blasio made it clear that it was going to be a high 22 priority and it will be a high priority, so I can't 23 24 give you an exact timetable for it yet, but

certainly it is a very high priority on our agenda.

1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 174
2	COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Alright, I'm
3	going to stop. I know that other people have
4	questions. We do want to wish you all the best and
5	look forward to working with you and we were very
6	happy when you got appointed. Certainly everybody
7	felt like you were a terrific appointment and
8	certainly someone with the knowledge and experience
9	that's needed so
10	[crosstalk]
11	CHAIRMAN WEINBROD: Thank you very
12	much.
13	[crosstalk]
14	COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Thank you and
15	good luck.
16	CHAIRMAN WEINBROD: And I look forward
17	to working with you as well.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Thank you.
19	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,
20	Chair Weprin, and Council Member Reynoso, to be
21	followed by Council Member Dickens.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: I would to
23	defer my time temporarily to Council Member
24	Dickens, and then hopefully I can ask question as

25 | well, so Council Member Dickens.

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Thank you so much, Council Member Reynoso, and good afternoon, Chair Weisbrod. I'm...

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: [interposing] Good afternoon.

COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: I'm very familiar with Richard and Carolyn. I wanted to introduce myself because I chair the Subcommittee on Planning, Dispositions and Concession and obviously, more than any other committee, we will be working closely together in addition to the fact that I've done several rezoning, some of which have been most contentious. And I'm doing this because I was not introduced as the chair of Planning, which did not follow protocol, and I find it somewhat disrespectful that I was not introduced nor got the first question in, so I wanted to introduce myself to you so you would know who I am and I would know who you are so that we are able to continue to work together effectively and respectfully. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: I thought I did recognize you, Chair Dickens as...

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1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 176
2	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: [interposing]
3	You may have recognize me because I am I have
4	been a council member
5	[crosstalk]
6	CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: In fact, you and I
7	have worked
8	[crosstalk]
9	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: For several
10	years.
11	[crosstalk]
12	CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Together in the
13	past, but before
14	[crosstalk]
15	COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Yes, we did.
16	[crosstalk]
17	CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: My city this
18	experience and I did recognize you
19	[crosstalk]
20	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair, we
21	apologize. We didn't realize that you had
22	questions. We will cede the floor to Chair Dickens
23	to be followed by Chair Reynoso.
24	COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you.

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  177
                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Thank you,
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     Chair and thank you, Council Member Reynoso, for
     allowing me some of your time.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Absolutely,
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    not at all.
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                CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: And needless to
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     say, I do look forward to working with you for
     sure, so thank you.
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                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: Thank you so
     much. I just wanted it on the record because that
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     introduction was not made, as was done with any
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     committee where there are subcommittees that have
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    hearings under the full committee, as Chair Vacca
     would do it, so I just wanted to put it on the
15
     record. Thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Chair Dickens,
     do you have any other follow-up questions?
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                COUNCIL MEMBER DICKENS: No follow-up
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     questions, thank you, Chair.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Just so you
    know that we waived our... which is a fair point,
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     but in the interest of time, we actually made the
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    remarks at the initial opening of the hearing, but
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in the interest of time, we waived our opening

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 178
2 remarks, so we certainly apologize for that
3 oversight. It was not intentional.

[crosstalk]

waived mine, that's one and two, because this is such an important committee... Land Use is one of the most important committees. Two, the City Council to the residents of this entire great city and because there's a new chair at City Planning, I thought that it was incumbent upon us and it's a responsibility that the chair would get to know the members that chair the committees that he would be ultimately working with. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you, Chair Dickens. Council Member Reynoso.

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you,

Chair. Well, my name is Antonio Reynoso and I'm

the Council Member of the 34th District, which

encompasses Bushwick and Williamsburg in Brooklyn

and Ridgewood in Queens. I want to introduce

myself first and foremost. I was hoping that this

wouldn't be the first time we meet each other or we

speak on issues that are concerning to our

communities, but I do want to say that in your

testimony, you made statements regarding an attempt to work alongside government and neighborhoods and I really think that I would like for you to expand on how you see that happening moving forward and hoping that we can start building a relationship where we're actually working together.

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CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Well, as I indicated, I believe in my response to an earlier question, I do believe in engaging early on in the planning process; local elected officials local community groups, other constituencies as we plan from the ground up rather than from the top down. I've done that my entire life. I've done that in every neighborhood I've worked in and I fully expect to be doing that here, and one way that I intend to do it is by investing more authority and responsibility in the borough offices because they are really City Planning's roots in neighborhoods and I honestly wish... 'cause that's what I enjoy literally, living in the communities that I'm working in. I can't do that citywide obviously, but that's my basic approach, which is how do we do all of this together rather than the city versus a neighborhood. It should be the city and

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you, and you know, so just recognizing that the city is the administration, the City Council and of course, our neighborhoods.

[crosstalk]

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good.

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Of course.

[crosstalk]

COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Recognizing that I think is extremely important and I hope that your leadership imposes that to a certain degree within the department so that we can make sure that we have a great working relationship and that we look forward to changing the city in a positive way. And also, looking forward to your aggressive moves or aggressive I quess tactics in fighting for affordable housing, but that we also account for infrastructure issues that I think are significant or as important as affordable housing and that we don't just pit one against another and of course, conversations with local communities are extremely important and conversation with elected officials that represent those communities would help make

committee on technology jointly with the committee on Land use 181 sure that that happens, and I guess that's just more of a comment than anything else and hopefully I'll be seeing you soon one-on-one.

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CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: I look forward to it, and let me just... in response to what you just said, I think one of things we've seen in the city a good transformation really of how zoning has changed over the last two or three or more decades is that the old notion of zoning being essentially segregating uses by putting residential here and commercial there and manufacturing there. Unfortunately, due to some extent, this is enabled by the change in how manufacturing works in the modern era, but we're seeing that the healthiest neighborhoods are mixed use neighborhoods and where jobs and housing particularly go closely together and the more that we can create and encourage mixed use neighborhoods with good jobs and good housing in the same neighborhood, the less of a strain to some extent it puts on heavy infrastructure because transportation needs are not as acute, and as I've said elsewhere, there's really no greater perk in life than being able to walk to work. So if we can develop that in our neighborhoods throughout the

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 182
2 city. We've seen it in some neighborhoods and it's
3 been very successful and I hope to see it in more.

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COUNCIL MEMBER REYNOSO: Thank you and I just want to say that sometimes with 80, 27, 70, 30 or whatever model it is that we push for affordable housing, you know, it encourages or actually puts fuel to the fire I like to say to the displacement that is happening in some of these neighborhoods and that we start considering that in part of the city planning that we're doing. Thank you and thank you, Chair, for the time.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you,

Council Member. Chair Weprin will have a follow-up

question.

COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: I just was
curious about this past week I read in the paper
that there was a negotiation between the
administration and Two Trees on Domino Sugar and
that there was an agreement reached, so I was just
curious, were members of the City Planning staff
involved in those negotiations or was that done
just at the Deputy Mayor level?

CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: No, we were very, very actively involved. I should say you know,

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 183 Domino is obviously not unique, but it's unusual in many respects because it was a project that entered the ULURP Land Use Review Process in the former administration. It had been certified in the former administration, but throughout that process, and even before I arrived at City Planning I had reviewed the record and discussed it very closely with our Planning staff that was involved in it and has been involved in it since the outset and we heard pretty consistently from the local community board, from the borough president's office and from the City Planning Commission's own members; from City Planning Commission members the importance of getting more affordable housing given the tremendous value that the city was providing to the developer. And so that became an important goal It was always an important goal for the department. It was always an important goal for the commission, and we were actively involved in discussions with Two Trees, as well as with the Deputy Mayor and I'm glad that on at least the affordable housing front the developer was receptive because I think... I believe that this is

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1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 184 a much better plan than the one that the city 3 approved in 2010. COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Where wasn't he 4 5 receptive? 6 CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: I'm sorry? 7 COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: What parts 8 wasn't he receptive? You said affordable housing... 9 10 CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: [interposing] No, I 11 said I'm glad he was receptive on the major issue 12 that we approached him on, which was affordable 13 housing. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER WEPRIN: Okay, alright, 15 thank you. CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Thank you. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you very We actually have several concurrent 18 19 hearings. We're running back and forth and so some of the folks couldn't be here and we also have a 20 21 Democratic Caucus. What we're going to do is we're 22 going to send the Chair any other follow-up questions, and we ask that you respond to that in 23 24 an expedited manner. We want to thank you for your

testimony and we want to wish you the best of

1 COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 185 success in your new role. We look forward to 3 seeing you back here in a few weeks, hopefully with more staff and a larger budget. Thank you very 4 5 much. CHAIRMAN WEISBROD: Thank you very 6 7 much, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you, and 8 with that, this concludes the Land Use Committee's 9 Oversight on the budget. I specifically would like 10 11 to thank our three subcommittee chair, Chair Mark 12 Weprin of Zoning and Franchises; Chair Peter Koo of 13 Landmarks, Public Siting and Maritime Uses and 14 Chair Inez Dickens of the Subcommittee on Planning, Dispositions and Concessions. I'd also like to 15 thank the staff; that would be the staff of the 16 Land Use Committee and the Finance Committee, 17 especially Gail, Nathan, Anne, Rob, Rob, Starr, 18 19 Alonso and Danielle for all of the work. I'd like to thank my staff for their work and with that, we 20 21 will conclude this hearing. 22 [gavel] 23 [Pause] CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Are there any 24

members of the public that would still like to

testify? We had some, but we thought they had left, so if you can just step up and identify yourself. What's your name? Great, excellent and is there anyone else here? What was your name, sir? [background voices] Ralph, okay. Well, we had quite a few people and some of them had left, so we just wanted to make sure. Thank you very much. We're going to invite both of you testify and we're going to ask you to please limit your remarks to three minutes apiece. Thank you.

KELLY GLENN: 'Kay, thank you. Thanks for the opportunity to testify. I'm Kelly Glenn from the Community Development Project of the Urban Justice Center. We're a non-profit just around the corner that provides legal, technical and capacity building assistance to community groups and we do a lot of work preserving and defending affordable housing, but what I specifically want to focus on is our work on Community Benefits Agreements around the city and their role on Land Use matters.

So one of our most important endeavors as far as Land Use is concerned is negotiating

Community Benefits Agreements on behalf of

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 187 community groups, and what those are agreements between developers and community members where the developer agrees to give a community certain benefits in exchange for their support for a new proposed development and this is really critical to allowing communities to feel engaged in the Land Use process and in the Land Use decisions, which often they feel confused about or sometimes maybe left out of. So as an example, a couple of recent CBAs, as we call them, that we negotiated are the Kingsbridge Armory in the Bronx, where we helped arrange that the community would benefit from community space, free ice time for local children, living wage jobs to workers, and we negotiated that on behalf of several different community groups in the Northwest Bronx. Another one is 10 Stanton Street on the Lower East Side, where we worked with tenants to preserve their affordable housing for several decades in exchange for them supporting their landlord's development next door.

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So in order to support and to expand this project as a way of using Land Use to benefit all tenants and all new Yorkers, we're proposing a New Speaker initiative called Capacity Building and

Technical Assistance for Non-Profits and Small

Businesses to provide \$250,000 in funding so that

we can continue these projects and expand them

throughout the city.

Each Community Benefits Agreement that we've negotiated has provided living wage jobs, defended affordable housing and really helped promote participation within the community.

So we think that our capacity building services really fill a niche for cooperatives and small businesses that other organizations aren't filling and we thank you for considering our request.

CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Thank you. I appreciate it. I'm just curious, when it comes to the enforceability of these Community Benefit Agreements, it's always a challenge. How do you deal with that challenge, Kelly?

KELLY GLENN: Right. So we are primarily a legal services organization and we use litigation where necessary to enforce those agreements and we will use the press also as a means. We got the Kingsbridge Armory redevelopment

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  189
     and CBA really got a lot of press from The New York
     Times and other sources of media and so...
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [interposing]
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     But not all of it positive.
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                KELLY GLENN: Right, right, but the
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     fact that the agreement is out there and that
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    people know what the community is supposed to be
     getting from it really helps put pressure on the
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     developer to...
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [interposing]
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     But are they...
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                [crosstalk]
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                KELLY GLENN: Do the...
                [crosstalk]
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: But are they
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     technically enforceable I guess is my question.
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                KELLY GLENN: I'm not sure as to the
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     details of the enforceability.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, I don't
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     think they are. I'm just curious and certainly
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     what you're saying is in terms of the public
     information and that certainly does put pressure on
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     the developer, absolutely. Thank you. Ralph
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     Palladino.
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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
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                RALPH PALLADINO: Yes, Ralph Palladino,
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    2nd Vice President of Local 1549, DC 37,
    representing 16,000 city workers in the city of New
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    York including areas like 9-1-1. We represent 200
    members at the 3-1-1 call center where
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    communication call representatives, community
    information representatives, clerical associates,
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    office machine aides, et cetera.
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                In 2009, we had 350 members serving the
    public. Right now, we have 200, as I said before.
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    We lost 150 people, most of them the call
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    representatives. At that time, in 2009, there were
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    about 18.7 million calls. Right now, there's
    approximately 19 million. Currently, in the system
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    there are CUNY students performing civil service
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     jobs. They're part-time. They're not trained.
    They're not civil servants. They're not in any
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    part of a training program that we know of.
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    There's 91 of them who are doing call
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    representative work, and it's not clear the
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    absenteeism control or quality control. We're very
    concerned about that and yet they're taking civil
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    service jobs and professionals' jobs. Our clerical
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titles are civil service. We're fingerprinted;

COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE 191 we're vetted. We have in our contracts training

3 and supervision in our contracts. In a private

contract like that, there is no such thing. 4

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5 The King contract is also a problem.

King Teleservices for \$50 million and on top of 6

that the city maintains their computers and the

8 website on top of that. It is a back-up system

only. There are more call representatives in that 9

10 private back-up system than there are working in

the main system. The callers are shifted to King 11

12 after 45 seconds on hold, and so they're making,

13 like the students, also roughly minimum wage;

14 basically poverty type jobs with no benefits.

Again, there's no quality control that we know of 15

and King can't answer questions that we have about 16

their contract and their service. 17

> Right now, there is about... our members tell us that there's up from a nine to 20minute wait on most of the calls that come into 3-1-1, 20 being the excessive amount. This is a problem, given the fact that so many people have not... those civil servants have not been working there; roughly 150 less than there were. no guarantee by King of proper training and

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
                                                  192
     supervision as well. If the number of civil
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     servants in the primary system where the calls
     first come in were doubled, it would be cheaper
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     than doing the King contract and it would also lead
     to higher quality. So we ask the City Council
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     [chime] to seek funding for additional civil
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     service call representatives and back-up staff.
     This can paid for by seeking to stop the Kings
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     Teleservices contract and also stop the CUNY
     contract as well, and this would actually pay for
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     itself and you'd have money left over. Thank you
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     very much and I want to welcome the new chair to
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     the committee and I look forward to working with
    you in the future. Thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: thank you very
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    much.
            I'm just curious, you know, when DoITT was
     in here, they were saying that the average wait
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     time was somewhere in the range of 30 seconds to
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     get a live operator and you're saying it's...
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                RALPH PALLADINO:
                                   [interposing] Mm-hm.
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                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: A lot longer.
                RALPH PALLADINO: You know, I can't
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    give you the exact average. I'm telling you that
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we're told by the call centers representatives that

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    COMMITTEE ON TECHNOLOGY JOINTLY WITH THE COMMITTEE ON LAND USE
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     it takes anywhere from nine to 20 minutes, and
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     that's not every call, but that's a large part of
     the calls that come in. Anything over 45 seconds
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 5
     goes to King.
 6
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay, I mean
 7
     'cause they...
 8
                [crosstalk]
                RALPH PALLADINO: [crosstalk]
 9
10
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: And were you
    here for DoITT's testimony or no?
11
12
                RALPH PALLADINO: Partially, but I...
13
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [interposing]
14
     Okay.
                RALPH PALLADINO:
                                   I heard about it, but
15
     I partially was here. I read their testimony and I
16
17
     didn't see any numbers in there or time. I thought
     that they said that they were going to get back to
18
19
     you and tell you how long it was my understanding
     is. It probably is... most... I would say more
20
21
     than half probably would be 30 to 45 seconds 'cause
22
     we get most of the calls.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Well, I mean
23
24
     they were giving us an average. I just... so I
25
     just want to clarify, so your concern is... 'cause
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2	their representation to us was when we asked them
3	how they could do more requests was that there were
4	efficiencies and therefore that they were doing
5	well and in fact, that they were actually able to
6	do it at a record speed. So what you're saying is
7	that they replaced your union members with
8	students? Is that the concern?
9	RALPH PALLADINO: No, students have
10	always been there also.
11	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay.
12	RALPH PALLADINO: It's problematic and
13	King has been there for years as well.
14	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Okay.
15	RALPH PALLADINO: What I'm saying is if
16	you had the civil servants up front doing the
17	job
18	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: [interposing]
19	Yeah.
20	RALPH PALLADINO: You would not spend
21	the money you so and you'd have less time. You
22	wouldn't have the people waiting nine
23	[crosstalk]
24	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So really

what you would like then is, Ralph, you want the

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1
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     King money to go to civil servants, so that way we
 3
     can have civil servants doing the job. You don't
     want new...
 4
 5
                 [crosstalk]
 6
                RALPH PALLADINO: Right and...
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Money...
                [crosstalk]
 8
                RALPH PALLADINO: Yes.
 9
10
                [crosstalk]
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: In the
11
12
    pipeline. You'd like to just sort of reallocate
13
     the funding.
14
                RALPH PALLADINO: Right.
15
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Is that
16
     correct?
                RALPH PALLADINO: Well, actually no.
17
     It would cost less to double the staff if you did
18
19
     civil service. It's a DC 37 estimate from
     research. It would cost less than the $50 million
20
21
     plus the city's already maintaining that they're
22
     spending more money doing that. It's not clear.
     Also, King does other services.
23
24
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: So Ralph the
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25

playwright...

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1
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                 [crosstalk]
 3
                RALPH PALLADINO: So if we...
                 [crosstalk]
 4
 5
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We will
     send...
 6
                 [crosstalk]
                RALPH PALLADINO: But the city is...
 8
                 [crosstalk]
 9
10
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: We will
     send...
11
12
                 [crosstalk]
13
                RALPH PALLADINO: This is what the city
14
     is maintaining for what?
15
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Ralph, we have
     a bunch of questions that we're asking of DoITT.
16
     We're going to ask that; add that to our list of
17
     questions for DoITT to specifically explain...
18
19
                RALPH PALLADINO: [interposing] Thank
20
     you.
                CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: The role that
21
    King plays and just sort of break it out for us and
22
     explain to us why they believe it's more cost-
23
     effective and we'll also ask regarding the role of
24
     the CUNY student program...
25
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1	committee on technology jointly with the committee on land use 197
2	[crosstalk]
3	RALPH PALLADINO: Great.
4	[crosstalk]
5	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: As well.
6	RALPH PALLADINO: And if you need to
7	meet with any of experts who work there, be glad to
8	arrange that.
9	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Great. Thank
10	you very much.
11	RALPH PALLADINO: Thank you.
12	CHAIRPERSON GREENFIELD: Is there
13	anyone else who would like to testify? Hearing
14	none, this hearing is now concluded.
15	[gavel]
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
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22	
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C E R T I F I C A T E

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. I further certify that I am not related to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that I am in no way interested in the outcome of this matter.



Date: ____04/08/2014_____