CITY COUNCIL

CITY OF NEW YORK

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TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES

Of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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March 14, 2024 Start: 10:25 a.m. Recess: 5:26 p.m.

HELD AT: COUNCIL CHAMBERS - CITY HALL

B E F O R E: Selvena Brooks-Powers, Chairperson

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Joann Ariola Chris Banks Amanda Farías Farrah N. Louis Mercedes Narcisse Carlina Rivera

OTHER COUNCIL MEMBERS ATTENDING:

Kamillah Hanks
Lynn C. Schulman
Shekar Krishnan
Lincoln Restler

Rafael Salamanca, Jr.

APPEARANCES

Rich Davey, President of New York City Transit at Metropolitan Transportation Authority

Jai Patel, Deputy Chief Financial Officer at Metropolitan Transportation Authority

Shanifah Rieara, Chief Customer Officer and Senior Advisor for Policy and Communications at Metropolitan Transportation Authority

John McCarthy, Chief of Policy and External Relations at Metropolitan Transportation Authority

Ydanis Rodriguez, Commissioner at Department of Transportation

Margaret Forgione, First Deputy Commissioner at Department of Transportation

Paul Ochoa, Executive Deputy Commissioner at Department of Transportation

Eric Beaton, Deputy Commissioner of Transportation Planning and Management at Department of Transportation

Rick Rodriguez, Assistant Commissioner for Intergovernmental and Community Affairs at Department of Transportation

David Do, Commissioner at Taxi and Limousine Commission

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Edward Wilton, Deputy Commissioner for Finance at Taxi and Limousine Commission

Thomas Foley, Commissioner at New York City Department of Design and Construction

Magalie Austin, Executive Deputy Commissioner at New York City Department of Design and Construction

Rachel Laiserin, Deputy Commissioner and Chief Financial Officer at New York City Department of Design and Construction

Jean Ryan, President of Disabled in Action of Metropolitan New York

Michael Ring, Board Member of Disabled in Action of Metropolitan New York

Kathleen Collins, Corresponding Secretary at Disabled in Action of Metropolitan New York

Tashia Lerebours, Center for Independence of the Disabled

Emerita Torres, Vice President of Policy Research and Advocacy at Community Service Society

Lisa Daglian, Executive Director of Permanent Citizens Advisory Committee to the MTA

A P P E A R A N C E S (CONTINUED)

Leroy Morrison, President of New York City Commuter Van Association

Amanda Berman, Deputy Director of Regional Programs at Center for Justice Innovation

Christopher Schuyler, Managing Attorney with the Disability Justice Program at New York Lawyers for the Public Interest

Brit Byrd, Senior Planner at Brooklyn Borough President

Eric McClure, Executive Director of StreetsPac

Natasha Elder, New York City Regional Director for Equity and Resiliency Projects at New York Public Interest Research Group

Elizabeth Adams, Deputy Executive Director, Public Affairs at Transportation Alternatives

Mayor's Management Report for the Departments of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 6

Transportation, Design and Construction, the Taxi and Limousine Commission, and the Metropolitan

Transportation Authority, all of which we will hear from today. My name is Selvena Brooks-Powers, and I

6 am the Chair of this Committee.

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Each of these agencies play an essential role in the lives of New Yorkers. As we've said countless times, Mayor David Dinkins often referred to New York as a gorgeous mosaic of race and religious faith, of national origin, and of sexual orientation. He was right about the people of this city and, as I've said, again a number of times, this description could also apply to our transportation network. We are a multimodal city and New Yorkers benefit when they have good options to get where they need to go. I look forward to speaking with each of these agencies about their roles in moving New York City forward. I note that today marks the inaugural budget hearing in our Committee for DDC, the City's Chief Capital Agency. The methods, means, and materials we use in construction are so crucial, not only to our transportation network, but to the sustainability and long-term health of our city across all sectors. This year, we added the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE Department of Design and Construction to this Committee's portfolio, and I look forward to better understanding how this year's budget can position DDC to succeed. But first up today is the MTA, whose 2024 operating budget is 19.29 billion dollars. We will discuss a range of issues including the implementation of congestion pricing, the agency's existing and upcoming capital plans, and the State's recent announcement regarding the additional deployment of state law enforcement in our subways. I want to note here how important it is to secure the safety of our riders and our transit workers, but we must ensure we're approaching this issue thoughtfully. In our questioning, we'll seek to understand how precisely these new measures, for example, random searching of bags, protect riders and workers. We note, too, the crucial importance of sustaining higher ridership in our efforts to improve safety throughout the system.

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We'll then hear from the Department of Transportation on its Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Budget, which totals 1.4 billion dollars, a decrease of 2.1 million dollars since adoption. The agency's capital budget for the department totals 11.4 billion dollars

committed between Fiscal Year '24 and '28. The Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Budget includes no new needs for Fiscal 2025, a decrease of 39,000 dollars in other adjustments and 29.7 million dollars in PEGs. As always, I hope to discuss with DOT how the City can more equitably invest across historically underserved communities like the ones I represent. I'll also ask DOT about its recently issued Streets Plan update in which it was clear that the agency is once again failing to meet the legal mandates the Council established several years ago. I look forward to better understanding how this year's budget can ensure DOT can meet legal requirements and more effectively serve communities citywide.

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Then we will hear from the Taxi and
Limousine Commission on its Fiscal 2025 Preliminary
Budget, which totals 59.5 million dollars, a decrease
of 835,000 dollars since adoption. The new plan
includes funding for a budgeted headcount increase of
54 new inspectors. The Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Budget
includes 5.4 million dollars in new needs for Fiscal
2025, no other adjustments, and 353,000 dollars in
PEGs. Over the last decade, this industry has
experienced tremendous change, particularly since the

introduction of app-based for-hire vehicles in the city. The Council remains committed to removing barriers that prevent drivers from earning a living while they provide essential services to New Yorkers, and we look forward to discussing how this budget further empowers drivers to succeed.

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Finally, we will hear from the Department of Design and Construction on their 2025 Preliminary Budget, which totals 172.8 million dollars, an increase of 15.4 million dollars since adoption. The Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Budget includes no new needs for Fiscal 2025, 650,000 dollars in other adjustments, and 2 million dollars in PEGs. We'll ask DDC about major projects the agency is leading, from borough-based jails to libraries like the one near completion in Far Rockaway, but I also hope to discuss how DDC is accomplishing its projects, for example, how the agency is innovating to advance projects more quickly and efficiently and how DDC is seeking to maximize utilizations of M/WBEs.

Before we begin with testimony, I would like to thank the Council Staff for their work, our amazing Finance Team, including Chima Obichere, a member of District 31 of course, Jack Storey, and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 10
Michael Sherman, our wonderful Committee Staff, Mark
Chen, Connor Mealey, Kevin Kotowski, and John Basile
and, of course, my terrific staff, Jack Siegenthaler,
my Policy and Budget Director; Kierra Powell, my
Communications Director; and Renee Taylor, my Chiefof-Staff.

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I would also like to acknowledge my fellow Council Members who are present here today. We are joined by Council Members Louis, Hanks, Rivera, and Schulman.

I will now ask the Committee Counsel to go over some procedural items and swear in the representatives from the MTA.

COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: Good morning.

I'm Connor Mealey, Counsel to the Transportation and

Infrastructure Committee of the New York City

Council. I would ask that you all raise your right

hand.

Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your testimony before this Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member questions?

For those wishing to testify in person, please see the Sergeant-at-Arms at the back of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 11 room and fill out a testimony slip. Even if you have registered online, please still fill out a testimony slip with the Sergeants.

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We would ask that as you begin your testimony, you would identify yourself by your name and title for the record.

Thank you very much. You may begin.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Great. Thank you very much. Good morning, and I want to thank Members for having us here today, especially the Chair. We appreciate the continued partnership that we have with you and the Committee to make public transportation in New York City the best it can be. For the record, my name is Rich Davey. I'm the President of New York City Transit. I'm joined by a dream team of folks from MTA. To my right is Jay Patel, the Deputy Chief Financial Officer, to my left Shanifa Riera, who's our Chief Customer Service Officer, also a Policy Advisor to all of us, and John McCarthy, who is our Chief of Policy and External Relations. We're here, obviously, to testify and to take your questions over these next couple of hours.

We're glad to be with you to share an update. Obviously, Chair, you mentioned a number of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 12 topics but, principally speaking, we're here at least to talk about our financial position which is much stronger I'm pleased to report than when I was before you a year ago. You remember, we had been looking at an estimated 2.8-billion-dollar deficit that was on track to grow to almost 3 billion by 2026. Today, that number is zero and zero over at least the next five years. Thanks to Governor Hochul and the State Legislature who really set the bar nationally on what it means to prioritize mass transit, and what I mean nationally, I'm literally giving testimony later today to a number of folks in Massachusetts who are looking at what we did in New York. Folks are seeing around the country and looking at what we've done collectively to improve and save our transit system so we should all be proud of that. The financial lifeline that was provided in the 2023 budget has allowed us to not only keep service running, but we've expanded it significantly while continuing to invest in our network. Let me rattle off a few accomplishments that we've made over the last year. Our top priority for riders is frequent, reliable and safe service, and we've made huge strides on those fronts. Subway service last year was the best it had

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 13 been in a decade. Obviously, we have more work to do, but the numbers were clear, a best in a decade, and we're setting even higher performance goals in 2024 for our Faster, Cleaner, Safer planning initiative. Frequencies have improved on eight subway lines, the C, G, J, M, N, R, 1, and 6 and improving frequencies by about 20 to 25 percent typically on nights, weekends, and midday, and there's more to come this summer. Stations themselves are starting to feel and look more welcoming. Our facilities team has embraced our Re-NEW-vation program. We have completed 68 stations since we launched the program in 2022, and we'll have 110 done by the end of the year. The subway stations are benefiting from deep cleans, brighter lighting, fresh paint and overall aesthetic improvements that this program delivers. By the way, we're also improving employee facilities, back-ofhouse, which our customers and folks do not see. For the past year, our station agents have been performing their roles out of the booth for the first time, delivering better service and support by meeting our customers where they are and, not to be forgotten, we've opened 117 bathrooms in 60 stations, restoring an amenity which riders had been lacking

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 14 since the COVID pandemic. These bathrooms just aren't reopened. They've been deep-cleaned, refreshed, upgraded, and a new cleaning cadence is in place to make sure that they continue to be in good condition. We're on pace to reopen the restrooms at the total of 66 stations by the middle of this year with final restrooms reopening at the 61st Street in Woodside once the capital project is completed.

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On buses, we're budgeting to continue increased service as we did by implementing our bus network redesigns. The latest draft of the Queen's plan invests almost 30 million dollars to create more frequent and direct service throughout our most busreliant borough. The plan has been enriched by public feedback, and I'm pleased to say that we will be back out in the field with 17 pop-up events between now and May to continue to get public feedback. As I've often said, we never get these redesigns 100 percent right, which it's critical to work with you and your teams and constituents and our customers to make it even better. I am also excited about activating ACE, our Automated Camera Enforcement, on 500 buses on 14 existing routes in May with plans to add another 30 routes over the next three years. The new enforcement

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 15 powers will enable buses to ticket cars out of bus lanes that are slowing down service and double-parked cars or cars that are blocking bus stops and, an added bonus for safer streets, the cameras will also be able to enforce bike lane violations as well, cars parked in bike lanes. We have seen camera enforcement speeds combined with bus lanes to increase service by 25 percent. This is time saved for over two million New Yorkers who use our bus network every day. We also know the single most powerful tool to speed up buses are dedicated bus lanes and busways. Our buses, as I mentioned, carry over 2 million daily customers, and yet they tend to be, in many respects, the slowest in the nation, sometimes crawling at 6 miles an hour. Bus lanes and bus work, we've seen major improvements, 40 percent during some peak hours on some of these major corridors. Bus lanes are also a win for safety. When we pair with camera enforcement, we have actually seen a 20 percent reduction in collisions on routes once bus lanes are implemented. We're also encouraged by the DOT's recent actions on Second Avenue to speed up the M15, our highest ridership bus route in the city. We look forward to working with the DOT to continue to implement bus

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2 priority, not only lanes but transit signal

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3 prioritization. Those clocks that aren't working

4 right now and some bus stops, etc., so we look

5 forward to partnering with our friends at the DOT.

Customer satisfaction with our paratransit service, our Access-A-Ride, has risen dramatically. We always have work to do, but our customers are telling us that service has improved, and our on-time performance is so strong we've actually tightened the window for how we determine a pickup is on time, from 30 minutes, the federal standard, now down to 20 minutes. We worked hard with our third-party providers to improve their service and performance. We've made booking easier and faster with an app, and we have expanded and we'll continue to look to expand our on-demand E-Hail program to thousands of New Yorkers. Customers have noticed. In January, we reached 79 percent customer satisfaction, the highest in our history.

On subway and bus affordability, equity is also an important issue for us at the MTA. We've been working with the City to expand eligibility to move New Yorkers for its Fair Fares program, which provides, as you all know, a half price MetroCard to

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 low-income New Yorkers and New Yorkers who are

3 struggling economically. The Human Resources

4 Administration is partnering with us to boost

5 enrollment, but we are proud to support that

6 enrollment at every opportunity. I have instituted,

7 since I became President, a Transit Talk which gets

8 me out to stations about twice a month across the

9 | five boroughs. Fair Fares representatives have joined

10 us from the city in those events, and we've

11 | successfully also had two of our customer service

12 centers, Jackson Heights and Roosevelt Avenue and

13 | Coney Island Stillwell with joint enrollment

14 activities as well. The more we can get the word out

15 to New Yorkers that this is a program available to

16 them, we believe this is good news and will get more

17 folks onto our system.

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Our partners at the railroad have also made progress in affordability too. Last summer, they added a peak option, meaning that traveling within New York City will only cost 7 dollars in addition to the existing off-peak 5-dollar ticket. At the same time, the Long Island Railroad introduced the Far Rockaway ticket, bringing the same benefits as

CityTicket to customers at the Far Rockaway station

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 18 traveling to and from the rest of the city. Notably, we are making progress on subway crime after a difficult January, thanks to the NYPD resources provided by Mayor Adams and the recent resources added by Governor Hochul. There are now an additional 1,000 police officers patrolling our subway system daily, and it's having an impact. Where crime was up 46 percent at the end of January compared to last year, that number has been pushed down to 18 percent because February crime was down significantly from 2023. We also know the increase in deployment of NYPD cops is giving riders a peace of mind. We hear it in every survey, and I mean every survey. I am obsessed with getting customer feedback. We get it once a month, and the number one issues that we hear from our customers are, in order, seeing folks with emotional issues, folks with mental health crises, homelessness, and crime. Make no mistake, though, we have a recidivism issue in our subway system, and the data bears out on that too. 38 individuals arrested for assaulting transit workers last year, transit workers, had a total of 1,126 additional crimes on their records that I can talk about. Addressing the issue of repeat offenders preying on our customers

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Customers will be glad to see that we're equipping subway cars and stations with better

which will be coming online later this year.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 20 lighting and more security cameras. More than 1,100 cameras are now on our trains, which are helping NYPD identify perpetrators and solve crimes and all the new R211s, I have to say, Madam Chair, the R211s are on the A line, also come with cameras built them as well. Speaking of the R211, we proudly debuted the open gangway R211T on the C line last month. These new trains are a bold step forward for New York City and the first of their kind in the United States. We've heard rave reviews from our customers so far during their first month in service. We've also shifted into high gear on our R211 deployment on the A line. After a brief pause to address a gearbox issue, we now have 12 new R211 trains running on the A line, replacing the 50-year-old R46s. For riders in Staten Island, we're currently testing the R211s out there and hope to enter the first train into service in the coming weeks, if not months.

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Improvements in performance, safety and cleanliness have helped tremendously in bringing riders back. Paid ridership on subway is roughly 70 percent of pre-COVID levels, it's about 75 percent on the railroads, but these numbers don't consider customers who ride without paying the fair, and we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 21 know there are many. Indeed, if you include nonpaying riders, we're were actually closer to 82, in some instances 85 percent of pre-COVID subway and bus ridership. Fare and toll evasion represent a very large threat to our fiscal health going forward. We're implementing some recommendations from the Blue Ribbon Panel to make enforcement more equitable, which I fully support. We're piloting more accessible wide aisle gates at four subway stations, including an entire fare array at Sutphin Archer JFK Airport. We've continued our deployment of unarmed guards at emergency gates, a program that continues to pay for themselves and more, and we're adding more Eagle team members, civil fare enforcement members have been hired, and we've changed how they're deployed. We now have them on a bus hub model that is strategic and enforcing fare payment where it has lagged. More personnel also brings the added benefit of more eyes and ears in the system to report issues to the station team and the NYPD, and our customers feel safer as a result. We're also pushing for a refreshed approach to fare-evasion fines in this year's budget. This new proposal would replace the standard 100dollar fine with a new laddered approach where first

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 22 time offenders would be warned before fines issued. Critically, this new model would make fare enforcement more equitable. We want New Yorkers to pay their fare, not a fine and, by enrolling those who are eligible in Fare Fares or our reduced fare program automatically and returning half of that 100 fine to the customers in the form of a 50-dollar credit to an OMNY Card to use in our system. This is an equitable, responsible approach to fair enforcement, and we hope your peers in Albany include this in the final budget. Fair compliance is critical to preserving our balanced budget and into the future. In the same respect, in 2023 we committed to 400 million dollars in operating efficiencies this year as part of our overall effort to deliver fiscal sustainability. Thanks to some incredible work across the MTA, we've actually exceeded that goal and already on track to reach 500 million dollars in efficiencies by 2025 without cutting headcount and without cutting service, and we're doing it while providing significantly more commuter rail service and subway service and obviously operating a major new terminal at Grand Central Madison and implementing our new bus network redesigns. But

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here's the kicker. Even with all that service that we've added on subway, bus and commuter rail that I've described, all of which is accounted for in our five-year financial plan going forward, in real inflation-adjusted dollars, the MTA budget has actually gone down by three percent since 2019. Chair Lieber says it all the time, but I can't reinforce it enough, that this is a new MTA. We're making good on our commitment to change the way we do business.

We're growing ridership, improving and increasing service, reducing our costs, pursuing and pushing

transit equity. These are our top priorities.

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Even our approach to expanding the transit system reflects this intense focus on cost containment. Where we can, we look for ways to expand the system, not by building new tunnels or systems from scratch, but by getting more out of our existing infrastructure. But I can tell you, cost consciousness alone will not fund the transit system New Yorkers want and New Yorkers deserve. So I ask you, do you like those new R211s? How about our efforts to convert all of our 6,000 buses to zero emission by 2040? New signal systems that allow us to run more frequent and reliable service, like we do in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 24 the 7 line? The fare gates of the future? Honoring our commitment to make almost every subway station ADA compliant? Funding for these projects relies, to a significant extent, on revenue generated from the forthcoming congestion pricing. MTA is doing what is necessary to prepare for the implementation, including increasing service and installing tolling infrastructure. We did a 4,000-page, four-year-long environmental process, including 30-plus hearings and outreach events which earned federal approval, putting us in a position to turn on the system in a few months once we resolve the pro-traffic lawsuits brought by our neighbors in New Jersey and a few other litigants. The MTA has been very clear that if there are any delays to congestion pricing, we will have to push back schedules and important projects. For example, more than 20 ADA stations are at risk across the boroughs. Five stations in the Bronx from Mott Haven to Kingsbridge to Wakefield, Briarwood in Jamaica and Queens, Southern Brooklyn stations such as Bensonhurst and Coney Island, as well as Nostrand Ave. at the intersection of Crown Heights in Bed-Stuy, plus major complexes like 42nd Street at Bryant Park and Lexington Ave. and 59th Street. The modern

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 25 signal systems that were promised on six subway lines, on hold right now for a million and a half A and C and B, D, F, M riders, all the way out to Far Rockaway and up to the Bronx and Eastern Queens. That's more than the ridership in the next five largest subway systems in the country combined. I could keep going on and on with the impacts to the critical state of good repair and resiliency work that would ensure reliability of our service, new rolling stock for all of our agencies, our zeroemissions bus program and even the Second Avenue Subway Phase Two last month, we put out a full list of what's at stake so folks can get a better understanding, but we do not want to see that happen.

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Before I conclude, I also want to salute our workforce at New York City Transit. For those who don't know, next Monday, March 18th is Transit Worker Appreciation Day across the United States. Every day, 47,000-person workforce at New York City Transit steps up to keep our city moving. They are the force that powers the lifeblood of our city, and we are extraordinarily grateful for the work they do.

However, in recent weeks, our city has seen several unacceptable attacks on workers who are just doing

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 26 their job in serving New York. This is unconscionable. No one should go to work fearing for their safety. We are doing everything in our power at MTA to keep our frontline workers safe, and our partners at NYPD are also doing a hell of a job quickly identifying and arresting perpetrators, but we also need a criminal justice system that recognizes the severity of assaulting transit workers who, again, are just doing their job. We will continue to be relentless in pursuing measures to keep our people safe and to ensure that those who dare prey on hard-working employees from subway conductors and bus operators to cleaners and station agents, that those folks face justice. My ask of this Body and anyone listening today is that next time you're in our system, thank a transit worker for their hard work, celebrate them as we come up to Transit Worker Appreciation Day, and recognize them for their immense contributions in keeping the city moving. We made huge strides in recent years, but there are new and bigger issues facing our agency. With your support, we will keep tackling them and

seek to make improvements. I've learned in 20 years

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 27 in this business, the job is never done. We look forward to working with you. Thank you.

much. Again, thank you for the partnership of the MTA and always keeping the lines of communication open. Whether we agree on issues or not, it's always good to know we have someone at the table that is willing to partner so thank you for that, and my thoughts and prayers remain with the train conductor that was unfortunately met with violence while just doing his job, which was moving New Yorkers to their destination, and so we just want to make sure that we convey that message as well.

I'm just going to ask you questions, and then I'm going to pause my questions and allow some of my Colleagues to ask theirs but, before we get started, I would like to acknowledge that we have also been joined by Council Members Krishnan, Restler, and Ariola.

Let's start with the new Capital Plan.

The 2019 to 2024 Capital Plan is coming to a close,

and the new 2025 to 2029 plan will be released later

this year. Can you give the Committee a preview of

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. A broad brush. It's a couple things. One is really focusing on the state of good repair of all of our systems, right, so ensuring that we're investing in the core of our system. I always say it's the unsexy work of what we do. It's the stuff that we don't see. It's track, signal, power, rolling stock obviously we see, our back shops, for example. Some are old literally trolley barns that have been converted into bus depots, for example. All of that work needs to be done, and so that'll be a big part of what you see. I think, expansion, Second Avenue Subway, IBX, obviously those are important projects. They tend to get the high-profile reports and the media tends to report on those, but the vast majority of our work is going to be to continue to invest in the core of our system. I think for some, saying the summer of hell is a triggering moment. We do not want to return to that, and the way you return to that is by not investing in the core of our system. That said, we're also investing in things like ADA accessibility, right? We have a commitment, which Chair Lieber has

made clear that we are going to meet is to look to make 95 percent of our subway stations accessible by 2055 and to see if we could even accelerate that.

We're proud that we've done more in this last Capital Plan and the three previous I think combined. We have a lot of work to do on rolling stock. While we're doing great strides on the R211s, we're still running trains that are applying for the AARP cards, if you will, and we need to get those out of service.

There's a lot of work that needs to be done, but the principal focus of our Capital Plan will be investing in the core of the system. I don't know if, John, you might want to say something else, please.

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MCCARTHY: Yeah, Chair. I would just point, recently we released our 20-year needs assessment, which is a deep dive into what is needed to keep the system in a state of good repair and how to modernize it. It's probably the most thorough that's ever been done at the MTA, and we'll make sure to share this with Committee and the staff too, but what this is basically is a roadmap of what needs to get done as Rich said, and so in the coming months, we'll cull from this with our funding partners and others to see

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 30 what needs to be done in the immediate future, which would build the five-year capital program.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. How will congestion pricing support the Authority's major projects over the new planned period?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Right now we're focused on the current plan to support that so about a billion dollars raised will allow us to use about 15 billion dollars in bonding capacity to invest in the things that I mentioned in my testimony, right, so we've had to defer, for example, modernizing our signal system on the A, C, B, D, F, and M, which is critical. It might not sound like a lot, but a modern signal system allows us to run shorter headways, i.e., more service, like we can do on the 7 and the L lines, for example, where we can safely run, at rush hour on the 7 we're running service every two and a half, three minutes. We can't do that on some of these other lines because the signal system is antiquated. As I mentioned before, we've had to defer to some extent our zero-emission bus program. We have a huge commitment to convert our buses which are hybrid, but in the past have been diesel, in

neighborhoods, environmental justice community
neighborhoods that we need to be converting those
depots to allow for electric or hydrogen, as the case
may be, but to purchase 6,000 buses over the next 15
years. We've had to defer some of that,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

unfortunately, as well. Those are the kinds of programs or projects that congestion pricing will support in this current Capital Plan.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How much of the plan will be dedicated to new projects and how much is dedicated to the state of good repair and maintenance?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I don't think we've made that determination yet, but, look, I think on average, it's about an 80/20 split. I've seen that as a general matter, but we haven't made that determination but, as I said, the core, the vast majority of the focus for our upcoming plan I know will be state of good repair, investing in the core of our system. That said, IBX and, Second Avenue Subway are important expansion projects, but there's a lot of other work we need to do to continue to keep our service reliable.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: As you mentioned, the IBX, how will the Governor's Executive Budget proposals for implementation studies related to IBX and Second Avenue Subway be used to perform capital planning and funding?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, obviously those were certainly in the early stages of IBX, for example. I think we're probably inning one of a nine inning game to understand exactly how this is going to proceed for sure. I think we've certainly had some preliminary studies which have identified alternatives that are favorable like light rail versus bus, for example, but there's work to be done, right? Even in these kinds of projects that you might be using existing right-of-way, for example, to leverage right-of-way, there's still environmental studies that have to occur, obviously community input as well.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: Yeah, and I would just add, Chair, that in
the Executive Budget particularly with Second Avenue
Subway going west, it allows us to look at the
project that we're putting forward now on Second

Avenue Subway going up to 125th Street and not

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 33 preclude work that would allow us to advance it to the west, which allows for possible savings in future construction of that project.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: As we think about cost shifts also, in recent years, there have been a number of cost shifts increasing New York City's liability to the MTA, and I just want to emphasize increased the City's liability, because I think other parts of the State sometimes do not acknowledge the contributions of New York City. These costs include 60 million in additional payroll mobility tax payments on behalf of the City as well as 613.6 million in payments related to power transit. Does the MTA believe that there will be a need for additional cost shifts in the future?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: At this point, we're projecting a five-year budget with zero budget deficits so certainly no, not in the next five years. I won't get into the sort of the back and forth between the City and State, but I think what it reflects is a commitment, which we appreciate, the City's commitment to understanding how important public transit is to the City's economic health and, as those takes and puts have occurred over time

again, we appreciate the partnership, but at this point, no, we're projecting a five-year budget that does not have deficits attached to it.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In the event of a surplus, would the MTA support reducing the City's liabilities?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: If we were able to get a surplus, I think we'd probably look at a few things. Would we look at adding service, for example? Could we invest in the fare programs we discussed? I think there's probably a lot of opportunities. I will tell you this, Chair, I think folks know I've been here now two years, and I see employees once a month for breakfast to see what's going on, how they're doing, and I had a woman who had been at the Authority for 33 years, I saw her last year and I said, you've been here 33 years, how many budget crises have you been through? She said 33. To say that there's a possibility of a surplus, I think people would say we were dreaming a year or two ago, but we would work collaboratively with this Body, the Mayor and his team, obviously the Governor and her team to think about the best way to invest that. Some might say pay down debt. Some might say accelerate an ADA station

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

or two. There's probably lots of worthy things to

3 | think about.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In summation, there'd probably be no foresight in us reducing the City's liabilities.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: What I'm saying is there would be a lot of tugs of priorities, no doubt.

Perhaps people sitting even behind me who might say how we should spend that, and I think that would be an open conversation that we would have.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'd also like to acknowledge we've been joined by Council Member Narcisse.

Going to shift now to subway safety. The Governor recently announced the deployment of 750 members of the New York National Guard and 250 personnel from the state police and MTA to patrol subways and conduct bag checks. Can you talk about how the decision was made to install additional state law enforcement in the subways?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. So maybe just taking a quick step back. That was one of a five-point plan that the Governor announced, and I know that has gotten the most attention, but I think it's

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 36 worth talking a little bit about that and then the other four pieces that the Governor announced. She did allow for additional state resources, as you said, which we can talk about in a moment in terms of people. We're also concerned about the recidivism, which I mentioned in my testimony, and the Governor is very much focused on looking at individuals who are convicted of assaults within our system, potentially banning those folks from our system, that they have forfeited their ability to use our system if they're assaulting customers or employees, that's another. Cameras have been a big part of the Governor's strategy to improve safety in our system and so, not only as I mentioned, are we putting cameras in our subway cars, so if there's misbehavior or worse we can catch those perpetrators, we're also putting now cameras in the conductor cab so, as you mentioned, Chair, that conductor who was brutally assaulted a couple weeks ago, I won't get into details, we're working closely with NYPD, but having a camera at that location where the conductor was located certainly would have helped the investigation, and so we're installing cameras there as well. The Governor is bringing together the

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 37 district attorneys to talk about prosecuting or otherwise how they're handling cases against our employees and customers. The one I mentioned in particular is the SCOUT team, really focusing in on those New Yorkers who have acute mental health issues and getting them the services that they need so that was the five-point plan. Now, as it relates to National Guard and state police in the system, I think the Governor was looking for ways to support the tremendous work that NYPD is doing and does every day in our system and augmenting that with these individuals for bag checks but also to continue to be eyes and ears in our system. Working cooperatively, obviously with those two entities to deploy them in appropriate ways, but I think that is the overall thinking that it was part of an overall package to improve to improve safety in our subway. Shanifah.

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CHIEF CUSTOMER SERVICE OFFICER RIERA: I just, again, would want to reiterate one of the points that President Davey mentioned. Again, we are constantly engaging with our customers and riders, whether it's through surveys or even being users of the systems ourselves, and we are constantly hearing of the need and asked to have uniform presence so, as

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 President Davey said, this is just one of many

3 components that we're looking to address customer

4 safety concerns.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Have the deployed National Guard and state police been trained in mental health services, and, if so, what kind of training have they received?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Not that I'm aware of, but if they see someone in distress, the goal is, and our station agents by the way and our station staff also haven't been trained, but what folks know is if they do see someone who is exhibiting either distress on themselves that they're to call the SCOUT team and have the trained clinician come and look at and otherwise evaluate what that person's behavior is to see if they qualify so I think the point is having trained clinicians has been tremendously valuable that we've done over the last several months, and I think that's why the Governor has asked us to expand that program, John.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: Yeah, Chair, and the officers that are

assigned to those SCOUT teams that go around with the

trained clinicians, they are trained separately for

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So they do receive training if they're assigned...

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS $\label{eq:mccarthy} \text{MCCARTHY: Assigned to the SCOUT teams and now the }$ Governor has...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But only if they're on SCOUT but, if they're not on SCOUT...

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: If they're on SCOUT, they have a whole host

of regular training that NYPD does for their officers

and the MTA PD that does for their officers that

deals with interactions with the public, but they are

not trained the way a clinician obviously is trained.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Are those who are labeled as SCOUT, are they at every one of the stations that you're having law enforcement at?

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: No. That's a very specialized team and it's growing. We are the law enforcement, whether it's state police, MTA police, NYPD, they all have varying degrees of training, but Guard and state police will

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 40 not be having those interactions. They will not be doing that work.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just going back to the other point you made, President Davey, in terms of the five-point plan, do we have any evidence historically that banning people from the subway would improve safety? How does the MTA expect such a provision could be enforced?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. I don't think we have much evidence because I'm not sure it's been used nearly as enough as we would like to say the least. How would it be used? It would simply be, we would alert our stations teams to folks. The stations team actually have a good sense of who maybe hangs out in their station, who may have issues that need to be addressed either by law enforcement or by mental health. They know better than probably all of us in this room. But the bottom line is, if they're banned and they're coming into the system, you don't have to wait for them to commit a crime, right? They are trespassing and, as a result, they can be ejected from the station. I feel strongly about this. I think that there are folks who, we have one individual assaulted four transit workers last year and was

probably on his way to assault a fifth because he had a metal rod in his hand as he was going into a station. I think that individual certainly needs a lot of help and I hope he's getting it but, at the same time, I think he's probably forfeited his ability to ride our system for a period of time because he has shown a proclivity to attack people.

As I said, I feel strongly about that. Obviously, there's law enforcement and laws that need to be addressed in that regard but, to me, it's common sense.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: You mentioned in your opening statement that you have received feedback from customers that they want to see more police officers in the subway. Can you elaborate on this feedback?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. I would encourage you all to look at our website and go to our KPI section, our key performance indicators. We do a monthly survey. We do a deep dive every six months of our customers, we get about 100,000 responses, but every month we get several thousand responses from bus, subway, paratransit customers, usually about 600 to 1,000, what we call a pulse check to see basically

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 42 what's on their mind, and what is consistently on our subway customers' mind is, we asked him the question what are your concerns or what can we do to make you ride more, and the answer is address folks who are emotionally disturbed, homelessness, and crime. Those are the top three issues consistently since we've been asking these questions, I think was June of 2022, and then what we further ask folks is, do you believe that there is enough police, it's sort of a Goldilocks, too hot, too cold, or just right, and what we consistently see and have seen over the last few months is customers saying that they want to see more police again. That had improved probably six, eight months ago when there was a surge last year. As that surge changed and as crime, particularly in January, went up and it was certainly covered by the media, I think what we saw as customers saying, we want to see more police back in our system so that's the data. Again, happy to share with you, but it is publicly available. We share it once a month at our Transit Committee. Shanifah's team is the one that actually conducts the surveys on our behalf, which we appreciate.

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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2 CHIEF CUSTOMER SERVICE OFFICER RIERA:

Yeah, and the survey, again is, one insight of how we're getting feedback from our customers. We have contact centers and call centers and, of course, our shy riders who use social media to give us feedback so there is a constant loop of customer engagement and feedback in addition to the surveys.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. I'm curious in terms of out of the subway stations, how many of them have the deployment of these additional law enforcement agents, and out of those selected stations, one, how are the stations selected and, two, are those stations where you actually see the crime happening, are you looking at data to determine what stations or are you just throwing them at the stations?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, obviously we're still working through that. This was announced less than a week ago or about a week ago, but that's typically how we work with NYPD, for example, on deployment of resources, prioritizing cameras, for example, prioritizing gate guards, obviously prioritizing here as well. It's typically a few things. The volume, so the size of the station and

the number of ridership. As Shanifah mentioned,
customer complaints, customers are our best eyes and
ears, to see if there are issues. To your point,
crime that's occurring as well, fare evasion as well.
I think all those things are how we determine how
resources are deployed, including the most recent...

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm sorry, but the deployment is not based on fare evasion, the deployment is based on the crime, correct?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: It's based on all the above is what I just said so it's all of those characteristics, customer feedback, crime, volume of customers, the size of the particular station. You need more bodies, for example, to cover a large station even though crime might be high or low so it's all of the above is what we use to deploy all of the resources that we have. John?

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: Yeah, and the relationship we have with the NYPD, it's a great relationship where we are sharing information like never before, and one of the things we share is a lot of the information that comes into Shanifah's team from the customers about quality-of-life issues. We're now able to get that over to the

NYPD so that becomes a part of their deployment so it isn't even just crime numbers. It's really about what issues our customers, our workers are facing and that if that free flow of information, and one other thing I would add, Chair, two years ago when the Governor announced with the Mayor, the Cops, Camera, and Care initiative, one of the important measures in adding MTA police to certain stations, it frees up NYPD officers to do other work so that's where you're seeing the added officers. It makes others available to do other work throughout the system.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Does the MTA

Police and National Guard intend to follow reporting

requirements set out in the Council's How Many Stop

Act and, if not, are the demographics of the stops

and bag checks being tracked in any form, and will

that data be made public?

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: Yes, the MTA PD has guidelines similar to
the NYPD, and any Guard or state police will not be
doing that work. Any bag check, according to those
rules, will be done by the MTA PD. The role of the
additional uniforms is really to serve the purpose of
allowing these officers to focus, the MTA PD and the

opportunity for my Colleagues to ask questions. We

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 47 are going to start with Council Member Louis followed by Council Member Hanks.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Chair, and good morning, President Davey. Thank you for being here today.

In your testimony, you mentioned endeavors for a faster, cleaner, and safer service. In Flatbush, not only is the 2 and 5 line not safe due to crime, but we also have major capital deficiencies that fall on deaf ears when we call to make requests for repairs for broken steps for over a year now and flooding that causes safety concerns for some of our constituents so I'll start with this. The B41 bus has been inconsistent with service, and it has residents concerned about the Brooklyn bus network redesign and how that could further leave travelers stranded so we wanted to know how is the MTA taking this into consideration to ensure frequency isn't reduced for our older adults and residents with disabilities who rely on the bus to travel to important destinations like medical appointments and travel for older adults that go to senior centers and shopping across central Brooklyn. The second question is the constant delays at the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 48 Brooklyn College Flatbush Avenue terminal that causes a major impact on economic and social viability of Flatbush and travelers, which frequently we hear about complaints, the trains are held in between stations causing commuters to be late. We wanted to know does the MTA have any plans to resolve the chronic issues between Brooklyn College, Newkirk Avenue going towards Church Avenue, and this has been going since I've been elected into this seat for the last four years. It's been the same issue. Last but not least, we have communicated with the MTA on safety issues on Flatbush and Glenwood with pedestrians and buses colliding causing fatalities due to confusing signal patterns and multiple buses being back-to-back on the blocks of Flatbush and Glenwood with multiple deaths that occurred recently and publicly for everyone to see so we wanted to know how is the MTA taking this into consideration, the concerns to resolve these issues as the bus network redesign has no notes about this bus stop. This is at the B6, which is between Flatbush and Glenwood, and is the NTA considering the conflicts with the redesign and the intersections in Council District 45, and the Chair has been to the District to see

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these corridors which are bustling intersections but we have the highest fatalities due to buses colliding with pedestrians, that happens quite often and, just a quick highlight, if you can provide on the pilot program for the free bus route on the B60, the new bus route, we wanted to know if that will be increased to other areas like the Canarsie Flatlands and Mill Basin area. Thank you.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: I want to compliment you on getting those questions in three minutes. Let me take a few at a time and I should start by saying I'm happy to come out to your District and take a look at these specific places with you so we can arrange that for sure.

So maybe just take a quick step back. On the Brooklyn Bus Redesign, that is next in line, as you know, or maybe behind Queens. Queens is where Brooklyn is following although we are out with public comment right now. I would say in the Bronx and Queens, the bus redesign that we put out as a draft is never the final that we implement so we want your feedback, we want your constituents' feedback. They're going to know the bus routes, certainly better than me, and we want to get that feedback from

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 50 folks. Whether it's inappropriately eliminating a bus stop, for example, near a senior center, that has come up from time to time, we obviously don't want to do that.

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Relative to the B41, I would say I think on Flatbush Avenue in particular, I was out there, I don't know, 18 months ago, I love bus lanes as a general matter. I know that might be unpopular for some folks. I happen to like bus lanes, and we have a bus lane proposal out on Flatbush Avenue. As I mentioned earlier, when it comes to pedestrian safety, I know you were talking I think about the B6 but, as it relates to pedestrian safety, what we've seen is for areas where there are bus lanes, it is just safer. It's safer when colliding with cars and also having challenges with pedestrians as well. I think the bus redesign does take that into account. I think part of what we're trying to do is look at where we have bus stops and can we reduce, for example, right-hand or left-hand turns, can we ensure that the buses are going straight by nature. That is just a safer route as opposed to needing to take a left or a right. I think all those things. We're also looking at pedestrian warning systems. We have this

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 51 in some of our buses now, but warning pedestrians if the bus is turning, for example and then lastly, I would tell you just from a safety perspective, I think this is a twofer for us. We've been investigating being able to fully enclose our bus operators in a full cockpit to prevent them from being assaulted. At the same time, what that's going to allow us to do is install e-mirrors, literally, cameras that substitute for mirrors, and they are much, much clearer, particularly in inclement weather and, to your point, we are looking at ways to make our operations safer, and then, finally, you mentioned the issues of the 2 and the 5, happy to have a conversation. I have my line managers in next week so we can see how we can improve those terminal operations but, as I said, and I make this blanket offer to all of you and your Colleagues to the extent I know I think Council Member Narcisse invited me out last year and we had a good walk around. Happy to come out to your Districts and see these issues for myself.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: We'll take the offer and, if you want to do a joint effort between

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Happy to.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: I just wanted to quickly highlight the collisions happened on the B6 route that collides with the B44, which has a bus lane.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Got it.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: That is the problem, and we actually rejected the B44 route. This is when I was a staffer. There was another Council Member there at the time because we knew this would happen and now, four years later, we have a lot of fatalities. The same issue happens at Flatbush Avenue and Avenue H, which the Chair came out for a walkthrough on that, and we still haven't heard back from MTA on that so it would be great to have conversations about the warning signals that you mentioned and a walk...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, let's do that. I don't know, apologize if someone hasn't been getting back to you, but the answer is I'll come out and let's look at it together. Okay.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you.

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been designated by the City as environmental justice

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. A couple of things. Number one, I think we all know that

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 55 congestion pricing is the law of the land, right? It was passed five years ago by the State Legislature signed by the Governor. We are the implementer of the law at MTA. Two is, I don't have those statistics you read in front of you, but I can tell you as a new New Yorker, I've lived in Hell's Kitchen for the last two years.

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COUNCIL MEMBER HANKS: These environmental impacts came from the MTA's report, not ours.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Right, a report that ultimately substantiated that congestion pricing should go forward. That said, my neighbors in Hell's Kitchen tell me that they've been pushing hard for the last number of decades to get something like congestion pricing because it is a diverse community, very different incomes and households, but traffic choked around the Lincoln Tunnel, for example and, as mentioned, for me at least as New York City Transit President, it's an opportunity to invest in transit. I'm not sure, certainly there are subway deserts in the city. We run service all over the place so to say that there are transit deserts, I might take issue with but happy to have a separate conversation on that. Most folks that travel into the Central

start with congestion pricing. I have a few

questions. I'll try to get them all in and then take

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 57 it from there. Thank you for your testimony. Thank you for your work. I'm very excited about some of the initiatives that you've mentioned. My District is entirely within Manhattan below 60th Street or the tolling zone for congestion pricing. My constituents will be uniquely impacted by the congestion bill, both for potential benefits and the cost. The congestion toll will be used for MTA's Capital Plan so can you provide any projects that will be supported by these funds that will improve the transportation network that's actually within the congestion zone, and I've also received concerns that our goals for reducing congestion, they won't be successful unless we redesign our streets to increase biking and pedestrian infrastructure. Street redesign is not in the purview of the MTA, like it is with DOT, and we'll hear from them later, and the funds raised will not be contributed to these projects, per se, the street redesign for cyclists and pedestrians. Do you have any plans to collaborate with DOT on these street redesigns? Is it possible to use congestion toll funds for these purposes? PRESIDENT DAVEY: So to the first

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question, sure, there are lots of projects that we

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3 congestion zone. As mentioned earlier, right now

4 | we're delayed on our signal projects for the A, C, B,

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5 D, F, and M, obviously, which serve folks within the

6 Central Business District as an example and, other

7 | than the 7 and the L line, which have modern signal

8 systems from across both of those lines, that's a

9 major improvement we need to make across the entire

10 system so it would benefit all four boroughs, not

11 | just folks living below 60th street, but that's

12 critical. New rolling stock is another one, so new

13 subway cars, right? I know you take the service and

14 some of them are quite new and some of them really

15 need to have a retirement party, and congestion

16 pricing will allow us to fund those kinds of projects

17 | in the future as well. I think it's fair to say that

19 | boroughs in terms of transit improvements but, for

20 folks within the District, absolutely.

On the second question, we obviously collaborate with DOT all the time on whether it's bus lanes or improvements around cycling and walking. As to who pays for what, I can't speak to that, but certainly we would collaborate with the Commissioner

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure.

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The Second Avenue redesign, what input did MTA have this redesign, what goals does the MTA hope to achieve with the redesign, and just, you mentioned the L. You've announced subway barriers at the 3rd Avenue L station, not the ones we've seen, not the yellow ones and not the other ones. They're supposed to be the sort of state-of-the-art, more advanced, used in other countries barriers, so I'd like to know the status of that, and along the L too, the elevators, is there a timeline for a fully accessible L train? And just squeeze in one last question so she can't actually punish me for this. Thank you. You got those, right?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Second Avenue redesign,, the L line being fully accessible with elevators, but the barriers at Third Avenue, specifically in terms of the timeline and, for

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 60 cleanliness, how do you determine which stations get cleaned? Is it complaint driven? Is it ridership? Is it both? Thank you.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: So let me unpack. I appreciate that, the round robin, a lot of questions. A couple of things on the Second Avenue, yes, we often talk to the DOT staff to staff, I talk to the Commissioner on a regular basis on major issues, but we were a part of those conversations. For me, the goal is to improve speed. Fundamentally, we talked a lot about what our subway customers are telling us in terms of why they aren't riding, what our bus customers are telling us is they want more reliable service with shorter wait times and, in part, that's about improving bus speed so my hope is that the M15 will improve in its reliability as a result of that redesign. It's, as I said, one of the largest, if not the most frequently used bus service in the city, so that's important.

How we determine cleaning. We hired 800 station cleaners last year. How many total we have on, I'll have to get back to you, but we clean every station every day so it's not as, even though if there are customer complaints, for example, of course

I'm on the service frequently and, if I see a spill or something that may have just occurred right after a cleaner was there, we get that information in, but I am proud to say that what we are hearing from our customers that they are seeing cleaner stations, brighter stations, a result of not only the great work our cleaning staff is doing, that we bought them new, I call them Zambonis, those new scrubbers. We bought 100 new ones last year. It's our job as management to give them the tools to get the job done, and and I don't think we had done a very good job of that in the last couple of years.

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On the barriers that you mentioned, maybe I'm to blame for these or to be thanked, I don't know, it's probably 50/50, but we did receive vendor proposals last month for these new platform screen doors, right? Those are expensive, and they won't fit in every station for a bunch of reasons. I would say too, at least in my experience, you don't often see those retrofitted. They're part and parcel in Japan when they built those lines or Singapore or the one line in London, by the way. It's not standard issue here in the U.S. In fact, I don't think any system other than air trains to airports do. We said to the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 62 staff like, look, why wait, are there other things we can do that are within our control that we can put out immediately to help our customers feel safer and to stand behind a barrier if they feel like they might be pushed or they might trip for that matter. We've seen folks drop a cell phone into the tracks because they're too close and climb down and get the cell phone. It's crazy. Please don't do that. We have staff that could do that for you. To me, it's an all the above kind of an approach so we're going to move forward with the platform screen doors, as you mentioned, but if there are other low-cost ways we can improve safety, we're going to try that too and, so far so good, and my hope is we'll roll out more, I think.

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Oh, the ADA and the L, the latest. So I don't have an actual date into when the entire system, we can get that for you but, this year, 14th Street, 6th Avenue and 7th Avenue will be completed, as I said, by middle this year, and then there are three other stations that are already accessible. We can come back to you about what the plan would be for the next capital program but, suffice to say, our goal of getting 95 percent of the system accessible

4 the date.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: All right. Thank you, Madam Chair, for the graciousness and the time and also look into the Essex Delancey, okay.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yes.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Missed opportunity. Thank you.

Mr. Davey. A few things. One is, I'm going to take you up on your offer. I'm Council Member Schulman. I represent Central Queens, Forest Hills, Kew Gardens, Richmond Hill. I would say it's a transit rich, somewhat rich area, but we do have issues, especially accessibility because the Chair came out to my District and saw one station, it's accessible and then the other one isn't, so it's difficult just to get on at the one station and then not be able to get around.

What I do want to talk to you about is the express buses. The express buses, what I've noticed, because I take them all the time, the QM11, I'm going to say that, and the QM18 and QM42, but

committee on transportation and infrastructure 64 what I often see is that I'll go for a particular bus to get a bus and then on the app it says we don't have the personnel to cover the bus and we're doing the best we can so what is being done there to make sure that the buses run on a regular basis.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, so employee availability has been a huge focus of ours. Twenty years ago, in the year 2000, the average transit employee worked 215 days. Two years ago, it was 188 so over 20-year period, we've lost almost 20 days. Even if you take out COVID, which obviously was and excruciating time for all of us, just not acceptable. We've been working with our partners in labor, the ATU and the TWU , to improve that. I think this year we're averaging about 198, 199 across New York City transit, which I'm happy about, but we still have to improve and so, when you see that, that means that there is absenteeism, folks calling in sick, whatever, the reasons may be. We've made a huge and concerted effort to hire bus operators as well so it's not just about getting folks to work, but it's also making sure we've got the appropriate number of bus operators. We're pretty much there in terms of the budget, but we do know we project forward

expected monthly attrition and, as a result, we're hiring up to that which is critical, but we just have to do a better job of working with our partners in labor and making sure that those employees feel safe, are coming to work, and are getting on those buses. I would also say too that I don't know if you use an app to, but I don't think our bus app is that great. We're actually quite...

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COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: It isn't.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: No, it's not, and so we are...

COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: It says the bus is coming until it's not.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Well, or if there are detours, for example, which actually happen very frequently in our city...

COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: Yes.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: And so you don't know the buses like two blocks away. This will be some news, but we are quietly piloting, now it's not so quiet because the press gallery is typing, a new app internal, we haven't launched it yet to see if we can make those improvements. One of the challenges with our buses is that the ping is every 30 seconds, not

every two or three seconds. You see the bus standing still when it moves two blocks. It's part of the challenge. I use buses frequently, too, and this has been my feedback so we're very much focused on that. It's employee availability, making sure we're hiring, and then improving the communication we're getting out to our customers. That's our strategy.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: Chair, I just had a couple of questions. All right?? Thank you.

The other is that, it hasn't happened recently, but it used to happen very often. I use the OMNY Card and, when it doesn't work, they just say, just get on the bus, don't worry about it, and that's losing money for you guys and I want to pay. I just wanted to ask about that too.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, no, that's incredibly frustrating. That's self-inflicted wound, right? As we talked about fare evasion before, there are folks who want to pay and our system is, we did a software upgrade in December for those validators, which we know helped and we're also getting better reporting now, so we're attempting to make sure that buses before they leave our depots, that those validators are working and, if they're not, then

we're getting better reports to ensure that they are, but I couldn't agree with you more, and that's what our bus drivers are told to do, not harass a customer, right, go ahead, but we've been pushing Cubic to give us better reporting as well so, again, I am with you on that and we're focused on it.

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want to just put in my two cents about expanding the express bus service, especially on the weekends because that would bring in a whole bunch of people to do shopping and everything else, especially in Queens to go into Manhattan so I wanted to put that out there because I think that would be a value.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, we're looking at that. We're also looking at express buses relative to congestion pricing too so we know that there are some routes that we do have good ridership, particularly during the weeks and potentially in the weekend with congestion pricing, so I think express buses in particular is a place we're watching closely as ridership grows and should we be adding more service, but I appreciate that point.

COUNCIL MEMBER SCHULMAN: By the way, I do take the surveys, so I just want to mention that.

made many great announcements in her State of the

know, bus lanes require partnership between the DOT

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 70 and the MTA, so I'd just like to get some more information from New York City Transit on what's actually in the pipeline. Is anything happening? Are there any new bus lanes that are actually getting built in the City of New York? We all have the data in the PMMR. We see that bus lanes are going as slow as ever. We see that we are dramatically behind our goals of the 150 miles of new bus lanes that have to be built in New York City over the next couple of years, and it doesn't appear that the Administration is making any new announcements about bus lanes around the city, but you have more insight than perhaps what we have so could you advise us, how many current new bus lane projects are underway and are planned for implementation, either this Fiscal Year, over the next three months or for the Calendar Year

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I can neither speak for the DOT or make commitments on their behalf?

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: No, but they consult with you about the things that are in the works, and I'm just trying to understand is there anything behind the curtain?

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in 2024.

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right?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: No, and, no, there's nothing behind the curtain. I will defer to them to answer, but I will say this, which is, from my perspective, I think New York City Transit's perspective, MTA, the more bus lanes, the better,

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: But they have to talk to you about the projects that are planned because they need you to implement them. They need the drivers. They need all of it. So what are they talking to you about?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: And those conversations are generally staff to staff, so am I fully up-to-date on what's been happening over the last couple weeks? I'm not, but I just wanted to give you...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Can you speak broadly to the number of bike lanes, new bus lane projects that are in the works that you're anticipating for implementation because I just keep hearing from MTA leadership how incredibly frustrated you all are that the DOT and this Mayor, let's be real, it's the Mayor, because DOT would love to build these bus lanes, the Mayor has just decided he doesn't care about bus lanes anymore. Can you give us

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 72
2 any insight to new projects that are being planned or
3 any progress that we can look forward to?

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Respectfully, Council

Member, a lot to unpack there. Let me just say this,
the Administration broadly for transit has been very
good. Safety has been the dominant topic, and the

Mayor and his team have been terrific in giving us
the resources we need to combat that. I'm on the
record as saying, for example, Fordham Road was a
disappointment. I think...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I recall.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: And, we're going to watch that closely. Probably 150 bus lanes wouldn't even be enough in my view, but there are other constituencies that the Administration has to work with, I get that.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Look ...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: With that said ...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I'm not asking you to indict the Mayor. I just am asking for this, for information on the projects that are coming. It doesn't sound like we're going to hear any of that today. Madam Chair, if I could ask one more question, if that'd be okay.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Last question.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Last question.

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disappeared and gone home and that we have no bus 5

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projects to be shared today from the MTA, just want

Despite my deep frustration that the bus Mayor has

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to ask you, we've got a six-week G Train shutdown

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that's coming this summer that I'm deeply concerned

about. We know you have plans for shuttle buses, but

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shuttle buses aren't going to move through the

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traffic in our neighborhoods and provide any real

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help to folks. Is there a plan for an actual busway

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and for rapid bus transit to get people in and out of

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our community with a six-week G Train shutdown because, as you know, Greenpoint has no other

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transit. We live and die on the G Train.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: A couple things, Council

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Member. Number one is, obviously, shutting down

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20 inconvenient for our customers, if not worse. The

service for that period of time is going to be

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alternative was, I think, 80 weekends of a shutdown.

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My perspective is you rip the band-aid off of these

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projects, get them done, and get out. As to your

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question on a plan, one thing that we're committed

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to, and it's been successful with our weekends, is we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 74
committed and appointed a Weekend Service Czar that's
very much focused on that. We're going to appoint a G
Train Czar to be focused on the buses, to be working
with the DOT, NYPD if we need to, our customer
service staff, and I think what I have found often is
in some of these projects, it's not coordinated,
right, and it really requires an individual to sleep,
eat, and breathe that particular project so you have
my commitment there. We're still working with the
City in terms of how that actual shuttle bus will
work, but I can assure you we've heard you and some
of your other Colleagues about your concerns. I'm
concerned as well. I want to make sure that our
customers are getting the best possible service that
we can provide.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I appreciate it.

We'd love to discuss further because shuttle buses in highly congested areas aren't going to be all that helpful. I just...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Happy to have that conversation.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thanks so much.

2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

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We're going to now move on to Council Member Ariola followed by Narcisse.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Thank you, Chair.

I just want to clarify that there are areas that are transit deserts and they do exist and, if you spoke with our Chair and Majority Whip, Selvena Brooks-Powers and my Constituents, they could show you exactly where it is. That being said, thank you for the ADA upgrade on the J line on Jamaica Avenue and the A line on Rockway Boulevard for the elevators that are put in. I also want to say that Danny Randell and Luke DePalma are amazing partners in keeping us abreast of what's happened.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Will Schwartz who, is that (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: At keeping us abreast of what's happening, the changes, and if there are any issues, they are addressed immediately. Thank you both very much for being as available as you are.

I'm happy to hear that you're running on a balanced operating budget but, in your entire budget and in your entire speech and your entire

commitment to have trains and buses be accessible, I didn't hear you say anything about the QueensLink and that, again, is very important to the people of the Rockaway Peninsula, which the Chair and I both represent. Why is it with surplus and balanced budgets, www don't hear anything about an EIS study for the QueensLink or any consideration of it.

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CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS MCCARTHY: Council Member, I'll jump in for that. The project you're discussing, it was studied in the 20year needs, and this is very different from what we did before, which is there will be a host of different projects that are looked at by different teams. We went to one place and put them together and called it a comparative evaluation so that we're looking at it holistically, all the projects that are expansion projects together and scoring them and understanding what they bring as far as ridership, potential ridership, potential growth, and what existing capacity is already there so I will make sure that you get a copy of the comparative evaluation and the discussion of that project and its status. Then from here, this is where the decisionmakers and our funding partners will make that

decision. To be clear, this is something we did look at and they'll be further discussion, but let's...

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COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Do you have a timeline for when decisions will be.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS MCCARTHY: The next step is, as you build out the capital program, there's statutory language state law. What we do is we'll put together a capital program, probably over this summer, because by next fall we will have to go to Albany with a capital program, which includes all our transit projects, Long Island Railroad, Metro North, bridge and tunnels, etc., laid out, and then what is the envelope that we're talking about as far as funding, and so that conversation will take place over the summer. What we're doing first is getting out there what our needs are so people understand exactly what we're talking about and how thorough we were. That was the mandate. It's do the work, do the research, find out what's needed, and then come back to us and let's figure out the funding for it, and that includes expansion projects.

COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Okay. And just, if I can, because that was a pretty lengthy answer.

2 PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sorry.

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COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: On the congestion pricing of course, I've been staunchly opposed to congestion pricing so I want to also clarify that the lawsuits that you refer to with litigants in New Jersey and other litigants, one of which I am, they're not pro traffic lawsuits. They're pro people lawsuits.

The last is we have buses that come into the Rockaway Peninsula. The 35 is on the Rockaway Peninsula. With the uptick in ridership on that particular bus because of the migrant base camp over in Floyd Bennett Field, it really has been very difficult for the riders to get a bus that's empty and for our schoolchildren to that go to school in Brooklyn to get a seat so we're asking for additional buses on that bus line, and also we need to address that people are not paying to get on the buses, they're not paying to ride, they're not getting a ticket. They're getting on in the back and there is no enforcement. I'd like to just know what you're doing about that. Thank you.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. So on enforcement, like I couldn't agree more. What we've done recently

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 79 is hire more Eagle team members and started to deploy them on buses so we'll take a look at those routes that in particular you're looking at but that is a major concern and, frankly, I teased it a little bit or mentioned it a little bit in my remarks, which is, if there's a potential setback, for our healthy fiscal outlook over the next five years is not addressing toll and fare evasion across MTA so it's something we're very focused on and, yeah, bus customers have to pay their fare. We do have enforcement out. Equity is also part of that, too. I mentioned at the beginning that really partnering with this Body and the Mayor and his team around Fair Fares is really important because there are New Yorkers who are struggling as well who don't wish themselves to beat the fair, but they're struggling to pay the 2.90 but, if we can offer them \$1.45, it certainly helps so there's a lot there.

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Relative to bus routes, I would just say this. We keep a very close eye on ridership and so happy to have a conversation about particular routes, but we do keep a very close eye on average ridership patterns to see most of our buses now, about 70 percent, have automated passenger counters now so we

- 1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
- 2 know how many people are getting on and off a bus.

- 3 Are there instances where there might be a crowded
- 4 bus, of course, but, overall, throughout the system,
- 5 we keep a close eye on it but happy to have a
- 6 conversation about particular routes.
- 7 COUNCIL MEMBER ARIOLA: Yeah, especially
- 8 on the 35, and I think that's good that you're
- 9 keeping a count because they don't want to lose buses
- 10 because you think there's a lessened ridership, and
- 11 | that's because people are not paying for the toll, so
- 12 | thank you so much.
- 13 PRESIDENT DAVEY: Thank you.
- 14 COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: I want to say
- 15 | thank you, Rich, for coming to our 46 District.
- 16 Before I start the question, I want to say every day
- 17 | is a special day for the transit workers because I
- 18 | know it's been tough, especially during COVID, they
- 19 | stepped up for us in New York City. Thank you for
- 20 that and looking forward for zero emission by 2040
- 21 because we need to do that. Thank you.
- 22 My question is when it come to the
- 23 redesigning, how is the progress for Brooklyn bus
- 24 redesigning going and is it on target?

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: How's it going? I would say it's deliberate, and it is on target into 2025, and I say deliberate because, again, I've learned in this business a long time and certainly here in New York is public feedback and public process is so important. I think, MTA learned a lesson for COVID with some redesigns where I think there was an attempt to move things along quickly and that caught a lot of customers by surprise, constituents, elected officials, and so Brooklyn is a very deliberate process. I think we've got more iterations to go. As I mentioned earlier, our customers, our bus operators for that matter, know these routes, know the traffic patterns, know the bus stops better than we do. In the Bronx, for example, even after we went through a full public process and rolled out the bus redesign, we still made a few more changes. I think we brought back in the Bronx like 10 or 12 bus stops because we saw that where they were located, I think one was at a senior center, one was at a major house of worship. It just didn't make sense. You've got my commitment we're going to continue to listen and, even after we implement the changes, which will be likely in 2025, we're probably going to make more changes as well.

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COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you for that. Since my Chair is looking at me for the timing, let's go on that. I'm looking forward for B76 on Avenue L, and we're excited for that, but I have complaints for Marine Park for B2, so I hope you're still looking into that and we are in transportation desert and L is still a problem, the train, when it come to weekends especially, I still have a lot of complaint for that and thank you for making them more accessible, the stations, so we appreciate that, and I have complaint on delay on B47, a lot of seniors complaining when they have to get access to get to their office. L is our lifeline to get out of because we live in transportation desert so please work on that. What else you have to answer me? Oh, B35, I was going to ask, I thank you Councilwoman Ariola already addressed that so I'm looking forward and I'm excited for the progress and for a better way and then you've been going my way, coming in front of our office for our seniors for the half fare, I appreciate that, so looking forward for a better transit.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Three minutes was fleeting. You know where to find me so if we can do anything...

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Please let me know.

COUNCIL MEMBER NARCISSE: Thank you. I

5 appreciate you.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Next, we'll hear from Council Member Shekar Krishnan.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Good morning.

Thank you so much, Chair, for a great hearing today. Thank you so much to all the MTA, to President Davey for testifying. I just had two questions, following up on, and I appreciate the MTA's work in particular around express bus lanes, making sure to find ways to get people using our buses and making our traffic more efficient and increasing our ridership. In that regard, an important piece of this too is, of course, enforcement to make sure that when we create express bus lanes or other bus lanes that buses are able to use them and not cars blocking them. The reason why I bring that up is I think you guys have done great work in my District in Jackson Heights with the Northern Boulevard bus lane, but there are two issues in particular I wanted to just mention to you all.

One is I'm, of course, very supportive of the bus

lanes and always have been and appreciate your work.

What we're noticing now is that there are a number of cars that are using the bus lane to get around traffic, are parking in the bus lane or double parking in the bus lane. I think what could really help is camera enforcement for bus lanes, making sure they're dedicated only for bus lanes. Would you all be open to looking into that and seeing what would be possible to, because without the enforcement, it just doesn't work.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: You had me at hello. The answer is yes. So two things there. One is we are expanding our camera enforcement this May actually, and it's not only for bus lanes, but it's actually for buses that aren't in bus lanes where cars are double parked or cars are actually parked in our bus stops, which by the way is a pet peeve of mine because for our customers who are disabled, by the way, getting off a bus in the middle of traffic. It's totally unsafe so that's one. Two is, and NYPD has been incredibly helpful, we formed a traffic enforcement group with them back in December and they put resources behind. We've been very focused on Queens and Brooklyn in particular, a bit in the Bronx as well for bus enforcement where we have less

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 85 cameras, but the bottom line is yes, if you are not a bus, get out of my bus lane. I say that all the time and happy to support your concerns on Northern Boulevard.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Sure and, as you're rolling it out in May, if you can look at prioritizing Northern Boulevard because it connects so many communities.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: For sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: And the bus lane has been transformative for bus service in this part of Queens after a lot of discussion about the bus routes. It's been really transformative, but it's going to require that enforcement as soon as possible to ensure that progress continues.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Right.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: My other question on the same note too was can you also take a look at express bus service? Now that we have that bus lane there on Northern Boulevard, having express buses too I think would help commuters and would be just a significant way to make sure that we continue to use our bus service and bus lane there that,

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 again, is great, but with enforcement and with

3 express bus service, I think it'd be very helpful.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: We certainly will.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Thank you very

6 much. Thank you, Chair.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you,

Council Member. Just have a couple more questions

before we close this portion of today's prelim with

MTA. I do want to ask a couple of questions

pertaining to Access-A-Ride Ride. Last year, the

State enacted budget increased the City's share of

the Access-A-Ride program from 50 percent to 70

percent. The Access-A-Ride program has a history of

poor service though, as you've noted, on-time

performance has improved in recent years. How is MTA

ensuring further improvements to the Access-A-Ride

service in this budget?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure, and maybe we'll make some news here. Yesterday, we had 37,000 paratransit customers, the highest ridership day in New York City transit history, not pre-COVID, post-COVID, this is the number of riders so we know how important it is to deliver a good service for our paratransit customers, and we are working hard,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 87 Chair. You're right. We are rewriting that history, three, four years ago, customer satisfaction was in the 40 percentile, we were running poor service, not great service. Today, I'm proud to say, and I know I always say this and I know some of our most fervent advocates are behind me, I want to acknowledge them because they hold us accountable as well. This is not always the lived experience for every single one of our customers, but 79 percent on customer satisfaction in January and some of the best on-time performance we've seen. How are we improving? So we're focusing in on that. We're pushing our vendors who are providing the service. That's one. Now, you can book with an app so rather than calling that phone number, you can actually use an mobile app to book your ride. We're experimenting right now with E-Hail Phase Two. E-Hail Phase One, the pilot, went on for six years. I don't know how many pilots go on for six years; that one did. We're in the midst of a sixmonth pilot, which will be winding down soon to see how else we can improve E-Hail, which is on-demand service, not required by the federal government. Better service for our customers. We've gotten some good feedback as well. We're looking at new

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 88 technology so we have an antiquated routing system that routes our service around. We have RFPs out, I think, actually, the RFP, I think, went out this past week. And then lastly, as I mentioned in my testimony, we actually shrank the on-time performance window, I think, to be within 30 minutes. Not a great on-time requirement, even though that is the federal standard. We shrunk that down to 20 to challenge ourselves to do better. Again, we have work to do, but it is very much a focal point of ours. We had 4 million subway customers, I think, yesterday, the first time we eclipsed 4 million this year, but our 37,000 paratransit customers are just as important and are just as a big part of how I think about dedicating time and resources to improve our service. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The MTA recently offered more customers access to Access-A-

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recently offered more customers access to Access-A-Ride E-Hail service pilot though this also placed additional restrictions on the use of this service.

Can you provide a status update on Phase Two of the E-Hail pilot?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, so not yet. We said we would do a six-month review, which as I said, we're closing in on a couple of things. Number one,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 89 we know customers are incredibly satisfied with the service, E-Hail, as a general matter, but you're right. What we did was put into place to expand the number. We went from 1,200 up to 3,600 folks who would be eligible to take the service, and it was a 25/40. You could take 40 trips at a cost of 25 we would cover, or 25 trips and we would cover up to 40. I think one concern we've heard from our customers, which is we're looking at, is how far that gets you within a multi-borough borrow trip, for example so that's something we're looking at but, as you mentioned at the outset, we're also cognizant that 70 percent of the dollars we're spending are the City's, and so we're trying to ensure that we're also good stewards of the dollars that you all provide but, at the same time, provide good service so I don't think we've hit the sweet spot yet and my expectation is later, this spring, if not summer, we would be talking publicly about what a Phase Three would look like.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I know you've been asked a couple of questions already about congestion pricing. I just had two really quick follow-up questions. A significant amount of the 2020

7 available without resources of congestion pricing to

fully finance the entirety of the current Capital

Plan?

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sadly, no, and we've been pretty clear about that. If congestion pricing fails for whatever reason or reasons, litigants or otherwise, there are a whole host of things we won't be doing. As I mentioned, signal systems, other upgrades, ADA stations will be delayed maybe into the next Capital Plan. There are going to be a lot of things that are going to hit the cutting floor for sure but, no, there is no plan B. There is no plan B. The plan B is to not do things fundamentally.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Will the MTA continue to fund and complete projects in the current plan after the completion of the plan?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: We always do, right? I think it's a commitment question and then, for example, rolling stock takes usually years to come to

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 91 fruition, but the answer is yes, we can commit the dollars, but then the actual construction and ribbon cutting, if you will, can happen beyond the current Capital Plan.

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the revenue sources.

DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL: I think if I can add to that, right?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure.

conversation, the envelope was 55 billion dollars for the 2024 Capital Plan, and the MTA always had said

DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL: The

the 2024 Capital Plan, and the MTA always had said that they would commit the 15 billion for congestion pricing prior to committing the last 8 to 10 billion dollars that the MTA would do. At this point, we've actually started committing our own dollars to move projects along, and we're at the point where the last 15 billion is necessary for us to continue the projects and, as you heard, President Davey say earlier is this is why we've put on hold certain projects, right, the CBTC, Second Avenue Subway could be in jeopardy because we're up to the limit of where we need dollars to start committing if we don't have

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And to that point, I just want clarity on that so are you saying

15 is in addition, yes, in addition, because 55

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 93
billion dollars as federal, there's state, there's
city-committed...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So I'm trying to understand that 15, that final 15, just based on how you responded, so with that 15, because the impression I got from your response was that the capital improvements that are needed up to that remaining 15 billion is accounted for but, with that 15 billion, it seems almost like there is something the MTA could do to contribute towards that 15 billion or is it absolute?

DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL: It's an absolute necessary.

 $\label{thm:chairperson} \mbox{ CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's what I } % \mbox{ Wanted clarity on.} % % \mbox{ That Solution of the state of the solution of the solution$

DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL: To continue the program.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Of the 55 billion, we're at the last 15 billion. That's congestion pricing. Everything else was filled up, as Jai said, by federal government, by our own dollars, by the state, by the city for that matter. The last 15 billion is all about congestion pricing. If congestion pricing

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 94 doesn't happen, those projects do not happen in this Capital Plan and they never happen.

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Wanting to add on to Council Member Ariola's question in terms of QueensLink. Offline, I've had a number of conversations with different representatives of the MTA and just wanting to get on record that the MTA, that the Queensway, which is the Park aspect of the conversation with QueensLink, building that park will not prevent further scoping of the viability for QueensLink.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I would have to get back to you. I don't know the extent of the work that the City has planned specifically there, but we are...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I mean I've been told by the MTA and the Administration that the development of the Queensway would not get in the way of the right-of-way for the QueensLink.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I just want confirmation.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah (INAUDIBLE) that is the case. It's not precluding something being done in the future, but we, as I said previously in our 20-

year needs, we've started to look at this, and I think we've been meeting with you and your team and having discussions along with all these other projects that we're have to look at so we'll continue to do that as we put together a capital program.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What are the metrics the MTA is looking at with respect to QueensLink and projects like QueensLink when assessing viability for an EIS? I've also requested in the past to be able to contribute to an EIS, but was told not to and so I'd like to understand on the record what those metrics are as it pertains assessing in the viability of an EIS.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure, and we'll walk you through it, but it's a pretty complex review, looking at a whole host of measures from the obvious, which is cost-effectiveness and ridership, but we also took a deep dive into equity. We want to make sure that we're growing in a fair way. We want to be concerned about geographic distribution so that we're not just growing or supporting expansion in one area and not others and then sustainability is...

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How you

growing and expanding in Rockaway or Southeast
Queens.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: For example, in

Southeast Queens, by modernizing the signals on the

QBL, it's going to allow us to run more service and,

by more service, that's growth. That's like the new

way...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: You're talking about the $\mathbb Q$ and the...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: The QBL, which is the Queens Boulevard Line.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. Sorry.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah but, again, that's going out to Jamaica, that's the feeder service where so many of our buses link into, so the point is, you don't want to just grow in one specific area of the city. That's part of this study. Resiliency is how is this making our system more resilient so that we can continue to run and run more and then capacity. Where are we with capacity. When you look at something like QueensLink, you're going to want to see has there been growth since the Long Island Railroad shut that

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Oh, there's growth in Rockaway.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, exactly. What is the potential growth.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Won't you come visit?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: So that's the host of areas that we looked at, and we're happy to go over it with you and your team.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And I'm glad you mentioned in terms of equity and how growth looks. I was talking to my staff just this week and looking at a map of the subway lines and, when you look on that map across the boroughs, when you look in Canarsie, Brooklyn, for example, in Council Member Narcisse's District, there's absolutely no subways. When you look in Southeast Queens, at the end of the E and J line and the F line and you go southeast, there is absolutely no subway line. When you look at the buses that we have, while we have a few express buses that come into Manhattan, they all go into Midtown, where a lot of our workforce comes downtown

said. Mass transit is the engine of equity and that

is something that we talk about day-in and day-out

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 99 and, when you think about equity, it's around looking at the cost of the fare and not only the traditional buses and subways, looking at making sure that our folks have access to the railroads that have plowed through our communities and just getting the word out, too, of our different fare products and, as you said, where the subway systems are already built, and we're looking at expanding those stations, whether it's through the four new Metro North station and the IBX, but looking at buses too, buses, with the approach of the bus redesign, making sure our buses are meeting our customers need so happy to have a conversation with you and everyone else around how we can continue to make sure and ensure that mass transit remain equitable. I'm happy to have that because that is front and top of mind for me every day.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And to that point, going back into equity and access, with congestion price, what about affordability? Do you have long-term plans to allow, for example, free transfers through CityTicket between commuter rail and other modes of transportation?

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CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: You were a supporter of this and certainly
the Governor pushed this through and the Mayor on the
CityTicket changes, and that's sort of a...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just to be clear, I was not in support of getting rid of (INAUDIBLE) tickets. I just want to be clear on the difference of that.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS MCCARTHY: But the good news is the CityTicket has added ridership opportunities, and we're seeing it with the numbers so I think there's more to be done in that area where we know that there's legislation at the State level on this right now that we're just getting this week, we're taking a look at that, but we're all about opportunities to get more people to use transit. Like Rich said, we had the busiest day of the year on the subways yesterday. That's very exciting. Think about four years ago, we were going the other way, shutting it down, four years ago to the day, so we're always open to those ideas. How can we get more people to use our network and different parts of our network, meaning more buses that go to the railroad stations, both in Metro North territory

and Long Island Railroad. Think about Southeast

Queens. There are so many stations that were underutilized, but today, like St. Albans has more trains than they ever had stopping there. That's good news.

Fordham in the Bronx. We've doubled the number of trains that stop there. It used to be that trains going to Connecticut just didn't stop. Not anymore. And they're available at a lower price. More opportunities like that we're going to explore.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And then when we think about Fair Fares, I just wanted to talk about that program. It's such an important program for so many New Yorkers in need and, yesterday, in the Speaker's State of the City remarks, she once again called for the eligibility threshold to increase to 200 percent of the federal poverty level. At the HRA Preliminary Budget hearing, HRA talked about their partnership with the MTA for Fair Fares programming, and can you talk to us about how you work with HRA to promote the program and can you walk us through the MTA's efforts to increase Fair Fairs uptake among eligible New Yorkers, and is outreach funded in the MTA budget?

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2 CHIEF CUSTOMER SERVICE OFFICER RIERA: We 3 are in constant communication with the Mayor's Office as well as DSS around Fair Fares. There is no 4 shortage of conversation as well as the opportunity to promote the program. As President Davey said in 6 his opening remarks, we are currently using two of 7 our customer service centers, which we have about 16 8 across the city, we have converted, in addition to, information around OMNY and other service 10 11 information. We are doing enrollment days at those 12 two centers a couple times a month, and the goal is 13 at the end of the year to grow the number of customer service centers and partnering with the City agency 14 15 to do more Fair Fares enrollment days. President 16 Davey twice a month, it seems like every other week 17 actually, does Transit Talks Day, going into the 18 system with execs and other members of the transit 19 team and engaging customers around concerns and 20 feedback, and we have Fair Fares enrollment team 21 there. It goes beyond giving out brochures and 2.2 information and awareness about the program, but we 2.3 have them with their iPads. We publicize and advertise well ahead of the event and encourage 24

people to come with their information and we do on-

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 103 site enrollment. We are using our digital screens to bring awareness of the program and just, again, encouraging people to use our centers as well as the City agency's points to enroll into the program so we will continue to do our part to, again, bring awareness and grow enrollment, and we welcome the City Council's commitment and their investment in the Fair Fares program as well as raising the eligibility because as we, whether it's congestion pricing or fare hearings that we have, there are those that, whether they're students or those who are low-income but are working class that are close to the eligibility can stand to benefit from that so we welcome that partnership again.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I'm going to now turn over questions to Council Member Rivera followed by Louis followed by Krishnan.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you so much. We've talked about the bus quite a bit, which I appreciate. I take both the bus and the train every day. In the State-enacted budget, funding was included for a pilot program which offers one free bus route in every borough. Can you update the Committee on the pilot program? How did you choose

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 104 which bus routes to make free to passengers? What have you learned that could inform future decisions and how did you measure success?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure, so we're still in the midst of that pilot right now across the five boroughs. How do we choose them? So we looked at a few things. The statute certainly outlined a few and we looked at a few others, but certainly it was demographic, it was income level, it was ensuring that, one thing we looked at was to ensure the bus line or the bus route didn't follow a subway line because we didn't want to cannibalize the subway to bus. We really wanted to see are new people taking more trips or if it's the same folks, for example, or folks just getting off the subway and taking bus. We're not moving the dial. So that's how we thought about the service and then not redundant bus service. As you know, some bus service we have is redundant. We have several routes running along the same line. Again, we didn't want everyone to leave a couple of routes and all plow on to the free route so that's how we selected it. I think we're relatively close, and we'll be able to provide information to the

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 105

Committee probably in the next month or so about how the pilot worked.

In measures of success, I think it'll be customer satisfaction. That's my north star. We always go back to that, are customers satisfied. Not surprising, people like free things so I expect we'll see customer satisfaction will be high. I have no doubt we're going to see that ridership was higher for sure, but I think understanding, again, are there folks using the system more, were we able to attract new folks to the system, or were we able to attract people out of their cars, for example, or were they previously walking, like understanding how behavior changed is going to be, I think, an important part of informing MTA and other stakeholders in the future about other pilots like this.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: And you'll be able to see what impact the free bus routes had on the subway stations I imagine that they connect to.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yep, that's correct.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Have you seen an increase in subway ridership at stations along the route?

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: I have the

3 receipts.

 $\label{eq:president_president} \mbox{PRESIDENT DAVEY: And you are the 2 so} \\ \mbox{thank you.}$

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: I've got them all here in my OMNY collection, but...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: When you look at the metrics by the survey, does the survey and, forgive me for not knowing this, say explicitly by riders that they feel safer with more cops in the subway.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: So the answer is yes, and when we asked them a couple different questions. Do you feel safer this month versus last month? That's a question. We've seen that last couple of months actually decline. It will be interesting to see in February and March if that changes. We also asked the question, do you think it's the Goldilocks sort of question, are there too many cops, too few cops or is it just right, and the answer is, what we've seen over the last few months is folks are saying we want to see more cops in the system. That's consistent. It's a consistent question we've asked

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 108

the last two years and we track it on a month-to
month basis.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you. Thank you, Madam Chair, for the additional round.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Chair.

As we get to the end of this, right, we didn't get to talk about bus speeds, so I wanted to know if you could share with us the current average bus speed of MTA buses and if you could provide information and breakdown on both the average for local and select buses and by borough.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure, so I don't think I have that data in front of me, but the answer is we absolutely track it by borough, by select bus versus not. We also track customer satisfaction. I can tell you just at a high level it's intolerably slow. I think Manhattan might be slightly better than some of the other boroughs...

 $\label{eq:council_member_louis:} \mbox{Thank you for the} $$ \mbox{honesty.}$

PRESIDENT DAVEY: But the bottom line is it's the best of the worst. It is intolerably slow, which is why we have been, and Shanifah mentioned this, buses in particular are the engine of equity,

and I think in the past, perhaps, it hasn't been as much of a focus maybe for other administrations. It is a huge focus for us, not only in the bus redesigns, but also as your Colleague, Council Member Krishnan, asked earlier about thinking about the enforcement question and what we know about enforcement is it changes behavior, right, when a New Yorker gets a ticket from a bus, 80 percent of the time, they never get a second ticket.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Right.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: And 90 percent of the time they never get a third ticket because behavior changes, which is great news, but we also know traffic is increased. It's back in many respects to pre-COVID.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Right.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: And we also know, too, you all see it, ambulances, fire trucks, and I would not want to be a New Yorker in distress. Ambulances seem to get stuck in traffic all the time.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Right.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: That's intolerable as well so working on this sort of holistic approach

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 110
2 will speed up buses, no doubt, but also improve those
3 emergency vehicles getting around the city.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: So we know the MTA loves surveys, right?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I'm sorry. We love?

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Surveys.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yes.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Because that's the north star, right?

 $\label{eq:president_president} \mbox{PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yes, I am obsessed with } \\ \mbox{that. I'm sorry.}$

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: So I wanted to ask how are you utilizing the surveys to enhance performance time and both just making sure that the feedback is implemented to improve.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah, no, I appreciate that question. In a few ways, and I could talk about this, I don't know how much time I have, Chair, so a couple of things. Number one is I have my station management team in once a month, the entire 25 folks to talk about the customer surveys. This station is not clean, there are concerns about fare evasion here, there are concerns about homelessness there, what are we doing about it, who are we talking to,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 111 the NYPD Cos, homeless outreach, etc., so we're putting into action very specifically what our customers are asking for within the station environment, which was also the impetus behind our Re-NEW-vation and our LED program, etc. Line managers, so we also have our line managers in who manage our subway lines. Now we're starting that next week to talk about, okay, what are we seeing, is there crowding on platforms, what's our terminal performance in terms of departures, how can we improve getting trains out? We very much use that data as well. Then lastly, on the bus side, what we did last year was we took the 29 under-performing routes. We have about 200-plus bus routes in the city. We focused on just the 29 worst. Customers were saying it was bad. Bus speeds were super slow, etc., and we focused very much on those 29 routes. Everything from potholes need to be fixed to NYPD needs to be out doing traffic enforcement to maybe some of our bus operators need to be motivated to get out on time, etc. I'm thankful that 10 of those have graduated because we've made so much improvement and we've rotated them in. We look at what our customers

are telling us all the time because, look, that's the

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 112 business we're ultimately in. Traditionally in this 2 business, it's mean distance between failure and all 3 4 these metrics that ultimately don't say are your customers satisfied, and that's what we're obsessed with. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you. It'd be good to get an update on the 29 and the (INAUDIBLE). 8 PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure, absolutely. COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Yes. 10 CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS 11 12 MCCARTHY: And I just want to add that are all our bus 13 speed datas are on our Open Data portal, so we'll 14 make sure you get that link, and there's so much more 15 information we're throwing up there as well. COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you. Thank 16 17 you, Madam Chair. 18 COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Thank you, 19 Chair. Thanks. Just a few more questions from my end, 20 too, and you may have actually touched on these 21 before but just wanted to make sure we had it clear 2.2 for the record, too, on this information. So one is, 2.3 what is the timeline on signaling upgrades? PRESIDENT DAVEY: It's multi-year, right, 24

and, as mentioned earlier, for the AAC, the B, D, F,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE and M, that's delayed as a result of congestion pricing, but it's a multi-year process, right, because we're literally building the bike as we're riding it, i.e., we're installing the signal systems while we're still running service so that'll take time. The good news is we've made a lot of progress in the last couple of years to get that done, but we can get you an exact date, but it's definitely a multi-year process for sure.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Got it.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: And that's the reason because we're not we're not shutting down lines for months at a time.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: And what's the projected cost of upgrading the entire system?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: It's in the billions.

I'll get you the exact number, but it's an expensive proposition but one that needs to happen. We have signal system here at City Hall. It was installed literally, 1952. It's a mini-miracle it's still running 70 years later, but that's what we're up against.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: What

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improvements in performance have you seen in the lines where CBTC has been implemented?

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Huge. The number 7 line

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in particular, which I take every day from Hell's

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Kitchen, has the highest customer satisfaction and

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the highest on-time performance. Because the CBTC

system, the Communication Based Train Control is what

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CBTC stands for, is our most state-of-the-art signal

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system, and we're able to run service during rush

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hour every two to three minutes. The signal system

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allows you to run trains safely and more closely

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together. But customers are happier, the service is

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better, Mets fans are happier when, I still call it

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Shay, pours out after a game. That's what we want to

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replicate across the transit system.

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going to deviate from this for a second because I'm

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glad you mentioned the 7 train. I can't believe that

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I forgot this before. As a daily 7 train rider...

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Thank you.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: I think that,

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: All right. I'm

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yes, and I think overall, (INAUDIBLE) service has

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been much better with CBTC and things like that but,

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 115 2 right now, the work on the 7 train in Queens has 3 dragged on for a while and I'm seeing it, all my 4 constituents are seeing it. It's skipping stops as you do each side and then the delay sometimes, I'm late even here, getting for hearings or votes because 6 7 get on, plan the trip and it'll take even longer. I 8 know other Colleagues that use the 7 train too face the same dilemma so what, I understand the work and I know we followed up with the agency as well. There is 10 11 work that needs to be done, but now it's dragging on 12 and it's causing major delays on the train so what is the timeline to have the work done and how can we 13

PRESIDENT DAVEY: A lot of that, of course, is ADA work, right, and it is on time and on schedule is as far as I know, I'll be corrected if not by someone behind me.

expedite it because it is becoming a big issue.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: He knows.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Exactly. Yeah, so it's a seven-station project. We're doing some more work right now, 82nd and 111th. I look at the on-time performance twice a day, I get a report twice a day, so certainly there have been from time to time issues on the 7 but, overall, it's performing at 90 percent

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: When's the work going to be done, you think?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I'll find out for you.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: I don't know, and this

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Okay.

10 sticky didn't know either.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Sure. There's one other thing on that point too, and I'm glad you mentioned accessibility.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah.

absolutely right, those repairs need to be done. It's crucial. The subway system needs to be far more accessible than it is. 82nd Street in Jackson

Heights, I know you're doing work there but, as I understand it, and please correct me if I'm wrong, there's no elevator there and my understanding, and other electeds' understanding too was the work that was being done would put in an elevator at 82nd

Street. Right now, number of individuals with disabilities, parents with strollers, who I've helped

committee on transportation and infrastructure 117 out, I was one of them myself just a couple years ago too, it's a real big issue and it's a very trafficked station so we're doing all this work but, at the end of it, we're not going to have an accessible subway station there and so would love to hear more about what can be done.

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. It sounds like it fell out of this Capital Plan for funding reasons.

The work that's being done there now is a state of good repair work around the station. What I'm told is, if we have identified funding in the future and next capital plan or beyond, the work that's being done should make it easier to put an elevator there.

Certainly, we have a lot of work to do to make our system accessible. That's what happens when you run a system that opened in 1904, but this would I guess go back to the congestion pricing question, which I think you, I don't want to, I think you said you're supportive of, but I don't want to put words in your mouth.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Yes, I am.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: This is the reason why we need congestion pricing is to invest in these kinds of major upgrades but, obviously, we're in the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE midst of, as John said, our 20-year needs plan is out. We'll be putting together I think our draft Capital Plan in the fall for public comment, etc., and the board so welcome, for any projects, this Body's view about what we should be funding for the

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: And if you can prioritize the elevator because we're doing the work on accessibility, but the main accessible component is missing from the construction work so I think for the next round, it's something I think that really needs, it's not great...

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yeah.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: At all, and so it really needs to be prioritized, especially if we're shutting down (INAUDIBLE)

PRESIDENT DAVEY: It is always the balance, right? Obviously, you had concerns about some of the construction happening on 7. We heard it earlier from Council Member Restler on the G. There's always this trade-off between trying to get work done that's critically important and then the impacts it has to customers, but I definitely hear you. John.

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next five years.

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CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: And I would just add that we're in a race

to get as much ADA done as possible. We've done more

in the last four years than I think we did in the

prior two capital programs, and part of that is like

coming up with a criteria that's fair and sometimes

doesn't feel fair because you're doing work at a

station. In the case of 82nd Street, you're right

next to 74th Street, where it's ADA and so that works

its way into that equation. We don't want people to

be more than two stations away, but noted, because I

understand the point, you're doing work there anyway,

but just so you see when we're coming up with these

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Got it. My final two questions are, one more on the 7. Has there been any look at the line itself is so loud as it goes across any work and look at sound enforcement or finding ways to reduce it? You guys replaced lead paint that's peeling off and created major issues. Any look at sound control?

plans what we're dealing with.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Honestly, I'm not aware we have. Certainly, we can take a look at, which we do on a frequent basis, the wheel profile of our

trains, for example, right? That can create some additional noise, but making sure that we're truing our wheels on a regular basis, which we do. That's something we can look at, but let me let me go back and talk to the team to see. Obviously, trains are noisy in some respects, but we can look to see if

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Sure. Finally, going back to CBTC. Last question is, are there any barriers to implementation that prevent a full rollout of CBTC signals to the whole subway system.

there's something we can do.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Are there any barriers to that? Not that I'm aware of. I think the question is, as we said, is the trade-off of time versus keeping service running. That would be our desire. We know our signal systems are antiquated and some are from the Eisenhower or first Roosevelt administration I think in some instances, that might be slight exaggeration, but, no, not that I'm aware of.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: Good question. While you're implementing

this, there's obviously impacts on the service that

President Davey is implementing so that's always the

trade-off, but, yeah, it's money and time

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 121
2 availability, look, the 7 train that you lived
3 through, when we put, there was a lot of suffering,
4 right, and then there's the ability to run that much
5 more service, and we frequently use that as an
6 example as we go out to these other lines now, and
7 including the G train, but that's the short of it.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Got it. Thank you and thank you, Chair. Sorry for my detour on the 7 line.

 $\label{eq:chairperson brooks-powers: That was } \\$ definitely a detour.

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Next, we'll have Majority Leader Farías.

MAJORITY LEADER FARÍAS: Thank you, Chair. Just a couple of quick questions. In your testimony, you speak about frequencies being improved on eight subway lines including mine, the 6 train, which is great. We love to hear that, and I hope my constituents watching see the good work we're doing and increasing frequencies, but I just wanted to follow up on that a bit and ask how do these, either the frequencies improving on these lines or just generally, the wait times comparatively to last year can we talk about those comparisons and how they're improving?

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PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. Typically where we're adding service is midday, nights, and weekends, right, so the 6 has pretty good frequency during rush hour in particular, and I think what we're hearing from our customers in particular is the concerns of adding more service during those times, and so on average, we're adding two, three, sometimes four minutes or reducing so for a 10-, 12-minute wait time, that's pretty significant, right? That's what we're seeing. Truthfully, in particular for the R, we've had some challenges because we have work trains coming out of Coney Island for some of that direct track fixation work we're doing so that should clear up in the next couple of weeks but overall, we've been pretty pleased with what we've been able to offer midday, nights, and weekends. Weekends, in particular, where we've seen ridership come back relatively speaking even stronger than weekdays.

MAJORITY LEADER FARÍAS: Okay, and so the improving frequencies by 20 to 25 percent, you're saying that's over the last year or what's the timeframe of comparing that?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yes, over the last year.

Once the budget was completed, we started these

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 123 2 rollouts last summer, and then what we do is our 3 employees pick their work every quarter and so we made those adjustments as those "picks" came out. 4 MAJORITY LEADER FARÍAS: Great. Just 5 really quickly on capital projects, were any impacted 6 7 or halted by PEGs or the Capital Plan at all? PRESIDENT DAVEY: Were any halted by? 8 9 MAJORITY LEADER FARÍAS: Halted, prevented, or if there's any PEGs or any adjustments 10 11 in the budget. Are things going accordingly? For 12 example, I have my ADA conversion happening right now in Parkchester. 13 14 PRESIDENT DAVEY: Anything that is in 15 construction, no, but, because of the delay in 16 congestion pricing, we have delayed projects that 17 that we're unsure of whether or not we'll have the 18 dollars, signaling system, ADA projects, a whole host 19 of projects, unfortunately, but anything that's in 20 construction now, no. That is continuing. CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS 21

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Yes.

MCCARTHY: Including Penn Station access (INAUDIBLE)

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station.

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MAJORITY LEADER FARÍAS: I was going to

3 | follow up on that. Thank you.

I wanted to ask about agency-to-agency reporting on real-time bus data. I know we track our buses in real time for the various apps that we have to inform riders when the buses are oncoming or when they're delayed, etc.

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Right.

MAJORITY LEADER FARÍAS: I had a constituent have an incident where they could not find a way to report the exact time of when an incident occurred to the agency that they were calling 9-1-1, like they were on the phone with 9-1-1 and 9-1-1 could not actually, they didn't have the real-time data of where the bus was going and so a consistent update needed to happen, and so I was just wondering and I'm looking into this actually legislatively as well, is there a way that we are communicating to emergency services or is there a way that we're keeping our real-time bus data overlapped with maybe 9-1-1, fire, EMS?

PRESIDENT DAVEY: Sure. We can certainly have that conversation in our rail control center. For example, from the subway side, we have a

today. Thank you. It's about distribution of FHV

surcharge receipts. The MTA '20 to '24 to '27 adopted financial plan includes FHV surcharge receipts of 375 million dollars in 2024, 387 million dollars in 2025, that grows to 401.2 million dollars by 2027. Of that amount, 50 million is reserved for the Outer Borough Transportation Account items. Can you describe for the Committee how the Outer Borough Account came to exist, how it is utilized, and can you identify for the Committee some of the key projects funded in Calendar Year 2024, and can you also share some details on how those projects were selected?

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DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL: I can start with some of the things that I know. 2023 was the first year that the Outer Borough Account reached about 49 million, and the Outer Borough Account was, through the legislation that created the surcharge for the 96th street, required that the first 300 million dollars would go to the Subway Action Plan, the next 50 million dollars would be dedicated to the Outer Borough Transportation Account, and then anything above 350 dollars would go back to the Transportation Fund Account to fund transit projects. The 50 million dollars, part of the legislation said how we would spend the money through

the actual state and the legislature. They actually sign off on projects, and so I think what we saw was that in 2024, there was 22 million dollars dedicated for rebates on two of the bridges for that funding. The remaining of the 50 million has not been decided of how it would be allocated to the outer boroughs.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So it has not been decided yet? Just to clarify, you're saying that the State Legislature, they are the ones that sign off on what the projects are based on the legislation.

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{DEPUTY}}$ CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL: That is my understanding.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: That's correct. It's similar to how the

capital program works so it's the designees on that

board would approve an expense.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Has the MTA put in anything for the remaining amount, any projects?

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: Not to date, but we would work with the

State Legislature to come up with different projects

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 128 beyond what was already in there for the Henry Hudson Bridge and the Cross Bay.

DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL:
Cross Bay, yeah.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: It'd be great to see 3 to 10 million for EIS for QueensLink. It sounds like you got a little bit of change left over there.

In Calendar Years 2022 and 2023, actual receipts for the Outer Borough Transportation Account items, again, were 37.3 million dollars and 51.8 million dollars respectively. To date, how many Outer Borough projects have been funded out of this account, and where are some of these projects located? I know you mentioned Cross Bay, so that's one, but what else?

DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PATEL:

It's just those 2 rebate programs so far. The first year, we only, as you stated, in 2022, there was only 37 million. We didn't want to dedicate any funding, we were unsure if we were reaching 50 million, so you don't want to overcommit any funding so that was the first time we actually saw the account get any funding above the 300 million that's dedicated to the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 129
Subway Action Plan and then, because we got the, I
think you updated me, I said 49 million, 51 million
in 2023, so we are starting to spend that 51 million
for the rebates.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm in support of those programs, just for the record. Just wanting to understand how you are prioritizing the excess beyond that.

Thank you for coming out, for your patience with us today, and your thorough and thoughtful answers and looking forward to following up on some components. I think you have an outstanding answer for me as it pertains to the reporting with the stops.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS MCCARTHY: Yeah, and the answer is yes, we will be reporting those out. We have not accumulated something yet, but those will be reported out.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS

MCCARTHY: And one last thing. I just want to thank

you, Chair. We've been sending over job openings and

there are more and more. We have an open bus operator

exam, and these are good-paying jobs, and we

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 130
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2	appreciate that you and your team and other Council
3	Members are putting the word out and people are
4	applying for those jobs.
5	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes. Keep the
6	flyers coming.
7	CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS
8	MCCARTHY: Which can keep the trains running.
9	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes.
10	CHIEF OF POLICY AND EXTERNAL RELATIONS
11	MCCARTHY: Thank you.
12	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.
13	We'll take five minutes before we start the next
14	section.
15	SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Ladies and gentlemen,
16	please find your seats. Once again, ladies and
17	gentlemen, please find your seats so we can resume.
18	Quiet in the Chambers, please. Folks,
19	please find your seats. Once again, please find your
20	seats. We are ready to resume.
21	Thank you for your cooperation.
22	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Good afternoon
23	and welcome. We'll have Committee Counsel swear in

the next agency.

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 131
2	COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: Good afternoon.
3	If you could all raise your right hand. We can wait
4	until the water's poured, that's fine.
5	Do you affirm to tell the truth, the
6	whole truth, and nothing but the truth in your
7	testimony before this Committee and to respond
8	honestly to Council Member questions?
9	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I do.
10	EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: I
11	do.
12	COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I do.
13	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: I do.
14	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I do.
15	COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: And if you
16	could identify yourself and your titles for the
17	record before you begin, and then you may begin your
18	testimony.
19	ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Rick
20	Rodriguez, Assistant Commissioner for
21	Intergovernment.
22	EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: Paul
23	Ochoa, Executive Deputy Commissioner.
24	COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Ydanis Rodriguez,
25	Commissioner of DOT.

prioritizing the needs of working- and middle-class

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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New Yorkers and investing in public spaces. We appreciate the Mayor's continued investment in DOT during difficult financial times. This budget will allow DOT to continue our work to make New York City the safest city for pedestrians and cyclists in the whole country, re-imagine the use of public space, invest in working-class and middle-class communities and communities of color, make the city more accessible for all New Yorkers including people with disabilities, maintain our infrastructure, including nearly 800 bridges and tunnels, and continue to operate the Staten Island Ferry, while also being

Expense budget, DOT's 1.4 billion FY25

Expense Budget includes the following: 117 million

for bridge maintenance and inspection; 149 million

for ferry operations and maintenance; 236 million for

roadway maintenance; 302 million for other DOT

operations and administration including sidewalk

management and inspection; 458 million for traffic

operations including signals, streetlights, automated

enforcement, and parking; and 141 million for

transportation planning and management including

installation of street signs and roadway markings.

fiscally responsible with our spending.

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operations.

Turning to Vision Zero, last month, the City marked the 10-year anniversary of Vision Zero. While pedestrian fatalities across the country reached the highest number since 1987, New York City had the lowest year of pedestrian fatalities since we started collecting data 113 years ago, other than 2020's year of COVID. Through engineering, education, and enforcement, Vision Zero is working, but we have much more to do, and now I would like to ask a moment of silence on behalf of the little boy that we lost yesterday in the crash where the driver failed to yield.

Equity has long been a cornerstone of New York City DOT's implementation of Vision Zero and is

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 135 a top priority for this Administration led by Mayor Eric Adams. We are committed to ensuring our safety projects reach all New Yorkers, using data to prioritize interventions where they are most needed and can have the greatest benefit. This budget reflects this Administration's continued commitment to Vision Zero and the safety of all New Yorkers. The FY24 to FY33 10-Year Capital Plan invests nearly 4.2 billion in Vision Zero, and our expense budget invests an average of about 260 million annually. We will continue our focus on improving intersections, following the Mayor's announcement that the City will make safety improvements at 2,000 intersections each year with design improvements like raised crosswalks, leading pedestrian intervals, and sidewalk extensions, as well as daylighting to improve visibility between pedestrians and drivers in 1,000 intersections at those locations. On Queens Boulevard, we will continue to transform what was formerly known as The Boulevard of Death, El Bulevar de la Muerte. We are working with the Department of Design and Construction to transform existing medians into green pedestrian malls, raise the bike lane, and improve travel times for bus riders by moving bus

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2 stops to the median, and the Department of

3 | Environmental Protection will also make major water

4 and sewer upgrades. This project is supported by our

5 recently awarded Safe Streets for All grant from U.S.

6 DOT.

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In Southeast Queens, starting this spring we will be partnering with DDC and DEP to bring flooding relief to residents of over a dozen streets across Hollis, Saint Albans, and Jamaica. The project will include new curbs, streets, sidewalks, and porous pavement to better manage stormwater events as well as raised crosswalks to enhance accessibility and safety. In Brooklyn, at the complex intersection of Flatbush Avenue, Utica Avenue, and Avenue S in Marine Park, we will add new and expanded concrete pedestrian space, shorten crossing distances, and add new crosswalks. In the Bronx, we will construct new medians and expand sidewalks near several schools and playgrounds in Hunts Point, which will add more than 3,500 square feet of new pedestrian space.

Beyond our critical infrastructure projects, we are working with our partners in Albany to renew and expand our life-saving red light camera program, which will expire this year and is currently

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 137 limited to 150 intersections. We need your support, your partnership to move those numbers, expand those numbers to 1,700 intersections.

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Turning to bikes. With over a halfmillion bike trips taken each day and Citi Bike reaching record ridership, cycling has never been more popular in New York City. To meet this demand, New York City has built more protected bike lanes than all other big U.S. cities combined. In 2023, we installed a record-breaking 31.9 new protected bike lane miles, in 2022 we also built 27 protected bike lanes. It means 220 protected bike lanes have been built in the last 10 years, and most of those have been built in the last two years, a large percentage have been built in the last two years. We met the Administration's commitment to harden 20 miles of bike lanes by the end of 2023 and are installing wider lanes (INAUDIBLE) New York City one of the first ones working towards widening the bike lanes, and we installed over 3,250 bike racks and distributed nearly 22,000 bike helmets and 9,000 bike lights. This year, we will undertake many critical bike projects including: Eastchester Road from Pelham Parkway to Hutchinson Greenway in the Bronx; Simonson COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 138 Avenue, Walker Street, Tranter Avenue, connecting to the bike path on the Bayonne Bridge in Staten Island; 10th Avenue and 2nd Avenue in Manhattan; and the Washington Bridge. We are working to expand Citi Bike and incorporate previously underserved parts of the city while adding more capacity to the parts of the system with the highest demand. We currently have over 27,000 bikes and over 2,000 stations. Once this year's scheduled expansion is complete, more than half of New York City residents will live within a five-minute walk of a Citi Bike station, and it is a commitment of this Administration to connect all communities with Citi Bike and micromobility including our scooters program, and to promote the safe use of powered mobility devices and reduce fire risks, we recently launched a six-month e-bike charging pilot program to test different battery charging technologies on the street. We will also launch an e-bike buyback program to help delivery workers transition from dangerous, illegal, and uncertified powered mobility devices to UL-certified bikes and batteries. As you can see, those are some of the locations where we are doing the electric bike. Chairman, some of the from (INAUDIBLE) and

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 139 other, you can see the number of deliveristas already responding to go and swap the battery so the pilot has started working since day one.

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DOT continues to make it easier and faster to travel around the city for all New Yorkers. In 2023, we made commuting faster and more reliable for over 300,000 daily bus riders with new or enhanced bus lanes including projects on Northern Boulevard in Queens; Gun Hill Road and University Avenue in the Bronx; Livingston Street in Brooklyn; Third Avenue in Manhattan; and Washington Bridge connecting Manhattan and the Bronx. We also studied Transit Signal Priority at 754 intersections to reduce the time buses spend stuck at red lights. This year, we will undertake a number of exciting bus projects, including improving the dedicated bus lane on 2nd Avenue in Manhattan, which will make the trip faster for 50,000 daily bus riders. We also began construction on our major bus and safety project along Kings Highway, Flatlands Avenue, and Pennsylvania Avenue in southern Brooklyn.

To make the city more accessible, DOT continues to install and upgrade pedestrian ramps throughout the city. We also installed accessible

pedestrian signals at a record of 866 intersections in 2023. This year, we are beginning an over 100 million neighborhood reconstruction project in Rosedale, Queens, making long-needed repairs and upgrades to streets that have experienced ongoing flooding problems. In partnership with DEP and DDC, we will be installing sidewalks, accessibility upgrades, and redesigning intersections along with major sewer upgrades.

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This Administration continues to reimagine the use of public space. DOT installed more than 666,000 square feet of new pedestrian space in 2023, an all-time annual record. This includes new pedestrian plazas, curbs, sidewalk extensions, pedestrian safety islands, and medians. Now in its fifth year, Open Streets continues to be the nation's largest and most successful car-free program with over 200 locations across the five boroughs. Earlier this month, we announced new rules for the program, formalizing the application process and clarifying eligibility criteria. This Administration also announced Dining Out NYC, which was the result of the work of this Administration and also the Council, which is the nation's largest permanent outdoor

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 141 dining program and one of the most significant efforts of the last decade of re-imagining the city's streetscape. Last month, we released the final rules for the program after a robust public outreach campaign, and last week we launched the application portal so restaurants and other food service establishments such as coffee and (INAUDIBLE) shops and bakeries can also apply. We also implemented the most ambitious Summer Streets program, more than doubling its size and bringing the program to all five boroughs for the first time. We went from 79th Street to the heart of Harlem and then we also went across the other four boroughs. Along with the largest Car-Free Earth Day, we also did a second season of the popular Trick-or-Streets program.

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DOT is taking action to better manage the curb to reduce congestion, double parking, and vehicle emissions. Last year, we published a Curb Management Action Plan to re-imagine how curb lanes are used and launched a Smart Curbs pilot to evaluate regulations, identify community needs, and test new technologies at the curb. We announced the microhubs program to provide locations for delivery trucks to transfer packages to cargo bikes for final delivery,

committee on transportation and infrastructure 142 and we are in the process of finalizing rules to allow larger pedal-assist electric cargo bikes and make package deliveries more efficient.

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Turning now to the Staten Island Ferry.

After 13 years, I am thrilled to say that the

Administration led by Mayor Adams reached an

agreement with the Marine Engineers' Beneficial

Association, the union representing Staten Island

Ferry licensed officers. The new contract raises

salaries to competitive rates and establishes a 40
hour workweek, which will allow us to hire and retain

our critical workers who keep the Staten Island Ferry

running.

On resurfacing, this budget protects the baseline funding for 1,100 lane miles and 50 miles of protected bike lanes for resurfacing each year. This amount of resurfacing reduces the number of potholes, and our average pothole response time is now under two days, our fastest response time ever.

For our bridges, the City adopted a rule to prohibit vending on bridges. This rule has been instrumental in the City's efforts to ensure the safety and security of our bridges. We have also nearly finished the four-year, 300 million project to

committee on transportation and infrastructure 143 rehabilitate the Brooklyn Bridge, including cleaning all the bridge's stones, strengthening the bridge's approach spans, and add new energy-efficient lighting.

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Turning to the difficult fiscal climate. DOT is proud to have done our share to fill the citywide 5 percent Program to Eliminate the Gap, or PEG. In both the FY25 Preliminary Plan and the November Plan, DOT generated over 88 million of gapclosing measures for FY25. We did this through a number of savings, from conducting studies in-house, receiving funding from the federal government for our Traffic Management Center, and through programs that generate revenue such as Citi Bike. I am also proud to say we have applied for over 100 billion dollars in federal funding, and the great team of finance and budget have already secured over 81 million dollars. Following the Mayor's mandate, we reduced the 10-year capital total by nearly 5.5 billion and stretched the plan by 1.9 billion to the outer years. We do not believe this will affect current active projects, and we will work with the Administration to ensure future projects are fully funded as needed. Under this Administration, DOT has been a leader in Minority and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 144
Women-Owned Business Enterprise, something that I
know is important for you, Chair, and for all Council
Members. I am proud to say that DOT has increased our
M/WBE participation rate from 11 percent that I took
when I got into the DOT to 24 percent in FY23 and, in
FY24, we hope to meet the 30 percent M/WBE

8 utilization goal for the first time at DOT.

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In conclusion, I would like to thank the Council, especially you, Chair, for the opportunity to testify before you today. I look forward to partnering with the Council as we work together to make this city safer, more equitable, and more accessible for generations to come. We are proud of the work that the almost 6,000 men and women at DOT do every day to keep this city moving. We would now be happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

First, I'd like to take a moment to just re-emphasize how important it is for our Committee Staff to receive testimony in advance. We received testimony today at minutes to noon when we were already well into the first part of the Preliminary Budget hearing and, just to re-emphasize how important it is that we have meaningful conversation during the hearing so

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 145 2 that we're not trying to figure out what not to 3 overlap with that's been addressed or additional 4 questions. It's very important. I understand that has not necessarily been the way things have been done but, under my Chairmanship, I have asked all agencies 6 7 to submit testimony in advance. The MTA was gracious enough to submit theirs two days in advance, and so I 8 ask that the City agency show respect to this Committee and to our Staff and the work that they do 10

by submitting the testimony in advance of the

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hearing.

With that being said, I'm going to yield my questions so that my Colleagues can ask theirs and then I'll ask mine. I am going to start with Council Member Louis followed by Krishnan followed by Restler. Thank you.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Madam Chair, and having the testimony in advance is very helpful so I hope you guys could do that in the future.

All right, I have three questions. The first one, let's start with potholes. Thank you for being here, Commissioner, appreciate it, and your amazing team. All right. The PMR indicates that there

were over 7,784 pothole work orders in the first four months of Fiscal Year 2024, but there were roughly 35,000 potholes repaired across the highway system and local streets in the same period. Can you explain the relationship between pothole work orders and pothole repairs and what's the cost of repairing a pothole?

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I would pass it to a Margaret to get into more details, but one thing that I say, as I said, for the first time, when we get a 3-1-1 or any of you elected official about pothole, those potholes are taking care in less than two days unless there's other DEP matter that is about water under the street, things like that, but, Margaret, if you don't mind to take.

 $\begin{tabular}{llll} \begin{tabular}{lllll} COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: And then I have two \\ \\ \begin{tabular}{lllll} more quick questions. \\ \end{tabular}$

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Thank you for your question. I'm looking now at the breakdown of our pothole repair by borough. We are showing for Fiscal '23, 176,000 repaired potholes. I have to check into the two numbers that you provided to understand exactly the nature of your question, but what I can tell you is that every single day we

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 147
2	have dedicated pothole crews in every borough. During
3	the winter months when we're not paving, a lot of our
4	workforce is seasonalized and they don't work over
5	the winter, but the remaining asphalt workers do
6	additional potholes during those months. We are able
7	to address potholes in a very timely manner. Our
8	average response time is now under two days so if a
9	member of the public calls 3-1-1 or gets us a request
10	in
11	COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: That would be
12	considered an order, because what we need for the
13	record is the difference between just the repairs and
14	then the orders, so the orders are coming in through
15	3-1-1?
16	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: The
17	orders come in from various means. Many of them do
18	come in from 3-1-1.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: And what other
20	avenues?
21	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: They
22	can come in through e-mails, they can come in
23	through

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Got it.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Yes.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Phone requests, they can come in through letters, all sorts of ways and community boards as well. Our own workers identify them, other workers in the Department, lots of sources, NYPD, etc.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: A quick capital change order question. How much time does it take to perform change orders and what is the average value of change orders by project type? If you could break down the data and the reports for those change orders.

And my last question, I'll just ask them all and then you can answer. The M/WBE contracting, Commissioner, you said by a particular time you want to meet the 30 percent for M/WBE utilization goals so I wanted to know what are you using to measure to get to that 30 percent? What does that look like? Those are my questions. Thanks.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I was (INAUDIBLE) and I will get Executive Deputy Commissioner Paul
Ochoa to also answer on the change of order
(INAUDIBLE), right?

continue doing the same thing that I've been doing

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: For Fiscal Year

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Perfect, and then there's the capital change orders, how much time does it take to perform the change orders and what's the average value of change orders by project, and if you could provide that data for us. Thank you.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

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Thank you for that question, Council Member. How much time do you have to talk about change orders because it's a very pressing topic. In fact, the Mayor's Office established a Capital Reform Task Force, and change order were a big discussion, both from the agency side and from the industry, to be honest. Change orders happen for various reasons. Sometimes there are changes in the field that we didn't perceive when we were scoping or designing the projects that are just required, but you're right, it does take long for the City to process change orders. It is not beneficial for us as an agency to take long for change orders nor it is for the contractor to wait for payment. Typically, when a change order is approved, it takes about 100 days including Comptroller registration for the payments to be made for the contractor. I would also mention as part of

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 the Capital Reform Task Force that the Mayor's Office

3 has established, one of the things that we've been

4 discussing with the Comptroller is called expanded

5 | work allowance. It is essentially money, the easiest

6 way to explain it is money up front that the

7 Comptroller and the agency, in this case us, will

8 allow for change orders so that they don't have to go

9 through the formal process of change orders and they

10 can just be incorporated in the normal sort of day-

11 | to-day work. We are in good conversation with the

12 | Comptroller and we hope to establish that citywide in

13 | the next few months.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: All right. Thank you for that. Madam Chair, it will be good to know when you ask your questions, how could they get the 100 days cut in half so thank you for the time.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: (INAUDIBLE)

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Yes, please. How do we get that 100 days cut in half within Fiscal Year '25 with the change orders, and that's my last question, Madam Chair. Thank you.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

Thank you. Part of it is, change order does go for registration with the Comptroller's Office. I think

the easiest way is to avoid them altogether, which is the expanded work allowance that I'm mentioning. That is the simplest way of us limiting change orders for capital contracts and large contracts for agencies. I agree with you. I think we, both the industry and the Administration and the agencies all want to reduce change orders. It's not good for business. It takes longer. Delays project, etc.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Good afternoon,
Commissioner. Good to see you, First Deputy
Commissioner, Borough Commissioner Garcia. Thank you
all for your testimony today. I just have questions
on two different topics.

First, Commissioner, thank you for your partnership. I appreciate our work together around street safety in our District and what we've done up until this point to address pedestrian safety in our neighborhood, but I want to go through what's been happening in the last six weeks alone in my community and right around it. Just yesterday, an 8-year-old boy was struck and killed by a pickup truck while holding his 10-year-old brother's hand walking in a crosswalk. This was in East Elmhurst, just a few blocks outside of my District. Before that, a 61-

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 154 year-old woman was struck and killed by a speeding SUV crossing the street. A man was struck and is in critical condition crossing the street in Jackson Heights, and also two women were struck and hospitalized by the same moped on 34th Avenue Open Street. What I want to focus on, there's obviously a street safety crisis in our city. These instances are all just in the past six weeks in one community. There's obviously a much bigger issue here. I know we'll talk about the hearing today. The one I want to focus on in particular, the element of this crisis, is the moped crisis in our city. As I mentioned, we had two women on 34th Avenue, our gold standard Open Street that's been a success around the city that were hit, the moped hit one woman, kept driving and then hit a second woman. I knew an 8-year-old boy who was hit by a moped and dragged a bit by the moped on our 34th Avenue Open Street so this is really affecting a major pedestrian safety project in our neighborhood, but it's also a larger crisis in our city of mopeds that are really driving roughshod on our streets. My first question is, what is DOT's strategy to address the moped crisis in our city and

how can we partner together to address it?

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2 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. There's no 3 doubt that New York City today is not the New York 4 City even when I was elected and serving here in 2009 5 with the numbers of electrical bikes, mopeds that we have in the street. What we are doing is, one, we're 6 doing the educational because even when we look at 8 mopeds, even right now the technology is changing so fast that what could be is electrical bike, suddenly it can be transformed as a moped (INAUDIBLE) gas 10 11 power, more pressing electrical bike. We do recognize 12 that the whole industry is there because the demand 13 that New Yorkers is putting on them. 80 percent of New Yorkers are placing order once a week, 24 percent 14 15 placing order four times a week. When we in a cold 16 day, raining day, we made the call. We want the food 17 to go to our places. So what we're doing, one, 18 educational, second, building the infrastructure. We 19 are the first city, one of the first cities, we're 20 almost sure that we're the first place to be safe 21 (INAUDIBLE) first city that has taken to widening the 2.2 bike lane, and we are widening the bike lane for the 2.3 purpose to give more space to that sector. 200 million bike trips every year is happening in New 24

York City. So it's about educating. It's about

building the infrastructure. It's about enforcement. By the way, as I said before, the child who we lost yesterday involved a reckless driver whose license was suspended more than five times who failed to yield. Just for the record, this was not about the moped, electrical bike. This was about an irresponsible person with a reckless record that unfortunately took the life away of that beautiful person.

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Yes, that was a pickup truck, but it illustrates the larger safety crisis in our city. Just going back, and thank you for your point, as I mentioned specifically on the moped piece. My next question was I did receive this morning the DOT's proposals for addressing the 34th Avenue Open Street moped major safety issue we're seeing there. Thank you for sending them. It did take months. I asked them from a long time ago, but I do appreciate you all saying the proposals to address it. I do want to give context in that, this is, as you all know well and we've worked together well, it is a pedestrian walkway for people to walk, thousands of children walk there to school, but now it's becoming overrun by mopeds so I do

appreciate the DOT proposals that were sent over to address them. Given the magnitude of this crisis in my District and the questions I'm hearing from constituents, Commissioner, will you join me and Chair Brooks-Powers at a town hall in my District in Jackson Heights to hear the concerns of my constituents about pedestrian safety, in particular about the moped crisis and for DOT to present the proposals that you all sent me today. Will you join me, Commissioner, and the Chair at a town hall in my District on pedestrian safety?

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commissioner Rodriguez: Of course, I organized before being a teacher before being a Council Member before being a Commissioner and the grassroot Commissioner in this Body so never shy to be in front of people, listen to different opinions. I think it is important to hear from the community. Next week, I'm going to be spending the whole day in Manhattan, as I do the commission in your borough, I do it, as you know, in the Districts of most of you as a Council Member. I think that I've been the Commissioner more accessible to give all the time that you and the rest of the Members of this Body need. When there has a request, more than happy to go

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camera.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Absolutely.

expanding a life-saving tool with the red light

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Like the red light camera save life. However, last year, we lost 25 people in red light camera crashes, one of the larger number that we have so yes, to work with you, you bring a great partners. 34 Avenue is a national model. It's (INAUDIBLE) former Council Member Dromm (INAUDIBLE) you as a former staff and then was a Commissioner so you and all of you sitting here are very important partners for us to continue making the

city. This is the city, as I said before, Council

Member, 2023, we have the lowest numbers of

pedestrian fatality since we started collecting data

113 years ago. When I was in Washington two days ago,

all the national leaders (INAUDIBLE), they are saying

New York City is leading the model. We have more bus

lane, we have more bike lane, we have the best

infrastructure than any other city. However, as

resilient New Yorkers that we are, we also push our

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to partner with you.

appreciate that. I appreciate your raising the red light cameras as well. It's a very important issue, and I look forward to our town hall in the neighborhood to hear from my constituents about how important and concerning the moped safety crisis is and for you all to present both of your proposals that you sent over today.

search to do more and to do better so more than happy

My final question before I turn to another topic is just. One note, if you all can I'd ask you all as an agency and Commissioner too to prioritize, we had a meeting and then a visit to 73rd Street and 37th Avenue in Jackson Heights. It's a

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We will definitely look at it and, again, as I say like you are one of the persons that we work closer so even though you got a proposal today, but, as you know, when you call, you've been meeting with Margaret, you've been meeting with me. I think that the level of communication between you and us have been very productive (INAUDIBLE) 34th Avenue in a way also that

intersection because, unfortunately, the fear that we

had materialized several days later so appreciate

your partnership on that intersection, too.

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COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Absolutely, and I appreciate our communication and look forward now to actualizing our different ideas and improving tangibly pedestrian safety. My final three questions are on a different topic, shifting gears completely. We'll do a second round?

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: (INAUDIBLE) second round.

COUNCIL MEMBER KRISHNAN: Okay. We'll do it second round, withdrawn.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you, Madam Chair. Commissioner and team, always good to see you. Thank you for being with us today.

Commissioner, I think if we were to go and get a beer and talk about all of these issues, we would agree on the vast, vast majority of what needs to be done to make our streets safer. I believe that you are committed to advancing safety on our streets deep in your core. The problem, of course, is that you report to Mayor Adams, who ran on a platform of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 162 being committed to making our streets safer, ran as the bus Mayor to be the champion of the 2 million, predominantly low-income New Yorkers who ride the bus every day and, unfortunately, when we look at the data, despite DOT's best efforts, we're not producing the bike lanes and the bus lanes and the safety interventions that we need and that New Yorkers depend on, and I'll tell you, when I work with you and your team on projects that don't require City Hall interference, we do great things. The Livingston Street busway, the Schermerhorn bike lane, the midblock crossings on Atlantic that are making District 33 really a model in lots of ways but, when projects come over to City Hall like McGinnis Boulevard or the bike lane on Bedford Avenue and I could cite many more, that's when we get in trouble so I just want to start by asking there's often this like funny tension between the Council and DOT where DOT is saying if Council Members supported these projects they would happen so I support McGuinness Boulevard and a lane reduction south of Calyer. You said you'd come back to us in the spring. It's now March 14th so spring officially is in a week. Maybe I'm pressing my luck by asking you this question too early, but I hope

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not. Do we have a solution on McGuinness Boulevard to achieve a lane reduction? Do we have a solution on Bedford Avenue to get the protected bike lane that we need? These are projects that are supported by local Council Members, myself, Jen, Chi, Crystal, etc. Do we have DOT support?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: First of all, on the first comment that you made, and then I will ask for our Deputy Commissioner for Transportation and Planning and Management, Eric Beaton, to add on the second part of the question.

The first one, no Mayor has invested more to DOT for us to have the resources that we need to improve the safety than Mayor Eric Adams and, as I said before, we have improved public safety in so many locations in New York City, and I feel that someone like you that had been at City Hall in the past, who knows how City Hall works, you also appreciate the work that we are doing and more than happy...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Commissioner, with all due respect, I know how City Hall is supposed to work.

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2 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: More than happy

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to, more than happy, if you don't mind to let me finish.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Please.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: More, more than happy again to go with the Chairman and you with all details how on this Administration we've been able to get 2023, the lowest numbers of pedestrian fatality in the last 113 years, how we were able from the 200 million bike lane that is more than all largest city combined have built in this nation, New York City, 57 of those being built, 31 of those bike lane last year. In McGuinness Boulevard, we are making a lot of improvement. There's other projects on bus lanes in different area that also we need the Council Member support that sometime the community engagement, the stakeholder work has to be done. Sometime, the support is not there. For the second part on McGuinness Boulevard, Eric, would you mind to answer the question?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure, and I think that we remain committed to doing what we said on McGuinness Boulevard. We said we were going to do the first part of it in the fall, get as much in as

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 165
we could before the winter. We did that. We said we
were going to collect data over the winter. We've
been collecting that data and putting it together and
we can...

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: So is there a timeline by which you'll be coming back to us?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: And then we're going to finish putting together the data,

we'll come back to you soon.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Timeline?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: And then when we talk about spring, spring to us means we need weather consistently over 50 degrees, which today it feels so nice. Our marking season really usually gets going in April or May.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: My community deserves, look, I have a lot of respect for each of the people at the dais. I appreciate your partnership and the work that we do together each and every day. My intention here is not to beat you all up. I want to see you all meet your goals. I want to be your biggest champion in District 33. I deeply value the expertise and the hard work of the men and women and the people that work at the Department of

Transportation and the creativity of the people of the Department of Transportation. I want you all to be successful. You all put out a great plan on McGuinness Boulevard. We've all read the newspaper, we know what happened. Do we have a timeline that you're going to come back to us with an updated

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proposal?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I wouldn't say updated proposal. We said we would look at the data, we'd come back and present the data and talk about when we're proceeding. I think we...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Okay.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: As we said, we expect to do that in the spring. I can't schedule a meeting at on the spot here, but we'll come back to you soon and talk about it.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: All right. I wish you'd come with a little more specificity, knowing how important a topic this is. I don't think I have time to dig into my least favorite topic, which is the BQE, but I just want to underscore I'm a Council Member who strongly supports the work of your agency. I will be out there every single time at community meetings with you, Commissioner, when it's a tough

room, trying my best to block and tackle to make the street safety projects that will save lives happen. There are a number of indicators that have been moving in the wrong direction. Cyclist deaths in particular is a major concern of mine. We suffered three fatalities in my District in just the last three weeks, one in Greenpoint and two in South Williamsburg. Of course, your team is always extremely responsive and tries to be helpful and make the improvements that make our streets safer. I value that partnership, but we need to be doing more and we need City Hall to get with the program.

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I just want to comment on one more thing, which is WalkNYC.

mind, before the comment. With the cyclist loss that we have in the city and, again, Mayor Adams and I approach that one death is too many, but one information that we all should know is that the loss of cyclists in our city on average in the normal bike last year, we have one of the lowest year. The higher numbers of cyclists that we lost last year have been mainly individuals using an electrical bike, and that's why right now, very soon, we're going to be

launching educational bike safety campaign, also
educating our cyclists about how to accelerate, how

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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4 to use an electric bike because most of those cases

5 when, unfortunately, we lost those cyclists happens,

6 most of them (INAUDIBLE) 30 cyclists I think that we

7 lost and I can't go concrete on the number, but...

know those trends be true, and we've done multiple events together around delivery worker safety events in District 33 that DOT has led where we've set up key locations and educated delivery workers about how to stay safe, giving away helmets, provided more training. I do think that we need to work together to much more rigorously regulate these app companies so that we're prioritizing safety rather than speed, and I hope that's an area where we can work together in the weeks and months to come.

The last thing I just wanted to ask about is WalkNYC and maybe the Chair will let us do a round two but, just on WalkNYC, these are map elements that help educate New Yorkers and tourists on where to go and how to get around. There were only five new walking elements or maps that were implemented in the first four months of FY24 in the PMMR and only 35 for

all of FY23. That's a big reduction from where we'd been in the past. I have a lot of tourists in my District. We'd love to be able to have better and more signage up to help direct people where to go. Is this something you're concerned about? Is it a priority for you to see those numbers increase?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Eric will answer

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Eric will answer the question.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure, and this is the WalkNYC. For anyone who's not familiar, these are the wayfinding maps that we use to help people get around, and we are still committed to those. We have a number of actual federal grants that are helping support the program so we are moving it forward. We've had some interesting, interesting to me, maybe not to everyone, but supply chain issues around the epoxy that we use to attach the glass and plexiglass to the map to the structure itself. The manufacturer essentially stopped making the one that we were using. We have been testing a number of new materials to make sure that they're durable in all kinds of conditions and temperatures. That testing is still ongoing, but we hope that this year we'll be able to start putting out the new material. In the

meantime, we've been starting to use some of the, what we call the finger posts, which are the metal signs, they look a little bit more like our street name signs, and doing those in some locations, because those are just metal and don't have quite the same issues so it's a technical issue, but one that we are...

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: You expect to see the numbers increase on more wayfinding getting installed by approximately when?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I think we hope to be back on track this summer, but it assumes that we have a product that we are happy with.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I just want to reiterate, Commissioner, I meant what I said at the beginning of the testimony. I really know that your heart's in the right place. You care deeply about these issues and you've built a team that cares deeply about these issues, and I have a great deal of respect for the tremendous staff that you have at DOT and we want to do more to help you achieve your goals that you've worked on for so many years. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

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2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. I'd
3 like to recognize that we've also been joined by

4 Council Member Chris Banks.

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Just touching on the Program to Eliminate the Gap, the Fiscal 2025 Preliminary Plan reflects several revenue-generating PEGs that allow DOT to avoid significant reductions in spending to meet savings targets. In the Preliminary Plan, the agency projects an additional 12 million in bus lane camera revenue. These additional funds helped DOT meet its PEG targets in Fiscal 2025 but are also baselined across the plan period. Does DOT anticipate collecting this revenue by increasing the number of cameras or relocating cameras or is this revenue projecting a right-sizing based on actual revenue received in prior years, and then how was the decision made, and did the Department consider any potential equity impacts from any increases in enforcement?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I'm going to say a few words and then Paul Ochoa will get into more details. Definitely for us, equity is a top priority for this Administration, and whatever decision we make on the PEG that we got to do, this measure is

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE very fiscally responsible and all of us have to do our part to be sure that, with the limited resources that we have in the city, that we distribute it well and that any PEG that we do is happening without no particular group being hurt more than the other so this has been a top priority, but Paul can get into more details on that.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

Thank you, Madam Chair. First of all, the automated enforcement program has been incredibly successful at DOT. I'll talk about...

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: When you say successful, do you mean in dollars and cents or...

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: No, actually...

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: I
would actually say that the most successful program
is one that we issued no violations. I'm talking
about success in reducing speeding and blocking bus
lanes in terms of our bus lane. We've seen a
reduction in speeds of about 93 percent in the areas
where we have a speed camera, and the same goes for
bus lanes. We do see that New Yorkers tend to learn

at the second or third violations, in some instances, but, after that, they're not receiving violations which is exactly what we want to see from this program.

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To your question, it is right-sizing the revenue that we were seeing in terms of the violation for the bus lane camera, but we are also expecting, Commissioner mentioned earlier that we're about to be launching an RFP for our entire automated enforcement program where we are expecting new bus lane cameras to be installed as part of this new RFP so both right-sizing and new cameras in the near future.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In terms of}$ the question pertaining to equity impacts.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: Yes. We place cameras where there are speeding and where there is crash data. Those are the measures that we use to place the cameras. We have done an analysis that shows equitable distribution of cameras across the entire city, larger Council Districts do have more cameras because of their size, but we have not seen any impacts in terms of the placement. We are going where the speeding is and where the crash data is telling us to go.

2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And where the
3 crash data is leading you to, how are you
4 prioritizing the camera versus the infrastructure

5 | investments?

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do both. I think the camera, as I mentioned, it has been incredibly successful at reducing speed, but you've seen the Commissioner testified, Eric Beaton, and Margaret tell us about all the changes in intersections that we're doing on a yearly basis. The Mayor announced 2,000 changes in intersections that are going to be across the entire city so we're doing both, but Vision Zero has three E's, as we've mentioned. There's the engineering, there's the education, and then there's the enforcement, and the automated enforcement program is a component of the last E that I mentioned.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: As you mention Vision Zero, what are the current numbers of traffic fatalities and injuries year-to-date for 2024 and how do they compare to the previous year? Can DOT talk about its efforts to reduce these numbers in the coming year?

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 175 2 EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: 3 Yeah, give us one second. 4 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. As of today, we had fatals of 23 pedestrians, 1 with 5 regular bike, 9 with motorized two wheels, and 18 6 7 with motor vehicle. Those are the numbers that we 8 have. 9 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 23, or is it 10 29 because I think... 11 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: 23 pedestrian 12 fatality, 1 regular bike, 1 motorized two wheels, I'm 13 sorry, 9 motorized two wheels, and 18 motor vehicle.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What type of crashes were these, especially with the motorized bikes? Do you know?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. Yearto-date, and this is the same number as the

Commissioner said but just broken down a little bit
more. We've had just the one traditional bike. We've
had three e-bike, one standup scooter, four moped,
and these are all the vehicle that the person was
killed on, not necessarily all the vehicles involved.

One motorcycle fatality.

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: One standup

3 scooter.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: One stand...
that's the one I missed.

6 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: That's the 7 one.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. I think I have everything else.

Recent reporting shows that communities with lower percentages of black and brown residents saw a reduction in injuries and deaths during the latter half of the Vision Zero era, while lower income and minority areas experienced an increase. What steps are being taken to ensure that the residents of the city benefit equitably from efforts to reduce traffic violence and, when I talk about equity, just to kind of make sure we're talking apples to apples, it's not saying we're giving a community that is often resourced, let's say five new infrastructure projects and then one that's been historically under-resourced five new projects as well, because then that's not equity, because that under-resourced community is starting from a deficit.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 178

Taking that into account, I'm interested in hearing

DOT On that.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. Is that the TA report that you referenced because it's not coming from DOT.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Yes, and there has been reporting as well on this.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I have a lot of respect for TA. Together as a former Council Member, I passed a bill reducing the speed limit to 25 miles per hour. We went together to Albany. They're great partners. However, we completely disagree on those findings. Because that report is based on the last three years, it's not accurate, and this is something that we expressed to T.A., but Paul can add more information.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: No, that's right. It is looking at I believe 2020, 2021, and 2022 when, as the Commissioner mentioned in his testimony, Vision Zero has been a 10-year effort where we've invested all across the city and, in fact, our 10-year Capital Plan is the most equitable Capital Plan in the history of New York City DOT.

We've billions of dollars slated for communities of

color. As the Commissioner mentioned, I would also point out in the report something, aside from the data that we disagree, we also disagree what seems to me a premise of the report, which is less community engagement is good for the projects. It's not what the Mayor expects us to do, it's not what the Commissioner has asked us to do and, quite frankly, it's not what you all expect us to do. We think community engagement strengthens a lot of the projects that we have, and we hope T.A. can start going to these communities side-by-side with us to make sure that they get the approval that we hope to get from communities of color.

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includes a PEG of 3 million dollars for Vision Zero education and outreach. These savings are baselined, and the funding is removed from the budget. Why is the Administration reducing education and outreach for traffic safety when we still see hundreds of fatalities on our streets each year? If this PEG was due to contract underspending, does this mean that the services the Department contracted were not implemented is the second part of that question as well.

2 EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

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Thank you, Chair. As I mentioned before, Vision Zero has three components, engineering, education, and enforcement. The fiscal climate had forced us to make very tough decisions. This is a reduction in our outreach and education campaigns. However, we are still doing a lot of work, both in-house and externally. The Commissioner mentioned that we're going to be launching an e-bike education campaign shortly. You're right. This is one that hurt, I'm not going to lie, but we are finding the resources internally to make sure that we continue the key component of Vision Zero, which is education.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I understand

Vision Zero has been a priority for DOT, and so what

did DOT feel could have been cut as opposed to Vision

Zero because I understand it was like a backup PEG?

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: Oh, you're getting inside baseball here. No, listen, we looked at everything. We looked at our operations. We looked at administration. There was a lot of PS accruals, for example, that we had to take too. It was a concerted effort to make sure that we weren't hitting one area of the agency more than others. We

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 181

tried to be fair and balanced, and that means that

what traditionally is a Commissioner's office

priority also needed to take a haircut, just like the

other operational divisions.

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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I would just add, within that same period of time, we put out a record 117 press releases in that period. We have more social interactions than we've ever had before so, even within that moment, we knew that we could successfully navigate those stormy waters.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In the Fiscal '24 to '33 10-year Capital Plan, in your remarks, you mentioned nearly 4.2 billion in Vision Zero, but there is a difference from what we saw in the actual plan of 111 million. Where's the extra money and why wasn't it labeled as Vision Zero.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: Is there a specific, it's a large capital plan, and there may be some different figures. Can you repeat the question, please? Maybe you're talking about the cut.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So in the plan, there's 111 million that is labeled specifically as Vision Zero but, in the remarks, in

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 182 the testimony, it says 4.2 billion dollars so where's the rest of the money?

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we talk about Vision Zero in terms of capital dollars, mainly talking about street reconstruction, our sidewalk work, our signal work, so the 4.2 billion dollars includes all those types of projects, and I'd be happy to provide a breakdown if that's helpful.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So then that's, to be fair, not necessarily Vision Zero, it's construction work that needed to happen?

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: It's construction work that includes Vision Zero components. For example, we wouldn't go on a street reconstruction to rebuild it just as it is. We always make provisions, area improvements on that street, whether it's expanding median lanes or bike lanes, widening sidewalks. They always have a Vision Zero component. These types of street reconstruction projects always have a Vision Zero component.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Going back to the PEG conversation, the November Plan included a revenue PEG of 42 million dollars in Fiscal '24 and

2 | 40 million dollars in Fiscals 2025 and 2026 due to

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3 additional revenue related to speed camera revenue

4 from high speeding areas. Will any cameras be added

5 or relocated as a part of this PEG?

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

7 Yeah, so we are not expecting to add new cameras. We

8 are moving cameras around. Essentially, we've been

9 looking at areas where we've seen a reduction in

10 speeding where the cameras have successfully reduced

11 | speeding, and we're moving those to high-speed areas

12 so we are moving them around the entire city, yes,

13 | but we're not expecting at this point to add new

14 cameras. We operate about 2,200 cameras in about 750

15 | school zones.

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16 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Now, the areas

17 | that you haven't seen any improvement, has DOT taken

18 | any steps to dig deeper to understand what further

19 | investments may be needed to make that area or

20 | corridor safer?

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21 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yes, and this is

22 | a top priority for Mayor Eric Adams. Every two weeks,

23 we have our discussion together, DOT, NYPD, Deputy

Mayors, City Hall to go over any new thing that we

can do to improve safety from the perspective of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 184 Vision Zero. As I and Paul said before, Vision Zero has three E's, which is the engineer, redesigning major intersections, it's about putting more raised crosswalks, 1,000 daylighting that the Mayor announced, it's about reorganizing the signal system so every day we work hard and, because of that work, is that we've been able to be the city that had the lowest numbers of pedestrian fatality. As a father of two daughters and most of us, we had children, grandchildren, we know that we want for everyone to walk safe or to bike safe in the city of New York City, but we also know that's a world that required for us to always thinking what else can we do so as we do in the reality of fiscal responsible or any PEG that we have to do, we always give priority to maintaining the resources that we need to redesign the intersection, to other resources to educate our New Yorkers about the responsibility that they had to protect cyclists, to protect pedestrians, to protect senior citizens, to improve safety around the school so for us, led by Mayor Adams, it's a top priority to continue having the resources that we need again and it's about data-led decision. It's about where

crashes are happening, and that's why we do a lot of

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 185 work with NYPD or the New York City Department of Health. Now we're also working with the Department of Education to be sure that when we look on everything that we have to do to improve safety, it's about looking at the box and seeing all the tools that we have that we can use.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What areas of the city have higher rates of projected speed camera revenue? What boroughs or Council districts in particular?

approach at DOT and I was in that side for two years, that money that we get from, especially from crashes (INAUDIBLE). We hope that one day we don't get 1 dollar from a speed camera so we don't make decisions based about where we can get more revenue. We make decision where crashes are happening so we will be moving around the city based about where data are showing that the year after speed camera will allow to be 24 hours, we were able to see a 30 percent decline of speeding and a 25 percent reduction of fatality so all we use to make decision where we bring the camera is not about the revenue, it's about where crashes are happening.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I hear you and I've heard that and I know in my short time as a Council Member, based on some of the reports that I see, one would argue that parts of Southeast Queens have not seen a decline, but we do have a lot of speed cameras and we do get traffic fatalities. I think about Davina Afokoba from Far Rockaway, a young 10-year-old girl that was struck and pinned under a building and, even through my advocacy as Chair, how many times I had to go to DOT just to get some level of infrastructure placed there. I question how we're looking and prioritizing where the investments are going because I always say that cars drive the way that the roads are designed so how do we design them to slow the vehicles, how do design them so pedestrians are safe, and so I'm just curious in terms of when we talk about equity and where these cameras are placed, and this is why we passed the bill to bring out equity metrics from the Streets Plan. It was because we want to see how DOT is prioritizing the infrastructure dollars of the agency to truly keep pedestrians safe so just going back to my question and then I'm going to pivot to Council Member Rivera followed by Council Member Banks. I

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 187 would like to know what areas of the city have higher rates of projected speed camera revenues based on the boroughs and the Council Districts, and I also am interested to comparing and contrasting what infrastructure investments are happening in those Districts at the same time. Where are those, even if we had like a heat map that was created, where are those cameras and then let's heat it up and see where are the infrastructure dollars going, whose Districts are they going into, because there are some districts that I travel in and they have widened sidewalks that are amazing, they got their curb cuts, amazing. We have broken up streets and unpaved roads, potholes sinking holes in our District so I'm really interested in seeing hard facts, and I hear how we feel, but hard facts on what the data is showing us as it pertains to equity from DOT.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I would say, Chairman, that when I leave DOT, one of the areas where I want to be defined, besides my job as a Commissioner, having my (INAUDIBLE) my first ever commission and I oversee operation (INAUDIBLE) I might believe 90 percent of my job is to run the operation every day. It's about the 44,000

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 188 intersections, it's about the 800 bridges, about the ferries, about the signal, it's about the sidewalk, it's about the roadway. It's 27 percent of the land in New York City that is under our agency so I'm proud to be surrounded with a great team of operation that run this well, but the part that I want to add as a Commissioner, as Lin Manuel say, I'm not wasting my shot, is equity. Equity and M/WBE are two of the top priorities. As I fought as a Council Member for two years, I have brought the same energy, and I can say that the men and women at DOT, they have embraced so every decision that we make on how we distribute the resources, how we redesign intersection is coming for that approach, but I think that Margaret, if you don't mind to add a little bit to the first question, but on equity and what I can say, Chairman, I'm more than happy to sit down with you, more than happy to look at Council District by Council District to go with more detail. If we see any District that there is disparity, that there's a less investment, and I don't care the composition of the District. I am committed to be the Commissioner that invests the same amount of resources across all community regardless of the ethnic, social background on the

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compare (INAUDIBLE) how we invest.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And I'm looking forward to that followup, I'll say, because even through the Comptroller's recent reports, when we look at the MBE participation in particular with the capital projects, black participation is reported out as zero percent and, again, when you start to break it down by disparity and under-utilized groups, when we talk about M/WBEs and MBEs in particular, there's a lot of work for DOT to do so I look forward to sitting down with you looking District by District and I'm sorry.

is the agency, and I'm proud and honored to be leading right now that has been identified as one of the role model across the agency in New York City on how we've been able to move those numbers on M/WBE from 11 percent when I got there to 24 percent as we have it right now, but Margaret has the answer for the first question and, if you don't mind, Paul also has something to add.

2 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sure.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Thank you. An example of a corridor that had consistently high-speed camera violations was Secor which, as you know, we redesigned. What I'd like to suggest is maybe we come and sit with you and talk to you about corridors that we do see consistently high-speed camera violations within your District and brainstorm with you on corridors that we can.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I know, my
Borough Commissioner knows I've asked for hard
infrastructure on Secor, and I was not approved with
it because I know it needs dollars and cents, but we
have a plethora of speed cameras on Secor. I do
appreciate though that some crosswalks were painted
there. That was a good step, but we need some hard
infrastructure on Secor to make it safer and I have
asked for that.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Okay, good, so we will follow up on that, and then I think what we should do is come back to you over a period of time and let you know how it's operating and what we're seeing and have we seen improvements and do we

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event that an MBE is used, would that still not be

included in the report?

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the clarification.

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Thank you. Thank 3 you, Madam Chair. I just want to thank you all for 4 your testimony and for your partnership over the years. I guess now with you as Commissioner, we had 5 the e-bike charging station at Astor Place. That was 6 7 great at Cooper Square, I should say. I know we have a redesign of Broadway, 3rd Avenue, and 2nd Avenue on 8 the horizon. Specifically, I'd say on 3rd Avenue, looking at 23rd and 24th Streets and, on 2nd Avenue, 10 11 when you're ready to announce these changes, I have 12 the perfect space to do it. It's on 2nd Avenue and 13 20th Street, across the street from PS40, a lane that 14 is clogged, a bus that is constantly blocked, the M 15 15, highest ridership as we learned, in the city, and 16 I think the school and the neighbors there would 17 appreciate a redesign in that space probably more than anywhere else along Second Avenue. All right. 18 19 Other parts of my District clearly have challenges. I 20 think daylighting is something that we all really 21 believe in. It has proven to be a great way to activate curb space, improve the pedestrian 2.2 2.3 experience. I know that it's really important that we harden daylit spaces by placing infrastructure there, 24 boulders, planters, bike racks. How much would it 25

cost to place hardened infrastructure in all existing daylight spaces, and do you know how much would it cost to harden the 1,000 daylight spaces that Mayor Adams committed to create each year?

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to get into more details, but, I can say that we are looking at the daylighting as using different way of how to accomplish our goal, and you know that we testified in front of you last year, even before that decision, we already been doing hundreds of daylighting every year, and the daylighting is one of the tools of many that we use to improve safety.

Eric, if you don't mind.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure, and we'll have to get back to you with the detailed number but, just conceptually, there's different ways that we harden.

COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: All right, so hold on because I don't have a lot of time but, if you get back to me with the numbers, that would be great. Let me ask you about Open Streets because I only have about a minute. We love Open Streets. I remember when we passed the bill. It has seen substantial challenges. Recent reporting come out that Vanderbilt

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 195 and Fifth Avenue Open Streets, they're facing funding shortages. What is the funding allocated to DOT for Open Streets? Approximately, how much is DOT contributing to operating expenses per Open Street because the groups are reporting shortages of 20,000 to 40,000 dollars, which for a volunteer-run group is a lot to fundraise and provide. Of course, I want to shout out the Hort on Avenue B, who does an amazing job of maintaining that space, but how can we work to provide increased direct funding to these volunteerrun organizations, and are we specifically looking at some of the streets that do the school streets because I think that's so important for the safety of the kids.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, Council

Member, as I said with other Council Members, you are
one of the great champions for public safety, and we
work together for all those years. So Open Street, as
we know, is to put in context, the whole thing is
Open Street. During COVID, that was when New York
City saw thousands of Open Street, but Open Street
during COVID was more. Here, we are putting the
barricade and the block is closed because families
needed space to walk (INAUDIBLE) is safe. In 2022, we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 196 took Open Streets to a place where all of them, there were partners with CBOs, Business Improvement Districts, and in other cases then we put our resources. We have to have in mind that there was a lot of COVID money that also came. In 2020, there was more resources. The resources not only came through DOT, but they also came through other agencies so there was more. Now that we pass a rule and the Open Street is permanent, DOT continue having through a 7million investment in the program, DOT can offer funding and direct operation support to partners executing Open Streets and, yes, with the article that talk about some Open Streets that (INAUDIBLE), there was like a few and they still are great partners. Like everyone that have any challenges in many of those cases, it was in those institution that they had to provide some paperwork. It was not about lack of funding from our end so we continue being a good place to have the financial aid in our hand to support Open Streets. One of the best programs, Open Street. Again, 34 Avenue has been identified as a national model, 1.8 million street that used to be used only by car, now is you for working middle-class New Yorkers to walk, art, entertainment, (INAUDIBLE),

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 197 so thank you, also Council Member, so yeah, we will continue having the financial to do the Open Street, but in those few cases that a CBO that they were not paid, in most cases, first of all, we are in conversation to help them to get the money but, in most of those cases, it was not lack of us having the money, it was more some paperwork that they were missing.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RIVERA: Okay. I look forward to the numbers for daylighting, Open Streets specifically. You mentioned federal funds, and I know we have a Greenway Plan. I'd love details on that, and I just want to thank the Chair for the time. Then street lighting, I know there have been some delays. All of us have intersections where street lighting can be improved, and we look forward to getting you that.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: And if you don't mind, Paul has the numbers also for the Open Street.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

Yeah, Council Member, I think we were having a

discussion earlier about the hard decisions that we

made, but in a time of fiscal crisis, we actually

allocated 30 million dollars for our Open Streets

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 198 2 program as support to provide staffing support, 3 direct support for all Open Streets in the city. I 4 think the article, you mentioned 5th Avenue, I think we do expect to have another partner for 5th Avenue, so we expect that Open Street to be open, and you're 6 7 right, our reimbursements are about 20,000 dollars of 8 direct reimbursements that we provide aside from the work that we do on the staffing side and other type of support. 10

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Thank you, Madam Chair, and good afternoon, Commissioner, to your team.

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Street maintenance is extremely important to the residents in New York City, and I wanted to know the PMMR reports that 70 percent of streets had a good maintenance rating in Fiscal Year 2023 and about 22.3 percent were rated as fair. The PMMR shows that a street is rated good or above the agency's target, but there are no targets for fair. What is DOT's target for the streets with a fair or better rating?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Our First Deputy

Commissioner Margaret Forgione will get into details

to answer that question.

2 FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Okay.

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Thank you for the question, Council Member. Every year, we mill and pave about 1,150 lane miles. We allocate them throughout the city and then we base the actual streets that we mill and pave on our detailed inspections of the conditions and some of the conditions that you've cited. Sometimes there are cases where we have streets that are in fair or poor, but a capital project is coming so we do not pave them. Sometimes, there could be some concerns with that. If you have any particular, as always, areas of concern, you can let us know, and we'll make sure that we check into them. We don't have actual targets of 80 percent good, 10 percent fair, or anything of that nature.

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: So there's no rating system that will determine what street...

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: What will actually be paved?

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Right.

Right. It needs to be in the lower part of fair category, usually poor have to do, very, very tiny percentage of poor are dealt with in capital projects

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE:

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 200 and sometimes on the lower end of good, we also pave them too.

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COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Okay. Street lighting. I know that was brought up by my Colleagues. That's something that the 42nd Council District suffers with. I can name a litany of streets where multiple complaints have been put in through 3-1-1, and we're just getting the response from DOT. It seems like a back and forth, and I can give you one problematic block, which it's definitely a need of lighting which is on a major transportation strip in East New York, and we're not getting the support. The residents constantly complain that they put in a complaint to 3-1-1 and nothing is being done, and it's been problematic. I could show you even before I was in the City Council where there's been complaints going back five or six or seven years and it's a block that needs lighting because there's a lot of activity, if you know what I mean, on that block, and I believe if the lighting was there, it would definitely curtail some of the activity, but these are some of the things, I think, that are spread throughout my District, and I need your assistance on this, Commissioner, I really do so when we talk about

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 201 2 equity this is something I think needs to be focused 3 on and also, too, if we can have a sidebar 4 conversation on the oversaturation of cameras in my District, the speed cams, I would definitely love to have that conversation with you. 6 7 FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Council Member, a quick question, so the block in 8 question, it's not that there's existing lighting that is not functioning. It's that additional 10 11 lighting needs to be added. Is that correct? 12 COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: No, the light 13 that's existing is not functioning, and we would 14 definitely, if we can get additional lighting, that 15 would definitely help out, but the existing light is 16 not functioning, and we can get you that information. 17 FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Could 18 you get us that location. We will follow up 19 immediately and we'll also assess if there needs to 20 be...

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Okay, and we don't even need that. If you get me the location, we will make sure we get the light back on.

dating back five years back.

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: I'll get it to you

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2 COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Thank you.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: First of all, thank you for you running on a record of your commitment on transportation.

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: And we noticed that, as you were running, as you were elected, you were also very clear on your commitment to be a leader in improving safety for pedestrians, for cyclists, supporting both leg and bike lane. Those things are important for us because this is like, whatever we do, we have to put in context that we are in the most dense city in the whole nation. I always say when the Mayor asks a question, what are you doing DOT? For me, it's about if the signals are working, if the lights are working, if we're taking care of the pothole, taking care of the roadway, then we have the time for the other work that we do so whatever, not only with you, but as all the Council Members know, we are committed. Mayor Adams has instructed all agency, Commissioners to say work close with all Council Members so whatever is important for you, it's priority for us so Margaret will follow with you.

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Thank you for your commitment. If I just may get 30 more seconds, Madam Chair? Bike lanes is an issue in my District. We're one of the Districts that there have been bike lanes placed in certain areas that have created a public safety issue. I was listening to your statement just now. Quite the contrary. We want certain bike lanes removed from those areas and placed in areas where doesn't cause a public safety matter, and I believe DOT actually came out to my District a couple of months ago and did a walk-through on a particular bike lane on Cozine, which is right across the street from, it's in the middle of a NYCHA development and a a condominium, Fairfield or Meadowood, and the residents said loud and clear that they didn't want those bike lanes and they were put there. Not only that, but we lost parking spaces and, as you do know what the conversions that's taking place in NYCHA, the new tenants that are coming in so we don't have the parking, the bike lanes are putting pedestrians, putting the folks who are driving, coming out of the parking lots in danger and it's just been a mess so we can finally get a commitment to have that bike

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 204

lane removed, I would love to have a conversation

with you about that going forward. Thank you.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Sure. We're always happy to keep a conversation going, but just on Cozine and Wortman, the reason we did that project, we spent two years working with the schools and many other residents in the area. It was a dangerous street. It had a lot of speeding and rather than just go with enforcement, rather than just go with speed cameras, we wanted to make sure that neighbor got the same level of investment, the same types of redesigns that we do elsewhere in the city, which we hadn't done as well all around the city so I think what we'd like to do is get back to you with the data of is it causing more crashes...

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Well, I got the data already. I don't want you to waste your time on bringing me, we know the data. It was expressed to us who was in support of it but, at that time, every elected official in the District said no to the bike lane, the Community Board said no to the bike lane so if you can bring that data to me, I'll accept that, but we need to have a deeper conversation as to where these bike lanes are being placed and really take

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 205 into consideration the desires of the community.

Thank you.

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: We understand that. You said that the street is more dangerous. I think that's not what we're seeing. We're seeing that the street is really safer, and that's the data that we'd like to go through with you before we do something that we think would make the street more dangerous...

COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Well, I live two blocks away from it so we can agree to disagree on that, and there are a multitude of residents that live there, that cross that street, that live there day-in and day-out that would tell you different so if you want to come and purchase an apartment or rent an apartment over there and see what your experience may be, I'll invite you to do that, but I would prefer to have a productive conversation on how we can be more inclusive in making sure that the community is involved in the decision-making process before bike lanes are placed in my District. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We will definitely follow with you and, again, this is like

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 206 2 (INAUDIBLE) reality where now we have to have this 3 conversation about this Street Master Plan, doing the bike lane and the bus lane, because then, overall, we 4 all agree with the numbers of the law that we have to follow or the numbers of bike lanes and bus lanes 6 7 that we have to do but, then when you go through some 8 Districts, then we have those realities, and then we have to come back to you, say, here we are able to do these numbers because of those realities so more than 10 11 happy to continue sharing those data. As I said, as 12 you were running in the street, a community, the 13 advocate community, they also were happy with your 14 proposal, your agenda, your vision for 15 transportation, but more than happy to follow the 16 details about that particular piece of the package. 17 COUNCIL MEMBER BANKS: Thank you, Madam Chair. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. 20 We've been joined by Council Member Salamanca and 21 Minority Leader Borelli. Council Member Salamanca 2.2 will ask questions. 2.3 COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Yes, thank you,

Madam Chair. How are you? Good afternoon,

Commissioner and your team.

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Commissioner, first I wanted to thank

you. We finally have a Bronx Borough Commissioner for

DOT, Anthony Perez and, yes, yes, yes, trust me, and

I'm happy that I put the pressure on your agency to

finally get it done and you got it done and I can say

that your Commissioner has been doing a good job and

making his rounds throughout the borough of the

Bronx.

There are certain issues that I'm going to bring up that are issues that are prior to this Commissioner here so I hope, Mr. Commissioner, you don't get too worried about these issues because these are major concerns that I have with DOT for years. I'm going to start first with your carshare program that you have. I know that when you rolled it out there may have been some notification to our offices into community boards but what I'm seeing and throughout my District is that you're normally taking two parking spots, and my neighbors are telling me they're not seeing some of these vehicles being utilized or, at times, we're seeing that these two parking spots that have been taken are not occupied at all for weeks on end, and it's valuable parking that you've taken from our community. Is there data

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 208 to show how often these vehicles for carshare are being used that depending on specific locations.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We're able to get back and get those data and share that data with you, but what we know is that the Zipcar program has been a program, very popular, very supported. People have been using those services, but I'm more than happy again to a look back to the team and look for those data.

COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: So that information is not public on your website.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Again, as the question being asked right now, let me look and get back to you.

it's important information because there may be certain neighborhoods where parking has been removed for different reasons, and there's valuable parking that is sitting there and again, going back to the examples, there's parking spots that are just empty, just sitting there, and people are scared, constituents are scared to get a violation if they park there.

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2 I brought this up at the last hearing 3 when you were present and I was here, is the 4 Westchester redesign project. I know that you did a walk-through with me about a year ago. I did a walk through with the Commissioner. He's going to follow 6 up on certain recommendations that we did on bringing 7 8 back parking, but I want to warn my Colleagues, just be mindful of these redesigns that DOT implements. You have individuals that do not live in our 10 11 communities that are making decisions for our 12 communities and are creating major congestion in our 13 communities. Commissioner, if I tell you that every day on Westchester Avenue between Whitlock and 14 15 Southern Boulevard, there is major congestion, I am 16 not lying, and my constituents are angry with me 17 because DOT made these changes. Now in terms of when 18 a design in this magnitude is implemented, when does 19 DOT come back to do a review of their implementation 20 and how it's affecting that immediate community? 21

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. Eric will get back on when do we get back and share, but what we have seen, Council Member, in most areas where we do projects, they have been improving safety, and we are responsible to do our planning, thinking about

the safety of our people. New York City right now is a role model across the United States on reducing pedestrian fatality. We can get back to you again, share those data but, share on how do when do we get back to the stakeholders, share the outcome, but most of the project, the Council has been supportive of Vision Zero and the third E beside education and enforcement, one is redesigning. When I did my project in uptown, I didn't, even against many stakeholders in my community, but what I have seen is about in those areas where we did those projects, there have been a reduction of pedestrian fatality.

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COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Commissioner, let me, please, my time ran out, and I thank you, and I understand that the priority here is to increase pedestrian safety but, when you incorporate a redesign and you have major congestion, what you have in my community are drivers that are desperate, are upset, and stop following traffic rules because of the congestion and the implementation that was put in. Now, with this redesign, I'm not getting more enforcement, I'm not getting NYPD to come and stand there and do more enforcement because I prefer them to go out and fight crime and so I feel that these

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 211 plans are leaving our communities, especially communities of color, out to dry, especially a community such as mine that has major construction happening with the Sheridan and the Brockton Boulevard and has major fairways that gets you throughout the entire city or different states so I just feel that this plan, again, while it was designed to increase safety, there was no plan to address congestion, and that is why I am asking if or when there would be a review that you can send back to the communities to say, hey, we increased pedestrian safety because accidents, pedestrian accidents have decreased, number one, and, number two, be honest and realistic about the congestion and the time that it takes to get from point A to point B because of this implementation of this redesign. COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah. Eric will add on that when he come that part related when we get back to the community, but, Council Member, before closing on that, in the first comment that you may ask on how DOT go through the community and get

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25 Member in each borough, and I think in your case, not

into project. As I said at the beginning, I spent one

day a month, yes, being in the field of each Council

committee on transportation and infrastructure 212 only Anthony is a great Commissioner, but Yarisa (phonetic) is someone that also hold a great leadership so from your District to the other 50 Council Districts, in this Administration, being in the community, sending ambassadors, members of DOT that look like the community is a priority, and we've been very committed to do the community engagement so most of the projects that we do is the result of the community engagement.

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think in some ways Westchester is an example of, we don't do these projects and then walk away, right? We do them and then then if there's changes that need to be made, and I hear you that we need to maybe look at some more, but if there's changes, we keep working with them and, on a typical project, we look at six months to a year afterwards to give people a chance to adjust and make changes. Obviously on that one, we heard the issues right away. We came sooner, but we can put together a review as we do for all projects that looks at safety of all types but also looks at traffic flow and how long it takes to get down Westchester Avenue and other streets, and we can look at that all as a package, and we understand that

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 213 2 there are different effects in different places and, 3 as the Commissioner said, the top goal we have is to 4 make the streets safer. We try to do that while being cognizant of all the other goals that we have on the 5 streets in terms of mobility and creating quality 6 7 public space, and we are more than happy to put that 8 data together and share it and review it with you. 9 COUNCIL MEMBER SALAMANCA: Yeah. Finally, Commissioner, I just want to thank your two Deputy 10 11 Commissioners because they've been accessible as well 12 and they've done walk-throughs with myself, but I'm 13 going to keep pushing the envelope because we have to 14 address the congestion there. Thank you, Madam Chair. 15 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, 16 Council Member Salamanca. I'm just going to ask a 17 couple of questions on behalf of my Colleagues that

Council Member Salamanca. I'm just going to ask a couple of questions on behalf of my Colleagues that are a part of the Staten Island delegation. The first question pertains to service interruptions overnight.

Just wanting to get some updates on how hiring up is going since the contract was signed.

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: You want to take it?

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: So I'll talk about the hiring. We are very excited and

grateful that the Administration settled on the MIBA contract, which we've been waiting since 2010. We do expect that the wages that were historically very low, we essentially, the way it worked, we couldn't post for the new salaries until the settlement was a done deal so we do hope that will help increase the staffing at the Staten Island Ferry. I would also note that most of the positions in the Staten Island Ferry are not subject to the hiring freeze since they are grant funded, so that is also very helpful for us to staff up. I'll turn it over to Margaret in terms of the service disruptions, which I understand have come down.

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are getting positive feedback in our recruitment efforts as a result of the higher wages as a result of the settlement of the contract so we are doing well, and we think that we're going to continue to see the effect overnight come down further over the next few months. We've already seen improvements. One other thing I wanted to mention is that we're doing a marine oiler training program, which has been one of our very difficult to recruit titles and the way the ferry works, of course, unless you have the full

complement of staff members on the boat cannot sail, right, so if you're down, even one person, you're not going to be able to make it. So in certain titles, we've had some difficulties and we're developing a training program, which will help us to recruit and retain this critical title and...

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FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: If that's effective, yes, absolutely and, if that's

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: (INAUDIBLE)

11 effective, we might look at doing it with other
12 titles as well.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: We hired almost 80 people last year just for the ferry, and I got to say (INAUDIBLE) as a person who is in charge of the ferry with the leadership of Margaret, they're doing a great job. I also want to take advantage to recognize Rosanne who is here from the Staten Island. One of the things that we're doing, as I come to testify, to be sure that all the Borough

Commissioners, from Rosanne Staten Island, Keith from Brooklyn, Anthony from the Bronx, Nicole from Queens, and Ed from Manhattan. They all are here because as we have to respond answers related to the budget, they also here to be the ears, to be sure that we

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 216 follow with all the 51 Council Members or any local issue that you bring to us.

Next, reliable ferry service was the second part of the question, like reducing service interruptions, advanced notice of service interruptions, and then the last question is what is the total number of lane miles paved this year on Staten Island and how does it compare to previous years?

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: It's going to be very, very similar to previous years, and I'm trying to stall while we get you the exact number.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: While you're doing that, if you could also answer the reliable ferry service piece in terms of the advanced notice of service interruptions.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Okay. As soon as we realize, and usually again, it's on the overnight, as soon as we realize we are going to have a service delay, we put it out in our social media on Facebook. Often, again, it's overnight and we get that out often in the late afternoon.

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 217 2 Staten Island paving is about 160 lane 3 miles per year. 4 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And in 5 previous years, it's been? FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: You 6 7 know, it has fluctuated according to how we've been funded. Fiscal '20 was 157 lane miles, Fiscal '22 was 8 156, '21 during COVID was all the way down to 116 so it fluctuates but, at this point, it should be pretty 10 consistent at around 160. 11 12 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. Also, in 13 terms of commuter vans, I have a question as it 14 pertains to the commuter van stop in downtown 15 Brooklyn. Just wanted to know when that stop will be 16 restored. I believe that stop was taken away. It was 17 supposed to be temporarily, but it has not been 18 restored as my understanding. 19 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Can you just clarify which stop? There's a couple of commuter van 20

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you know

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stops in downtown Brooklyn.

which ones you've taken away downtown?

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DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: I'm not

familiar with that offhand but, if you get us the

location, we can...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'll circle back to the location as I'm waiting for it.

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: If you can get that to us by the end of the hearing, that would be great.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Of course, cute, but I'm glad you did that because guess what? We're going to talk about Streets Plan now. I was saving this for being able to go into much more detail, but we're talking about the stop that's on Smith Street so, while you come back on that, we'll delve into Streets Plan. In yesterday's State of the City, Speaker Adams spoke about holding the City accountable for the Streets Master Plan, which sets out legal mandates for construction that DOT must meet. DOT continues to fall short of these requirements. That includes building just five of a required 30 protected bus lanes citywide. Anyway, in your latest Streets Plan, you wrote, "given fiscal challenges that hit New York City in 2023, serious actions were taken citywide, including a hiring

freeze and a 5 percent Program to Eliminate the Gap.

In multiple financial plans, New York City DOT did

our best to protect services but, unfortunately, many

programs, including supporting the Streets Plan, had

to be reduced." Why don't we see reinvestments in

these areas in the Preliminary Plan, and do you

expect further investments in the Executive Budget?

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EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: I'll take it from the budget perspective. As we mentioned in the Streets Plan, yes, there were some impacts. We tried to protect essentially the funding levels at the outputs that were producing. We had a recordbreaking year this year in terms of protected bike lanes, but we did have to take some PEGs, especially on the OTPS side so that's barriers, gantry poles, street lights, it was a very difficult decision, but I think we've done an amazing job not only surpassing a lot of the goals in the Streets Plan, like the open space goals, but also doing things that are not in the Streets Plan. I know you've heard this before, but the bike lane widening, the bike lane hardening. As a cyclist, to me, that's a new protected bike lane that was not envisioned when the Streets Plan was created in 2019. We're not counting those towards the

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 220 2 protected bike lane miles, although I think we 3 should, because they've already been counted in other 4 ways so we're trying to do and we'll continue to 5 exceed in a lot of areas, and I think You saw a perfect example of why it's tough to have these 6 conversations with all the Council Members. Some of these projects are not always welcome. You just heard 8 Council Member Banks asking us to take away a bike lane but, listen, we're going to continue doing what 10 11 we have. We're going to continue striving for recordbreaking years, and we'll continue having these 12 conversations. I would also mention the Budget 13 14 Director in his testimony mentioned two very 15 important factors. That is not just OTPS dollars. Staffing, space, vehicles, those are all things that 16 17 we've mentioned before that are ... 18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I often feel 19 like DOT moves that marker. Sometimes it's the Council Members, sometimes it's funding. 20 EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: It's 21 2.2 not a single... CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Sometimes it's 2.3 supply chain. Like every hearing, we talk about why 24

DOT is not meeting its mandated goals and we get a

different reason each time so it's hard for us as a legislative body to be able to support this work, to help the agency be able to achieve these goals because if we don't have a clear idea of what is holding up the progress, how can we move forward?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I think we've

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: No.

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been consistent.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I feel that, one, definitely having support all Council Members as we go through their District to do the bus lane and bike lane will definitely make a big difference for us.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I also think
that's a poor excuse for a number of reasons, and I'm
sorry, Commissioner and, one, it's not the Council
Member's jobs to determine where these are going.
It's up for the agency to work with community and
position them where the community would like to see
it. I also feel like it is unfair to continue to
place that blame when the agency hasn't done its part
because, again, every time we come into these
hearings, I hear something different. If we were to
go back to the record, every hearing, we've literally
heard something different. We've heard supply chain

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 222 and we understand COVID happened. We've heard staffing issues, and this was even before the hiring freeze. So each time it changes, and there's not really full transparency also in terms of what is happening and, not for nothing, when the agency wants to place a bike lane somewhere, regardless of what the Council Member says or the community, DOT has done it. When you look on Beach 20th Street in Rockaway where all of the merchants and the community in that area said do not place this hard infrastructure bike lane right here, DOT still placed it there. When the community came out against having it on Secor, when there is a parallel bike lane on the boardwalk, DOT placed it there, so to say that because the community or the Council Member is doing it, we're not holding it up because when DOT has the political will to do it, they have done it. COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Again, I feel that, and that is another conversation that we can follow, I think that we've been very consistent on, one, to continue supporting, understanding that the

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25 bill. Second, this Administration is committed to the

honor to be a co-prime as a Chairman, I pass the

Streets Master Plan is a law, a law that I had the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 223 Street Master Plan. While we are adding that there's other things also that we do, right now that is supported by all of all from an Open Street, things that Paul mentioned in dining out is not part of the Street Master Plan. When it came to two of those areas, which is about the bus lane and bike lane, definitely sometime, we have the whole plan, but sometimes there's challenges that we face, especially through some part of the city that communities, elected officials, other, they are not supporting all those projects in those communities. However, as I say, even with all these challenges, and I repeat it again, New York City has built more protected bike lanes that all cities have.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Absolutely. We see the bike lanes as like the top priority for DOT, but we see with the bus lanes, as congestion pricing is nearing, we are not prioritizing how we are being able to create that infrastructure to address getting communities that are from the furthest parts of the city into where they need to go.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Bus lane is a top priority for us too and more than happy to, again, I know that, you have toured many Council Districts,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 224 looking for different need that they have, more than happy again to see that with you as the Chairwoman, and this goes with you, our plan to get all those bus lane because in most cases also there have been places in the city that we want to do the bus lane that some Council Members, they're saying not in my District so more than happy to sit down with you and see how it can be helpful to us as we go across the five boroughs to do the bus lanes that is mandated in the Streets Master Plan.

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willing to work with you on that, and I know we've had conversations, even with Southeast Queens. I think sometimes it gets messaged out like Members are solely against bus lanes or bike lanes, but it's not necessary that they're against it. It's nuances to it. As Council Member Salamanca said, we have people who are not familiar with the community and the movement of the community. You may come there at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and see one dynamic on one day, but not really taking into account what members of the community feel so there are times where I've seen Members literally ask DOT, we would like to see a bus lane in a particular area and then DOT will

ignore that request and they will put it somewhere else. I've seen that also with the bus lanes so, again, I think there's some work to be done on it, but the bus lanes in particular are extremely important as we're looking at congestion pricing to make sure people can get to where they need to go. I think about Council Member Lee's District that's very bus heavy. My own District as well and Council Member Narcisse in Brooklyn and so many others.

Considering that the Department of
Transportation has not met the its mandated targets
in the Street Plan, does DOT believes that the
current level of funding is sufficient?

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: With the funding we have, we will be able to do the work and, if we would need more resources, we go back to OMB. We go back and make those asks but, so far, we have planning to have a financial support that we need to accomplish our goal from 2024.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So then why in the Streets Plan did you did you acknowledge the fiscal challenges impacting your ability to meet the mandate?

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA:

Yeah, that's right. We did take a OTPS PEG on Streets Plan-related matters. What we mean about we have the proper level of funding is we have the proper level of funding to continue doing the amount of projects that we've been doing in the past, which have been record-breaking.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But they're still not meeting the goals.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: So let me ask, if you think about where we have failed, which is the area of the Streets Master Plan that you feel that we have not accomplished?

 $\label{thm:chairperson} \mbox{ \begin{tabular}{l} CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Particularly the bus lane. \end{tabular}}$

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Bus lane, and I can tell you that funding is not the only reason.

Like when we couldn't do (INAUDIBLE), it was not just about the funding. When you go through other places in Brooklyn, other locations, it's not about the funding so I think it is important, again, as I said, we would love to sit down with you so that we can identify those areas.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What about the areas that you haven't received the pushback? Have you prioritized those areas to at least still continue to build it out?

Say that, as I said before I've been going around as you have, doing the tour, walk-through with different Council Members in different parts of the city. As a Commissioner beside that, I have a great team from the intergovernmental and probably Rick can also add a little bit about it or Rick Rodriguez on how are we doing the community engagement. Why don't you share a little bit about what is the work that we do in the community engagement because I think that in the last two years, the DOT has definitely been taking that approach to have a strong community engagement, Rick.

intergovernmental division that works directly with each of the Council Member that we go and present the project to you guys, and we also have a, I'm (INAUDIBLE) since I became a Commissioner and I brought a person to be in charge of connecting DOT with immigrants community. I'm a (INAUDIBLE). I can say, I don't know which Council Member had not met or

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 228 visited the District but, if there is any, there's few. In this year, I have walked with most of the Council Members and, not only myself, I've been sure that the team know that the direction not for me only, it's from Mayor Eric Adams. Mayor Eric Adams said go and meet with the Council Member, go and meet with other elected official, be sure that they are included so I feel that we definitely can always look on how we can do better improve the engagement, but I can say right now if we go back on the Streets Master Plan and just on the bus lane, it's not just about resources. Resources are one of the pieces, but the other most important one is about the support from some community where we want to build those bus lanes.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And then also in terms of the bus stop upgrades, only 54 of the 500 were mandated so what's the reason for that?

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: I can take it from the budget perspective. The reality, last time we came to testify, we said that we were working with the selected contractor to do the work. The prices came in way higher than we expected and in a time of very difficult decisions, we needed to make

a pivot so financial uncertainty so we're going to be maintaining the current RTPIs and bus stop improvements and, in the future when things get better, we're going to be thinking of a way to install new ones but, at this point, we're just going to be maintaining the current real time passenger information.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So in that regard, are you saying that's a budgetary reason?

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OCHOA: It is part of the conversations that we're having with City Hall and OMB, yes.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: But also, again, it would be highly irresponsible of the agency to be spending over what we know that a project should be costing. This is about being fiscally responsible as well.

I just wanted to go back to the question about community outreach for bus projects in particular. Again, some of the most thoughtful individuals are going door to door, reaching out to small businesses, working with community boards. We have over 10 languages that we're working with to make sure that people are hearing information and

receiving information in their native tongue, and that's baseline. You see the different ways that we work exceptionally hard to work on when we're receiving some of that community pushback. Again, our engagement strategies are robust and profoundly intense.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Has DOT been working with like SBS to your point in terms of going and talking to the merchants?

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yes, we have, and they're one of our closest partners for this Dining Out NYC as well.

back really quickly, I'm going to come back to
Streets Plan. In terms of the locations for the
commuter vans, one is in front of 140 Schermerhorn
Street. Another one is between Livingston and
Schermerhorn. Another one is on Lewiston between Hoyt
and Smith. There's one on Flatbush Avenue as well
that is on the southbound side on the corner of
Avenue U. Those are some of the different locations.
I guess they were taken down. They were supposed to
go back up. I'm not sure what happened.

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FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Okay, we'll report back to you on that.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah, the one that you had mentioned was taken down for construction, so we expect to put it back up when construction is finished there. We'll check into all those locations. I don't know that they all got taken down recently, but we'll figure out what's going on there.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Going back to Street's Plan. The transit signal priority also, was that also because of funding?

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Yeah, I think we've been maintaining at 750 intersections for transit signal priority year over year. The target went up from 750 to 1,000, and I think we're just...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: The benchmark is 1,000 over 2023.

DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: Right, the benchmark the first year was 750, the second year was 1,000. We continued at 750, and that's about really staffing. That's something we do primarily in-house. We have signal engineers that go and look at each of

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 232 2 these intersections. 750 is a tremendous number. Like 3 we are doing... 4 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I didn't go back to a question I asked ... 5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BEATON: (INAUDIBLE) 6 20 or 30. 7 8 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: In like a 9 previous hearing, which was, do you feel that the benchmarks are realistic for the agency because it 10 11 seems to be the agency hasn't been able to meet these 12 goals and, while I hear you, you're like, okay, we've 13 done 750 before, we decided we're going to keep going 14 and doing 750, but the goal is 1,000. 15 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: I think that probably we should, again, you as someone doing your 16 17 job as a Chairman of this Committee, as well as 18 understand, like this job from the side. Probably, we 19 should also follow that conversation because ... 20 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's what 21 I'm trying to understand right now on the record. 2.2 COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: (INAUDIBLE) that 2.3 number, but I also feel leaving with the Streets Master Plan, like, as I said this, we are committed 24

to work toward our numbers, but then I think it's

important that also we look at it and revise, is the number of bus lane, is the numbers of bike lane numbers (INAUDIBLE) that as we, as a Council, voted in the past in the Streets Master Plan, something that we (INAUDIBLE), like from this end we work hard 24/7 to work toward that goal but, as I say, all the challenges that we have, that also I think it's important to probably sit down and have those conversations with you.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: No, I definitely welcome the conversations as well.

I know Council Member Louis had a followup question.

COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you, Madam

Chair. You actually asked one of them. It was

regarding the DOT commuter van stops. They actually

have not been restored. One of them is on Flatbush

Avenue, and the Chair mentioned the other one so if

we could get an update on that. There are people in

the audience right now that want that information, so

I just want to give you a heads up on that.

I do want to circle back on the community engagement that was shared earlier. Community engagement with DOT is ineffective, and the community

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 234 ambassadors, I don't believe are provided the correct framework in order to engage the community the way the agency may be expecting them to do so not only are we failing the ambassadors, we're failing the community, and we're failing overall the framework and infrastructure in order for us to all be working together for safety purposes so I just wanted to highlight that, but I wanted to know if you all could provide an update on the carshare pilot program and can we get a commitment to move and eliminate particular stops? I mention this at every Transportation hearing and every time I could get in front of you all. It's unfair to put carshare spots in front of people's homes, especially if they are wheelchair bound and if they have disabilities. Those particular spots still have not been removed out of my District and Council District 46, and also I wanted to just quickly highlight I was a proud supporter of Sammy's Law. It's a policy that needed to be implemented, but the saturation of cameras in BIPOC and black communities and neighborhoods to support red light, speed cameras, everything that you're asking us to support is also going to be ineffective for our communities. The approach to be

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COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, so the answer is yes. Let's get time, let's follow up on,

we're more than happy to share changes that we have made, that Margaret can take it on, go into details on when it comes to the people. It's people be like how, we've been making changes (INAUDIBLE) that we have reduced in the timing to respond and get those speed bumps built, but I will leave that one to Margaret.

With the first question related to the Street Ambassadors, I want to say that DOT's ambassador program added important resources to our community approach to our outreach, and the Street Ambassadors literally meet New Yorkers where they live, and one of the good things about, especially the new group of the Street Ambassador, because, for me, it's a commitment. I say I want to be the Commissioner that everyone know that I bring fairness, that each community also get individuals that look like them when they go and present any projects so right now the Street Ambassador composition, a team is comprised of multi-language, a public engagement specialist, who at this moment currently can speak 10 languages so this is an expansion that we're doing with the Street Ambassador

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 237 but also being sure that those ambassadors that will go to the community that also speak the language.

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COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Commissioner, we'll sit and talk, and I'll give you some ideas about the Street Ambassador program.

COMMISSIONER RODRIGUEZ: Okay, thank you.

FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE:

Thanks for the comments on the speed humps. We have heard from you and the Council and communities loud and clear that they want more speed humps. They want the speed humps to be reviewed and implemented more quickly so we've done some great things on that front, and I think you're going to see results. We have developed a new program to evaluate the criteria for the necessity of a speed hump much more quickly and less labor-intensive and using data that we have available so we're evaluating them quicker. Another thing that we're doing is that previously we had one speed hump crew, large speed hump crew. They were responsible both for restoring speed humps after resurfacing, which is just simply replacements, as well as the new ones. We have just embarked on an effort to train a lot of additional people so in every borough, what we've done is have the main speed

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 238
2	hump crew train the other asphalt workers. Those
3	asphalt workers are going to be able to do them on
4	the weekends and on overtime to eliminate that
5	backlog. So far, we've done that in two boroughs,
6	we're now training in our third borough, we're going
7	to do all five boroughs, but if you give me a list i:
8	you have speed humps in particular that you know have
9	been approved, and we can work with the Borough
10	Commissioner of course, we can make sure
11	COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: I'm going to send
12	them for the whole Brooklyn delegation.
13	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: We
14	expedite those and get those done for you, but I
15	think all of you…
16	COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: Thank you so much.
17	FIRST DEPUTY COMMISSIONER FORGIONE: Will
18	see we're going to do better on the speed humps.
19	COUNCIL MEMBER LOUIS: I appreciate the
20	update. Thank you.
21	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm looking
22	forward to seeing that. Thank you, Council Member.
23	Thank you, DOT, for your testimony and

participation in today's hearing.

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may begin when ready.

COMMISSIONER DO: Okay. Good afternoon,
Chair Brooks-Powers and Members of the Committee on
Transportation and Infrastructure. Thank you for
inviting me to brief you on the status of the Taxi
and Limousine Commission's operations, update you on
the industry, and introduce our 2025 Preliminary
Budget. I look forward to answering any questions,
and with me today is Deputy Commissioner of Finance
Edward Wilton.

Ever since the pandemic brought profound disruptions to the TLC-regulated industries, we've begun these hearings by sharing how the recovery is going. Compared to the previous year, overall trips are up 3.7 percent. We had over 9,000 taxis in service in January, 1,000 more than the same time last year. This is the first time this many have been operating since the pandemic. In terms of active yellow trips, we are at about 50 percent of what they were pre-pandemic. Yellow daily revenue in the month of December 2023 was 2.7 million. This was 30 percent higher than the year before, following TLC's first fare increase in a decade. Trip volumes of our largest sector, rideshare vehicles, are at 92 percent of what they were pre-pandemic, while liveries and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 241 community car service trips are hovering near 70 percent of what they were pre-pandemic. Rideshare drivers' gross earnings are stable at between 1,000 and 1,300 a week consistent with the compensation rate since 2021 TLC. TLC recently increased minimum pay rates by 3.49 percent to keep pace with inflation. Licensed commuter vans, an important asset in providing affordable transportation in underserved areas, still struggle with insurance requirements, which are regulated at the state level. We continue to have dialogue with the State Department of Financial Services and relevant stakeholders, and we support the expansion of insurance options and any measures that DFS can take to invest in the stabilization and growth of the commuter van industry. Critical to stabilizing the taxi industry has been our historic program providing debt relief for medallion owners negatively impacted by market disruptions and the pandemic, the Medallion Relief Program. Two years ago, I would not have believed I would be here telling the City has granted almost half a billion dollars in relief, but that is what we have been able to achieve, over 450 million in relief for 2,324 medallions. In real terms, that is more

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 242 than 1,900 medallion owners who have been able to keep their homes, provide for their families, and stay afloat through hard times. All New Yorkers should be proud of this achievement. I'd like to thank the Council for supporting this program along with the Mayor, the Deputy Mayor of Operations, the participating lenders, the Taxi Workers Alliance, and everyone at the TLC and the New York Legal Assistance Group who have provided tireless work to keep this program moving and growing. The Medallion Relief Program has been a clear example of how government, private industry, and collective representation can unite to bring positive change to the people of New York. Our efforts to support the taxi industry certainly will not end there. We are always looking for ways to bolster the iconic transportation resource.

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Now, I would like to update you on the City's Green Ride Initiative, which requires all Uber and Lyft trips to either be zero emissions or wheelchair accessible by 2030. This first-of-a-kind initiative sets a series of benchmarks to get us there. 5 percent of all trips must be zero emissions or wheelchair accessible by the end of the year; 15

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 243 percent by the end of 2025; and 25 percent by the end of 2026 and so on. As part of our launch of this initiative and after our review of the for-hire vehicle license pause on October 18, we decided to open applications for electric vehicle licenses. I would like to apologize to the Council for any confusion associated with the launch of Green Rides. As I mentioned, following Local Law 147, we based our decision to lift the pause on EV vehicles on various factors. These included driver income, potential impact on congestion, traffic safety, utilization rate, access to service, vehicle supply, trip volumes, vehicle attrition, EV infrastructure, and other analytical tools. We were confident that the industry could absorb EV-only licenses without undermining the gains of the license pause. We decided not to state any limits on applications to avoid scarcity conditions and a chaotic run on licenses. We wanted to give drivers flexibility to decide if this was the right time for them to transition to zero emissions and get their own license without feeling pressure that it was now or never. This strategy is working. Following our announcement that EV licenses would be available, we

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 244 were receiving 100 to 150 applications a day, a manageable rate that would let us monitor the impact on the industry and adjust accordingly. We did not foresee the litigation against EV licenses would be filed or that a temporary restraining order would give drivers only five days to apply for these licenses. Once drivers saw the doors closing on them, applications skyrocketed to 2,000 licenses a day. This caused the very outcome that everyone wanted to avoid, a run on licenses. In total, we received 9,756 applications. You may have questions about how the city and the industry are absorbing these vehicles, so I want you to walk through them. About 7,500 of these vehicles are now on the road. EVs now comprise 10 percent of our rideshare fleet, and January marked the first time New York surpassed 1 million EV rides in a month. 88 percent of these new vehicles are owned by individuals. They are small business people, mostly hard-working immigrants looking for a chance at ownership and a pathway to the middle class. Most of the rest of these licenses are owned by LLCs. It is likely that many of those are also incorporated individuals as well. Leasing licenses can involve significant cost for drivers. We anticipate before

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 245 making the EV licenses available that there would be heavy demand by individuals who were leasing. So how are these drivers doing? My team and I have been visiting charging hubs and conducting extensive outreach to EV drivers. Here's what we've learned. Unsurprisingly, utilization rates at the City's charging stations, particularly DC fast chargers, are at an all-time high. In some cases, 10 times what they were prior to Green Rides. On the two coldest days this winter, as a population new to EVs attempted to charge, we saw long lines at several charging stations. Charging times can double in frigid temperatures, especially if people attempt to charge beyond 80 percent but, once temperatures improved, lines got smaller. Some charging hubs are busier than others, but there are times of days when traffic is still relatively light at other hubs. How familiar drivers are with the overall charging landscape is important. To this end, we have been handing out informational pamphlets, running them through the basics, as well as emailing them about new charging opportunities and discounts. We also conducted an informal survey of more than 1,000 new EV drivers moving through our inspection facility at

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 246 2 Woodside, asking them where they plan to charge. About one third indicated that they plan to charge at 3 4 home. This has likely helped ease the pressure on existing infrastructure. I visit charging hubs about once a week to talk to TLC drivers. The majority tell 6 me that they're overall happy with their EVs, they 7 like their car, and they like owning rather than 8 leasing, and they like contributing to a cleaner, more sustainable planet. We also know that their pay 10 11 is higher, about \$2.89 cents per trip. One thing they 12 all tell me is that they want more charging options. 13 We need more fast charging hubs as soon as possible. To this end, the TLC formed the Charging Task Force. 14 15 We have been meeting with DOT, DCAS, Con Ed, the New 16 York Power Authority, Tesla, Revel, Electrify 17 America, Gravity, ChargePoint, the Port Authority, 18 EDC, and other key players to identify and facilitate ways to bring more chargers to TLC drivers, and the 19 20 response has been incredible. Thanks to the Green 21 Rides Initiative, the providers now know they have a 2.2 guaranteed market. They are actively competing to get 2.3 more hubs up. It will not happen overnight, but every new hub relieves pressure and increases competition. 24

Less than two weeks ago, we saw the opening of the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 247 largest, fastest hub yet in midtown Manhattan. We also learned that 48 plugs are coming to LaGuardia by early 2025. We need more hubs everywhere, especially in the Bronx and Queens, and we need them yesterday, but many seeds are being planted in the forest of fast chargers. Our drivers are already benefiting. Uber and Revel just announced a deal giving Uber drivers 25 percent off Revel hubs. An unforeseen result of the litigation is that now the city is two years ahead of schedule on the Green Rides Initiative. We now have the largest zero emissions rideshare fleet in the United States. As we indicated in our annual FHV License Review, released on March 1st, additional FHV licenses are not needed at this time due to various factors, including the ongoing litigation. Anyone interested in obtaining a FHV license, however, can still do so provided that it's a wheelchair accessible vehicle. Another concern brought up was how these new vehicles would impact traffic congestion. Despite the new Green Rides EVs, we are still 10 percent below the 120,000 FHVs that were licensed by the TLC when they extended the pause in 2019. DOT has told us that traffic speeds are about the same as they were prior to the pandemic. As

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 248 I stated earlier, most of these new EV drivers ceased leasing gas-powered vehicles. They continue to work for Uber and Lyft, but it is not in the interest of the rideshare fleets to hire even more drivers. They end up having to pay drivers more due to our driver pay formula. There is no profit in it for them. Although we're not seeing significant increases in congestion due to TLC vehicles, our industry, like the rest of the city, faces congestion pricing. This Administration has been clear on our support for the State's congestion pricing plan, but there is more that can be done to help drivers and the industry in the post-pandemic recovery. We need to consider the economic needs of drivers in order to get congestion pricing right. Even as we have increased sustainability through Green Rides, we have also continued to increase accessibility. January saw a 33 percent increase in wheelchair accessible FHV trips compared to the previous year. We now have nearly 10,000 accessible taxis and FHVs, the most in the agency's history. We will never stop improving accessibility. TLC is continuing to work to make taxis more accessible. We are currently in the process of drafting proposed rules which make it

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committee on transportation and infrastructure 249 easier and more economical for taxi operators to transition to wheelchair accessible vehicles. We expect to introduce these rules soon, and we look forward to hearing the thoughts from the industry and the public.

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As this marks the 10th anniversary of
Vision Zero. The Taxi and Limousine Commission is a
committed Vision Zero agency. Per mile driven, our
drivers remain the safest in the city. Last year,
over 117,000 drivers completed our required refresher
course, which has a Vision Zero-focused curriculum.
This year's Vision Zero Honor Roll ceremony will be
our biggest yet. For the first time, we'll be
honoring the city's safest drivers at Gracie Mansion,
and we will be inviting all of you to attend.

Now getting to our budget. For Fiscal Year '25, our total expense budget for Fiscal Year '25 is 59.5 million, 44.4 million is for personal services, funding that supports 555 heads, and another 15.1 million in other-than-personal services, funding allocated to support agency operations. We are proud to have helped the Mayor and the City by identifying and contributing to cost-saving measures that will benefit residents of New York City. We

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 250 found efficiencies in basic maintenance and support services, and I'm happy to report that we will not be impacted operationally. We also thank the Mayor for giving TLC the funding to support 100 new TLC officers who will help keep the riding public and our roadways safer. These officers are critical to TLC's mission and provide a great public service. They make sure TLC vehicles are safe, drivers are safe, and the riding public is protected from all types of illegal activity. We are also pleased to report that in Fiscal Year '23, 71.3 percent of our eliqible procurements were awarded to M/WBE firms, and so far in Fiscal Year '24, we are at 82.8 percent M/WBE utilization rate. In total, the TLC projects a 25 increase in the total value of procurements awarded to M/WBE firms from Fiscal Year '23 to Fiscal Year '24. We are also on our way to awarding our first procurement to a Native American firm as part of our TLC Connect project.

Thank you again, Council Members, for giving us the opportunity to update you. I am now happy to take any questions and look forward to providing you with further information.

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biggest projects that we're undergoing. It's a

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    COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
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     capital project to bring our legacy mainframe system
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     from the last century to this century.
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                CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So 1.5 out of
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     15.
                COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, and that's what
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     qualifies under the M/WBE numbers that we are
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     addressing so there are a variety of different costs
    but, out of that, only 1.5 million qualifies towards
     our goal, which is 80 percent in this Fiscal Year.
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                CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So the dollar
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     amount on the goal that you're saying is 1.5?
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                COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, our goal is, what
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     is our goal?
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                CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Or is it 2.5?
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                DEPUTY COMMISSIONER WILTON: 2. 5 is what
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     we're projecting to spend by the end of the year.
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     We've utilized 1.5 thus far, but looking at our
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     contracts that are coming down the pipe, we know that
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     we're going to be about 2.5 by year end.
                CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But what's the
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     goal in itself in dollars?
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                COMMISSIONER DO: It's 30 percent of what
     is expendable so there's a variety of different
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contracts that don't have to count by our numbers,

right, and by Local Law 129, and if we look at this by the definitions of what is expendable and what has to count towards our M/WBE goal, we're meeting it at 82 percent, and so not all 15 million has to count towards the goal because of a variety of different factors. For example, like a firm or a lease or requirement contracts or like a sole source.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: But does the agency even attempt to go beyond the goal?

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah. Our City's goal is 30 percent. Our agency's goal is 40 percent, and we're meeting that or we are exceeding it at 82.3 percent.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And when you look at diversity in diversity, like which groups are the least utilized?

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, like I said in my testimony, Council Member, we're very proud for the first time ever we will be contracting to a Native American firm, something that the TLC has never done before, but we're also very proud of the fact that 59 percent of our allowable dollars contribute towards female M/WBEs and, in reality, we're trying to ensure that that our numbers will be greater than the

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 25
2	previous years. For example, last year, our black
3	female M/WBEs was 25 percent. When we finalize one
4	more contract
5	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Are the
6	females minority or is W?
7	COMMISSIONER DO: It's both Caucasian,
8	Hispanic, Asian, and black females.
9	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay, so not
10	all of that is MW because you're saying MW so it's
11	throwing me off. I'm just trying to follow you.
12	COMMISSIONER DO: Minority- and women-
13	owned businesses.
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 54 percent is
15	female.
16	COMMISSIONER DO: 59 percent.
17	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: 59 percent,
18	okay.
19	COMMISSIONER DO: And 41 percent goes to
20	male M/WBEs.
21	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So you don't
22	break into the M, B, E's, the females, you just keep
23	if they're like a black or a Latina, you keep them i

the W category or do they get counted also in the M?

dollars. They have much larger expendable budgets.

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take a moment to talk about new inspectors. The

Preliminary Plan included 5.4 million dollars for 54

inspectors at TLC. Your agency was one of the few

agencies to receive new funding in the Fiscal 2025

Preliminary Plan. Can you explain why the agency

requested and needed additional inspectors?

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, thank you so much

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm going to

for that question, Council Member. Our inspector class has dropped precipitously since the global pandemic. We used to have 200 officers strong both on the safety and emissions side and on the TLC enforcement side, and that has dropped to 50 percent or about 100 and in order to continue to keep our priorities of keeping our roadway safe of both drivers and unlicensed activity, we worked with OMB and the Mayor to improve quality-of-life issues including this and so, as our outer borough residents see issues along Broadway or along Flatbush, we can look at that illegal activity and tamp them down. We can't be in all five boroughs all the time, and so these officers are going to help us achieve our goals.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: What's the current budgeted an actual inspectorial headcount at TLC?

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah. The current headcount at the enforcement team is 171, and there's about 84 vacancies currently.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How do you anticipate these additional inspectors will be deployed through the end of Fiscal '24 and Fiscal **'**25?

COMMISSIONER DO: The first step, Council Member, is that we have to graduate our cadet class, and so what we're doing currently is going through our DCAS lists, evaluating them for psych and medical, and then there's going to be about a sixweek to two-month process where we have them go through the academy, and so it's going to take a little bit of time and then we also have to approve them for our special patrolman which is a license that goes through NYPD and approved by them, and so it's going to take a little bit of time, but during their training process, they're going to be deployed to help with NYPD traffic mitigation efforts through events during the summer, like the U.S. Open and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 258 other events until they're fully graduated, hopefully by the end of summer or early fall.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How does the agency plan to fill the 84 vacancies it currently has in addition to 54 new positions?

COMMISSIONER DO: So it's going to be actually 100 additional enforcement officers overall, and so we have...

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: That's on top of the 84 vacancies?

total, and so we're using existing vacancies as well, and so there's 54 new vacancies, 46 of which are coming from existing vacancies, which are already in our budget, but what we're doing right now is we're going through the list and we're exhausting that list, right, and through our evaluations we have about a cadet class of about 50 to 60 individuals and we anticipate to graduate 40 and so then we will have another class come this summer as well to fill the whole entire class by hopefully by the end of the Calendar Year.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Pivoting to the Medallion Relief Program funding, what is the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 259 remaining balance of the Medallion Relief Program in Fiscal '24, and what do you anticipate the balance to be as we move into Fiscal '25?

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COMMISSIONER DO: Let me, if I may, just talk a little bit about the successes of the program. Thanks to your help, Council Member, we have achieved over 450 million dollars of debt relief to over 2,300 medallions, over 1,900 individual owner drivers, and so that is a big win and, as you can see in our budget, Council Member, is that there was 15 million and then 50 from the federal government, and then 60 from our local government over the last two budgets. We have depleted that, and we have helped as many drivers who wanted to participate in this program and who qualified for this program, and so this program will continue until April 30th, but we haven't seen any more additional closings week over week, and so we're saying this program is incredibly successful and most of the budget now is with pursuit for the reserve fund, and the reserve fund, Council Member, is basically for drivers or owners who default, it draws from that fund instead of having the individual medallion owner to have what we call a personal guarantee or a loan that goes after their assets,

committee on transportation and infrastructure 260 right, and so this is a huge relief for many drivers that the big lenders are not going after personal assets but are drawing down the fund, and the fund currently is about 46 or so million.

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I wanted to touch on commuter vans as well. As you know, I've been a long advocate for the commuter van industry, which has long helped fill gaps in the city's transportation networks and underserved areas like Southeast Queens. The industry has faced serious challenges in recent years. First, I know your very first hearing last year, we spoke about the street hail. At the time, we had a resolution, and I just wanted to know if you are still in support of legalizing the street hail for commuter vans.

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah. Council Member, thank you so much for that question, and it's something that I have been working with our advocates on and ensuring that we come to an outcome that is fair for our commuter van industry, and what we have done and we've worked with all of our advocates and I have said that I have supported the Street Hail bill in the state, but this is something that we have all collectively worked on, and we need to ensure that it

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 261 does not impact the yellow taxis below 110th and 96th, and I believe that with all the advocates, both Hector, Leroy, we have agreed that that the street hails will remain in the outer boroughs.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you for that. Can you talk about how in this budget, we're working to help ensure the survival of the commuter van industry.

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, I think that the biggest thing and where we have more opportunity to help is in our advocacy, right, and so at the State level, I have been supportive of what is in the current budget bill at the State which allows for a captive insurance program. This is something that we've been working on with the commuter van industry and our DFS advocates and our partners at the State level to ensure that there is an outcome that is supporting commuter vans, and so it's in the budget bill now and it's something that that we support.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

Pivoting to Vision Zero and TLC. In the first four

months of Fiscal '24, TLC issued 3,442 Vision Zero

summonses and 6,844 patrol summonses to drivers. Both

of these indicators are down significantly compared

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 262 to the same period last year. To what degree is the reduction in summonses a result of headcount or staffing?

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, like I said, Council Member, Vision Zero is something that is one of our top priorities at the TLC. This is something that we work on on a regular basis to ensure our roadways are safe, drivers are safe, and that they change their behavior, and so street summonses is not the only way we approach this, right, and I want to, again, thank the Mayor for putting in 100 new heads to the TLC so that we can work on our enforcement and build up our enforcement team to where it once was at the pre-pandemic levels, but I also rely on our pedestrians, on our bicyclists, on all of our roadway users to help us out and, while summonses are down because of staffing issues, we also have more summonses on the consumer complaint site. Actually, it's increased from 11,000 to 17,000 because drivers, pedestrians, bicyclists, and other roadway users are helping us, and we prosecute them through the fullest extent of our authority within the prosecution unit here at the TLC.

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: How do you anticipate the new class of inspectors to impact these indicators, and do you anticipate any additional revenue from fines or fees as a result of the increased enforcement?

there's going to be increase in revenue. What I know is that there's going to continue to be a help on increasing our ability to be in more places, to change driver behavior, to keep our fleet of TLC drivers safer than ever before and to ensure that per mile driven, they remain the safest, and so I can't project the budget numbers and revenue numbers today, but what I know is that if we summons our drivers, they do change their behavior, and part of these numbers is also probably a change in driver behavior as well.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I want to touch on congestion pricing.

COMMISSIONER DO: Sure.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Has the

Commission done any sort of analysis on the impacts

of congestion pricing on the city's for-hire vehicle

drivers? If so, what have you determined?

COMMISSIONER DO: Yeah, so most of the work on congestion pricing is done at the State level, Council Member, and it's something that we look at and we not only look at the environmental study but also what TMRB and its report released and also what is currently going on in the public realm where the MTA is holding the public hearings. We haven't specifically had a study personally through the TLC, but we work with the MTA and our partners at the DOT on a regular basis to share information. What I can say is that through the advocacy of the forhire vehicle industry, it has transformed what we thought would be something that would kill the industry to what is more, I think, a little bit more palatable, and what I mean by that is now it's going from a per-entry cost to a per trip cost, where it can be passed on to the passenger who is using the for-hire vehicle and so through collective organization, organizing with our driver groups, they have been able to succeed there.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Do you have any resources in a Preliminary Plan to support studying the impacts?

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COMMISSIONER DO: We do not have resources but, again, Council Member, we continue to work with the MTA and our DOT partners to ensure that the impact on congestion pricing is minimal on our regulated industries.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I would think that, as the Chair for the Commission, one of the responsibilities is not only enforcement, but ensuring the health and well-being of the industry and understanding that congestion pricing may or may not have a certain impact on the industry. I think it's important that the agency has its own data versus relying on the state just to understand, because there may be additional needs you may find that may down the line be something to be considered, because when we think about the fact that the City has already invested in the Medallion Recovery, which was quite some, in terms of funding dollar amounts, but what could this lead to, how is it impacting, how can the Commission support the drivers? I think that having a study would be helpful.

COMMISSIONER DO: I got it, Council

Member, and it's something that we don't just leave

it out there. We're active participants in data

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 266
2	sharing and using our data and leveraging our
3	platforms to ensure that whatever outcome that comes
4	out of it has a lot of our input in it, and we're
5	advocating for the industry because, like I told you
6	before at a previous hearing, the TLC-regulated
7	industries has contributed over 2 billion to the MTA
8	through the existing MTA congestion surcharges,
9	right, and so this is something that we have to be
10	very careful on, that we have to examine, and that's
11	why we're in the room helping make some of the
12	decisions. That's how we got to, instead of a per-
13	entry cost, which would have been devastating
14	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: So TLC is in
15	the room.
16	COMMISSIONER DO: We're talking to our
17	partners at the state level and DOT, yes.
18	CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Okay. Council
19	Member Restler.
20	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Good to see you.
21	Thanks so much, Chair, for joining us today.
22	Just a couple questions on my end. First,
23	I've been very concerned about the increase in auto
24	insurance rates.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I think, by what I read, they're up about 25, 26 percent nationally with rates in New York City some of the highest in the nation as you know well. It's hurting everyday New Yorkers. I'm especially concerned though about taxi and FHV drivers that are really struggling to keep up with the costs. What's the TLC doing to bring

regulate insurance, but we do work with the state DFS to ensure that whatever rates these companies are charging, it's actuarially sound rates and, for a lot of these companies, right, for one company in particular, it has been I think a very difficult place because they have artificially been at very low rates, and I get it, these costs are skyrocketing for individual drivers and it's something that we have to examine, but what we do especially on the high-volume side and even on the yellow side is that we look at the meter rate affair and that we look at driver pay and we do studies to ensure that insurance and other costs are contemplated in the minimum driver pay standards that we put out, but it is a struggle with

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down these costs?

supportive of the driver minimum pay, happy to hear

that you're incorporating the impacts of these higher insurance costs in your ongoing analysis. We just want to make sure that drivers have the resources that they need to be able to cover these extraordinary costs and, if there's anything that the TLC can do in partnership with the Council from an advocacy standpoint to try to limit these major increases, we would really welcome it.

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COMMISSIONER DO: We're partnering with the (INAUDIBLE) soon to do a new driver pay study so that should come out in the next 9 to 12 months or so.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: And do any of the regulatory actions of the TLC impact these rates?

COMMISSIONER DO: We have not changed our rules around insurance rates for a very long time. I think it's been over a decade or so.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: One final question for me is, in the November Plan, we saw there was additional revenue from an increase in the vehicle license renewals. Always nice to find new revenue. These renewals are anticipated to generate about 1.1 million in revenue across the Plan. How did TLC determine this amount of additional revenue, and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 270 do you believe that there will be consistent trend in license renewals to maintain this revenue in the outyears.

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COMMISSIONER DO: Actually, our revenue projection for Fiscal Year '24 was about 64 million dollars, and it actually goes down in Fiscal Year '25 to about 60.5 million and so where we see, I think, renewal periods for both medallions and FHVs happen every two years and so some years it might be lower than other years, and it just depends but, in general, if revenue is higher, we'll reflect it in the plan, but I just can't say 100 percent for sure that every licensee, every vehicle, every base is going to renew and so we have to be very conservative and then we work on expanding that as it comes closer.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Fair. I do just want to commend you on the Medallion Relief work that you and your agency has been doing. It's been impressive, and my sense is it's been a really tremendous victory for drivers across the city so thank you.

COMMISSIONER DO: Thank you for your help on that as well.

Jean Ryan, please.

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2 JEAN RYAN: Hi, I'm Jean Ryan, President of Disabled in Action of Metropolitan New York, DIA 3 4 for short. I emailed longer written testimony to the Council. The MTA is still in the dark ages with Access-A-Ride. So many people are not being picked up 6 on time or at all and must keep calling to get a ride 8 or they arrive an hour early to their appointments. We have been promised improvements for so many years that it makes me wonder if things will ever be 10 11 different. The DOT needs to step it up and do more pedestrian ramps and fix sidewalks, especially ones 12 13 with holes in them or ones that are lifted up because 14 they are impassable for people with mobility 15 disabilities and dangerous for blind people and 16 people with low vision. Also, yesterday, I toured two 17 demonstration outdoor dining examples, and one of 18 them was inaccessible and did not have a ramp so I 19 was not impressed with that one. The TLC has 20 problems. We do not have enough wheelchair accessible 21 yellow taxis or for-hire vehicles. Our wait times for 2.2 Uber and Lyft are two to three times as much as for 2.3 ambulatory people. Over time, wait times should have gone down, but the TLC has not mandated it. We need 24 100 percent wheelchair accessibility for the industry 25

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 273 to be fair. Blind people are left behind. Drivers often do not speak English and will not secure our wheelchairs or ourselves with seatbelts. This is unsafe. They don't even have the proper straps, and it's really concerning because anytime we get into a for-hire vehicle, we never know if we're going to be strapped in correctly and it's very concerning. It's dangerous. One more thing, design and construction needs to put a ramp in front of 80 Center Street. This important building with the district attorney, marriage bureau, courts, grand juries, and the Family Justice Center needs to be safely accessible. What justice is there for people with disabilities who put their lives in danger trying to get into 80 Center? Thank you.

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MICHAEL RING: Hi, my name is Michael
Ring. I'm here today representing Disabled in Action
of Greater New York. I'm one of the board members.

I'm really going to keep my comments brief. This is
not the first time I've been to a hearing just like
this with the DOT and the TLC and the MTA. There's an
important city agency that should also be here, the
enforcement agency, the NYPD. Cars are parking in bus
stops. You have all these great plans that are even

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 274 being implemented but, without proper enforcement, it's just a plan so maybe next time around the NYPD could be here. Thank you.

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TASHIA LEREBOURS: Hello, good afternoon. My name is Tashia Lerebours. I'm a Transportation and Voting Community Organizer for Center for Independence of the Disabled. While the MTA relies on the 79 percent satisfaction rate, other riders who use broker service have to deal with issues such as drivers, vehicles, and license plates not matching what is posted on the MyMTA app. That's if the MyMTA app is working properly. Some drivers do not match the driver's license picture on the windshield. On some occasions, passengers get different drivers and cars that are listed in the app. While the MTA boasts about the success of the MyMTA app, they do not pay enough attention to the problems with it. Consumers need to know who their drivers are for their safety. For example, the victim of a brutal assault, December of last year, who was unable to identify her Access-A-Ride drivers. Another issue is with broker service and blue and white vehicles. Drivers who are making phone calls while they are driving or video calls and they're so caught up in their conversation they do

committee on transportation and infrastructure 275 not notice some passengers, they get a bit anxious.

Another issue for me, drivers who use a YouTube or TikTok or any form of social media while driving.

That's something of great importance to me. Thank you.

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KATHLEEN COLLINS: Good afternoon. My name is Kathleen Collins, and I'm also on the Board of Disabled in Action. I brought a pair of dice with me here today which represent the gamble that New Yorkers with disabilities encounter every day traveling around New York City, and I am serious. With Access-A-Ride, taxi cabs, and for-hire vehicles, we do not know if they will pick us up, drive us safely and, in the case of those who use wheelchairs, whether they will secure us properly, and provide us with a seat belt and shoulder belt, even though not doing so is a Vehicle and Traffic Code 1229-C violation, and nothing's been done about this. I've been testifying about this to the MTA since 2019, before the pandemic, and I've even told the Commissioner of the Taxi and Limousine, nothing's done. We need those inspectors and they need to be inspecting those vehicles. Another thing is, further, we do not know whether we will be able to communicate COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 276 with the drivers and whether the drivers will come to us and assist us in the vehicle and help us disembark. These problems we encounter on a daily basis. When traveling the streets of New York City, we do not know whether we will be able to safely cross from one street to another, since many times we encounter poorly maintained sidewalks and curb ramps and, in some instances, there's no curb ramp available. So, too, with respect to accessible pedestrian signals, many times there is no APS available and, when there is an APS, there are times when they do not operate correctly. Significantly, even in the 21st century, we still encounter bus stops that are not accessible. This is not acceptable and illegal. We need better coordination among city agencies and state agencies with respect to transportation to ensure that our city is accessible to all, and I know you get this, Chair Brooks-Powers, because I thought that was very great what you said about having five places in a place that's been underserved for so many years and five in another community, and I said that's exactly what we are dealing with, the disabled. We have to constantly sue. Why do we have to constantly sue the City for

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 277 sidewalks, for APSs? That law was back in, 1973, we had the Rehab Act, where you get funding, the city gets funding, and none of this has ever been done, and then we have the ADA in 1990, 30 years ago, and we're still doing the same round robin. This is ridiculous. I pay taxes, a lot of taxes. I am a lawyer. I pay a lot of damn taxes, and yet I am not being served, and really we need people to represent us that look like us, I hate to say it, because it seems that you don't get it, nobody at the City Council seems to get it, and we represent everybody, the core section, we don't discriminate, we are everyone, and all our members need, we are in those communities, and you just forget about us and I'm really upset. Now we have to go out between the hours of 4 and 7 p.m. when it's practically impossible to get around New York City with a disability so thank you and thank you for listening.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you all and thank you for your patience today and testifying. I would love offline to have a different conversation in terms of potential legislation that we could be able to explore with your perspective taken into account. I know that the Commissioner for the Mayor's

1	COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 278
2	Office for People with Disabilities, Commissioner
3	Curry, often says it as well, like without us, you
4	cannot talk about legislation that's pertaining to us
5	and I agree with that and so we'd love to center your
6	voice, your perspective and legislation that this
7	Committee can be able to champion on behalf of the
8	community. Thank you so much. Thank you.
9	Now we will have DDC for real this time.
10	COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: For the next
11	portion of this hearing, we will hear witnesses from
12	the Department of Design and Construction,
13	Commissioner Thomas Foley, Executive Deputy
14	Commissioner Magalie Austin, and Deputy Commissioner
15	and Chief Financial Officer Rachel Laiserin.
16	I will now administer the oath. Please
17	raise your right hands.
18	Do you affirm to tell the truth, the
19	whole truth, and nothing but the truth before this
20	Committee and to respond honestly to Council Member
21	questions?
22	COMMISSIONER FOLEY: I do.
23	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER LAISERIN: I do.
24	EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER AUSTIN: I

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do.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. You may begin when ready.

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Good afternoon, Chair Brooks-Powers, Council Member Lincoln Restler, and the Committee. I'm Thomas Foley, Commissioner of New York City's Department of Design and Construction, and I'm pleased to appear before you today. I am joined by Executive Deputy Commissioner Magalie Austin on my left, Deputy Commissioner and Chief Financial Officer Rachel Laiserin on my right along with other members of our DDC leadership team. I'm proud to represent a workforce of over 1,200 engineers and architects that literally build the city and reflect our diversity with over 60 languages spoken amongst our staff.

This remains a time of growth and change for DDC. The agency is moving ahead with major projects, including borough-based jails, coastal resiliency, citywide green infrastructure, ped ramp program, all while continue to pursue our traditional responsibilities of building infrastructure and public buildings. At the same time, we continue to make tremendous progress, demonstrating the success of design build, which helps us to maximize public

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 280 investments by planning, designing, and building better for the city of New York. Some of our progress is reflected on our just released strategic blueprint update, which we handed out earlier, and we continue to work with the Mayor's Capital Process Task Force to achieve additional reforms that are included in their task force own recommendations. As the city's primary capital construction manager, DDC builds on behalf of more than 20 city agencies plus numerous museums, cultural organization and other non-forprofits that receive funding from the City sources. The January Capital Plan contains over 4.96 billion in new plan investments for Fiscal Year '25, which includes expenditures for our core infrastructure and buildings program, coastal resiliency, and green infrastructure. This figure also includes 1.53 billion for infrastructure division projects, 879 million for our public buildings and support portfolio, 2.5 billion for the borough-based jails. Capital spending for DDC varies year-to-year and is dedicated by the agencies that sponsor our projects and the capital funding we receive for them. We advise sponsors about scope, costs, and project

delivery tools, but ultimately priorities are policy

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 281 driven. DDC's Fiscal Year 2025 operating budget is 172 million. This includes 122 million for personal service and 51 million for other-than-personal services. Our budgeted headcount is 1,183. Our operating budget includes 133 million in IFA funding and 39 million in city tax funding. In public buildings, we have 20 projects in initiation phase, 86 in active design, 50 in procurement, and 104 in construction, total value of over 16 billion including BBJ. On the infrastructure side, we have 15 project initiation phase, 120 projects in design, 50 in procurement, 100 in active construction with a total value exceeding 11 billion. As in the case with many city government agencies we have seen, we have been actively recruiting to fill vacant positions. Over the last year, in addition to attending DCAS hiring fairs, DDC has hosted three hiring halls and attended seven campus career fairs. I'm pleased to report because of these efforts, we were able to hire 153 applicants this Fiscal Year and a total of 312 new hires since the fall of 2022. I'm very pleased to provide an update on our growing portfolio of design build projects. As I've stated previously, design build and other forms of alternative delivery outside

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York City parks. There are a lot more that we can do

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 283 to save taxpayer money and complete projects faster. One thing we're seeking in Albany is the ability to use progressive design build. With progressive design build, the city can award a contract for street and underground infrastructure where the team can investigate existing conditions before the design is finalized. Another essential delivery tool, construction manager build, what we call CM build, consolidates building renovation work under a construction management firm that procures various subcontractors and trays under open book contracting in a single chain of command. CM build is used every day with success by EDC and by the New York public library and Brooklyn public library when they're not sending work to DDC. Our new blueprint also updates details and other strategies to improve project delivery, including a critical one I'd like to bring your attention to, advanced capital planning. We call ACP. ACP will work with sponsor agencies to assess their entire portfolio of public buildings and develop efficient forward-looking strategies to manage their capital needs. In 2023, DDC built and launched the first phase of the new ACP Data Portal to compile key information on New York City's public

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 284 buildings with a single easy-to-use interface. We have also started a pilot program with Queens and public library systems, and we'll expand the ACP Program to additional sponsor agencies. We've further partnered with Mayor's Office of Operations to analyze best practices and asset management and in capital planning, efforts that will inform future phases of the program. Additional reforms reflected in the blueprint include continued use of the expanded work allowance to allow construction to continue while waiting for registered change orders, use value engineering to allow our contractors to propose design and construction alternatives that save the city money, including over 10 million dollars so far on the Eastside Coastal Resiliency, requiring that subcontractors be paid monthly, which boosts many of our small M/WBE vendors. DDC recently testified at length about its M/WBE program before this same Committee, and I'd like to highlight some of those former testimony today. DDC remains one of the leading agencies for contract awards to M/WBEs and, in the latest annual M/WBE Program Compliance Report for Fiscal Year 2023, DDC achieved a 25.2 percent utilization rate with over 370 million

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 285 dollars in contract awards to M/WBEs. Note that our alternative delivery program, including design build, is not subject to local law reporting. However, we have set ambitious goals and achieve them of over 30 percent in both design and 30 percent in construction for our design build contracts. The City's first design build project to combine parking and community space in Kew Gardens had an M/WBE participation exceeding 37 percent in design and 44 percent in construction. Another element that we're bringing to our design build contract is aiming to hire local M/WBEs. For example, in July, we had a construction career and an M/WBE Expo for the Brownsville Girls Empowerment Center and Community Hub. We're building in Brooklyn and held a similar event in Rockaway. We have another event in the works in Staten Island, and we're committing to a Meet the Primes event for each alternative delivery project and new building in our portfolio. We're also happy to announce that each of the upcoming design build contracts will have a disaggregated M/WBE goal to address the disparity within the disparity, 10 percent black, 10 percent Hispanic, 10 percent other, something we have been doing for years under our design bid build program.

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this program, we placed 13 firms on various projects,

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helping to train and grow them so eventually they can become primes themselves. In 2023, we awarded our first contract under the mentoring program and also accepted 29 new firms to add to the already approved 49 approved firms. We recognize that there is more work to be done in this area, and we'll continue to work with the Mayor's Office of M/WBE and our additional partners in this area.

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This is a unique time for capital projects and for DDC. We continue to look inward to see how we can improve our processes and will be creative to meet our goals on both project delivery and M/WBE engagement, but we do need assistance from the Council and in Albany to add more project delivery tools which have been a game changer in a very short period of time. We look forward to continued collaboration with this Committee, and I'm happy to address any questions you may have. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you,

Commissioner. I am going to yield to Council Member

Restler.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Thank you so much, Chair. I really appreciate it, and I want to

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 288 just say first and foremost, Commissioner Foley, I think you know this well, but I have a tremendous respect for you and think that you are just especially well-positioned to lead this agency. Over many years of having worked in different positions within DDC, you understand every element of it. You were hands on, you were responsive, you were thoughtful and you're effective. It wasn't too long ago, in the Cory Johnson/de Blasio era, when DDC was like the number one punching bag in all of city government, and that has changed and you deserve a lot of the credit for that and your team deserves a lot of the credit for that. You knew there was a but coming, but I just wanted to start with saying that because I really believe it and I have a lot of respect for you personally and the work of your agency.

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I am strongly supportive of the borough-based jail plan, as you know and as we've talked about over many years. This is an urgent and necessary plan for us to close Rikers Island. I do, however, have a series of concerns about how things have been going. The demolition process has been, I think to be diplomatic, severely disruptive for my

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 289 community, and there are at least a dozen buildings that have experienced constant shaking from vibrations, cracks in walls, things falling off shelves for months. We've had AHV permits that started going from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. every weekday, Saturday work, work on federal holidays. We have barely had a moment of reprieve. When I've talked to the Department of Buildings, it's been pretty darn clear that City Hall will not accommodate or cooperate with any restriction in hours. That is unfortunate, and people are really fed up, and they're really frustrated, and we're at the beginning of a six year or so process to get this facility built. That's a lot of really challenging experiences to be in immediate proximity to that kind of construction site. Firstly, why has the demolition gone so poorly, and where are we at now in the process and how can you assure me and my constituents that it's going to go better quickly? COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Thank you, Council Member. Thank you for your kind words about, I do have, I think, the best agency in the city, and certainly the most diverse and effective senior

staff, so I really appreciate your comments. The

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 290 reason that we're as effective as we are is because of the people that are surrounding me each and every day.

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As far as the dismantle within Brooklyn, it has been challenging, and you and the community have been partners all along with us. We have a dedicated team full-time at the site. We have a dedicated community liaison, which is so critical for each and every one of our projects, especially for the vertical jails to be able to represent the community, to speak in the vernacular and with various languages and things like that. There's been a challenge with our dismantling contractor and delighted to report that the work, we're past the major hurdle as far as the actual facility is down. I was on site last night and there was clapping when it was coming down. I was busy taking the video of it. There was a lot of, certainly the dust suppression was there and all that stuff, but it was a great moment but it was also a time of reflection and, yes, we certainly could have done better with the dismantle, evaluations have been, worked on, during the time. There will obviously be a final evaluation that'll be submitted and we have had a number of

meetings with the firm, and this is something that will be permanently on their record for any time that they wish to do any other city work with DDC or with my colleagues in other agencies. This is something that will be permanently there for them to address so that way if something like this was to happen, that there are learning lessons and we're certainly incorporating that into that.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I'm very happy to hear that. I just have to tell you, there've been multiple meetings that I've personally attended that the contractors failed to show up at, and it's frustrating for me to not feel like the contractor that's been brought to the table to do the work is engaging in partnership in the way that you always do, and so that has been deeply frustrating and, every time, their response has been we're doing everything we can, there's nothing more that we can do. The vibrations, the noise, the severe disruptions that this has caused our community like, too bad. The dust, too bad. Recently there were some improvements in mitigating dust that we appreciate, but it took months and constant complaints for us to get there. Altogether, this is the biggest capital project, if

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COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Understood, and there was I know that it was, certainly on-site within my office, that we had a number of meetings with the vendor and their subcontracts, expressed concerns. We

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 293
were very forceful and disappointed, but we also knew
that at the time I couldn't go through a process of
getting another vendor on site. It would be too
disruptive to the project and frankly too disruptive
to the community to leave a building that was half
dismantled, but we looked at all options. It was
something that was literally under the microscope on
my and my teams. We have a dedicated team for this,
and I do think and I know that we will be turning, or
and on and, literally turning the page with
(INAUDIBLE). I know we have a number of really,
really responsive and amazing meetings with the
community when it comes to the design, and thank you
for your help and coordinating those. Those have beer
really, I think moving forward those are the
benchmarks for the other facilities of how well you
know that the teams have been discussing and really
valuable input from the community so we're looking to
obviously continue that, and I'm always available.
You know that.
COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I do.
COMMISSIONER FOLEY: And we're certainly,

we'll be improving what from a standpoint in

25 Brooklyn.

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COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I appreciate that. The percent design completion in Brooklyn, are we at a 100 percent now?

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: We are not, but still, we're still working on it. I will get back to your office with where we are.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: We have a call next week, and should we expect a resolution on the sally port plans by that time?

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: I know that teams are looking, and I know we have a scheduled meeting with you and that's something that we honestly have to go over, I have to go over internally with OMB and with City Hall, but we'll have those conversations next week.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I appreciate it. I just have to say on the record, our community was broadly supportive of this, but we thought it was critically important that there be a second tunnel, and there'd be an additional space for the sally port so that we do not have detainees being transferred in the street, and that is incredibly, I think it's dehumanizing and disrespectful to the people who were being transferred from PD to DOC custody in the

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 295 street. It's also a security risk as this jail's been in our community my whole life and much longer. When people break away from PD control, it can lead to major security lockdowns and different challenges. We think that there should be a secure process for doing this. We were promised this in the borough-based jail agreement from just four or five years ago. It was undone. We think we've come up with a reasonable solution to solve for it. In the scheme of a multibillion-dollar project, this is a modest rounding error that is an important community concern so I really hope in the sense of partnership that you've articulated again today and that I know some people in the Administration believe that this is something that can be addressed. It will be very challenging for us to go to our community to discuss the design and construction of the new jail if this issue has not been resolved and resolved favorably. Just a couple other questions on the

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Just a couple other questions on the Brooklyn and, you want me to go, you want me to go back to you? You want me to wrap it up?

Very briefly on, is the lack of outdoor space something that's continuing to be considered in the design of the jail?

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COMMISSIONER FOLEY: I know that the Administration is looking into that, but I don't have an answer for you today on that.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Is there any update you can share on therapeutic beds? The Administration cut the number of therapeutic beds by half despite a majority of people at Rikers having a serious mental health designation.

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: I know that there's also efforts that are happening outside the borough-based jails that the Administration is spearheading, and I know that Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice, CHS, or others are looking into that as well.

that, but beds in the jails, having 20 percent of them be designed for people with mental health needs is wholly inadequate when 55 percent of the people in the system have serious mental health needs, and I realize this is not your policy decision, but when we ask the Department of Correction, they say you have to ask DDC, and so the next time I think we're just going to need to bring everyone into one panel so that people can't finger point to one another.

2	I have a few questions just more broadly
3	on the borough-based jails. We know there have been
4	consistent delays due to COVID and other things.
5	Could you give us a sense of timing on where we are
6	on the other three jails? What are the next key
7	milestones for progress for them moving forward?
8	COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Sure. With regards to
9	the next two facilities in Queens and in the Bronx,
10	those are currently negotiating with the selected
11	teams, and we're hoping to have public hearing late
12	this spring for those. That'll be in May and June.
13	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Just to give a
14	context, when was Brooklyn at that same stage in the
15	process?
16	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER LAISERIN: It was
17	last year.
18	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Last year, what
19	month, approximate or season?
20	CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER LAISERIN: I think
21	the NTP, it started in July.
22	COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: July, so we're

about a year and a half behind Brooklyn and Queens

and the Bronx. Is that accurate? 15 months?

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that even if Mayor Adams is re-elected, it's the next

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COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Honestly, I'm an engineer. We design and build so our first facility will be completed in 2029. The other three facilities will not be done prior to 2029.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: I'm making a political point, and you're an engineer. The current cost estimate for each of the facilities.

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Right now, for Brooklyn, we have a registered contract for 2.9 billion dollars, and the other contracts are currently in negotiations.

COUNCIL MEMBER RESTLER: Okay. Chair, thank you for being so generous with the time. I greatly appreciate it.

 $\label{eq:chairperson} \mbox{CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: No problem.}$ Thank you.

Let's start with DDC Plus. In the 2022
Strategic Blueprint, DDC mentioned the possibility of
forming a DDC authority, which the report argues
would allow the agency to improve the overall
function of the agency. Is the Administration in
favor of this proposal?

2 COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Has DDC spoken with any representatives from the State, Governor's Office, Senate, or Assembly to begin the process of creating this authority?

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Can you talk about how you think DDC would benefit from becoming an authority? By how much, for example, does DDC expect becoming an authority would reduce the City's capital cost per project?

significant savings of having, we're the primary builders for the City of New York and, as you're certainly well aware, we work with 28 sponsor agencies, and the reason for that is to help out with project delivery, to do things better, faster, and cheaper. We think that there would be millions of dollars in savings for the City if DDC was to become an authority. If I may note, it's all about delivery. Everybody internally is still, 68 percent of my team is DC37 members so there's no impact on union membership, there's no impact on retirement, the City

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 301 2 employees, what have you, so this is all about us 3 just being able to be better, cheaper, and faster. CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: And how would 4 it impact the timeline of future projects? 5 COMMISSIONER FOLEY: It would shorten them 6 7 because, by being an authority, I'd have other tools at my disposal that I do not have right now that EDC 8 has and Port Authority and others, any other major capital public works throughout the country. I'm 10 11 literally the only one that doesn't have these tools and, as being an authority, it would really take, as 12 I would say, take a chainsaw to the bureaucracy. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Could DDC reap 15 similar benefits through changes in policy by the 16 City's Procurement Policy Board? 17 COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Yes. 18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: If DDC were in 19 authority, what levers would exist to ensure that DDC 20 remains accountable to the City? 21 COMMISSIONER FOLEY: It would be very similar to the SCA, and I know that the SCA is 2.2 2.3 accountable. The bill was literally copy and pasted from that. Obviously, some changes that the Law 24

Department and others in OMB had worked on. We

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 302 wouldn't have our own funding. It would still come through the capital agencies themselves and, again, we wouldn't be carrying debt. We would still be under the Law Department, the Comptroller's Office, what have you. The safeguards are all there but, again, it would allow us to build better, faster, and cheaper.

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Just shifting over to M/WBEs, as you know, Commissioner, this is very important topic in which I'm extremely passionate about. What is DDC's goal for the percent of contracts awarded to M/WBEs?

commissioner foley: Our goal on a vertical public buildings project is 30 percent. Our goals in a design build procurement, regardless of that is on the horizontal or the vertical, is 30 percent design, 30 percent in construction. We've already incorporated disparity within the disparity on all of design build projects, 10 percent black, 10 percent Hispanic, and 10 percent other and, then on the infrastructure projects, under Local Law 1, we then do the analysis with the SBS websites and with their program in order to determine, depending on the scope of the project, what the goals are set for that particular project.

able to get it today or you need more time?

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 304

EXECUTIVE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER AUSTIN: I'm

3 going to text now.

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to design build, design build bill, as you said countless times, Commissioner, has been seen as a way to complete projects quicker and at a lower cost by streamlining the existing process. What are some of the benefits and drawbacks of design build that you have encountered and how does design build compare to the CM build, are there certain projects that work better with design build versus the CM Build model?

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Sure. Design build has transformed how we as a city capital agency can deliver since we were given the authority of doing this in 2019. At the time, there were only two other cities that were not authorized to do this, us and Philadelphia, so we're really excited with the challenge. We have a dedicated team for design build. The projects that we've assigned, we have over 12 in the portfolio for the design build. They have been making really amazing strides from a schedule standpoint. It has fostered collaboration, innovation. It has reduced the contractor claims, has reduced contractor change orders, and it has brought

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 305 more people to the table. It has allowed us to set up our goals at 30 percent design, 30 percent construction, and then it also allowed us to set disaggregated goals, at 10 percent black, 10 percent Hispanic, and 10 percent other so it has brought more people to the table, it has opened up the process so we know who's actually bidding upon these that, it allows us to have a number of meetings with the community and within the industry of meeting the primes, getting more people involved, signed up through SBS, more people involved and signed up through PASSPort, and so we expect that to grow. We expect the design build program to grow, but we're using it very efficiently and effectively. It has to be the right project. It has to be a new build. In the vertical world, we don't want to rely on it heavily in a dense urban environment of Lower Manhattan, Downtown Brooklyn where there's tons of unknown utilities so we really want to be specific when we're using it, and we have our SWAT team of engineers and architects at DDC that evaluate each and every project when it comes through to determine what type of delivery would be effective, and I'll just note that we're not, even though we currently

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now.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: My last question, Commissioner, is still in alignment with design build. Design build has been reauthorized through 2027. One part is during that time, what projects will benefit from not having to go through

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 307
2 the traditional route of design bid build but also,
3 in light of a lot of capital projects being pushed
4 out as far as 2033, how will DDC determine which
5 projects should go forward with design build as well,
6 and do you have some examples of what those projects
7 are and where they are located?
8 COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Sure. We have our

SWAT team of engineers and architects that evaluate each project that comes in. We do have a listing of projects, what we would call, on the conveyor belt, one of which we just released is the Roy Wilkins Recreational Center. We also have our bathroom...

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Have you picked who's doing Roy Wilkins yet?

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Yes, we're fully funded for Roy Wilkins, and we have our statement of qualifications that's out on the street, basically, the procurement is out. We also have one out for what we call the bathroom bundle that we're working with the Parks Department on.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: (INAUDIBLE)

COMMISSIONER FOLEY: And you have one of those as well, one of those in your in your District, so we're really excited about those two. We've also

1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 308 2 identified some that are in the infrastructure world but, again, these are projects that allow us to pivot 3 4 quickly so we could drive that innovation, the 5 collaboration, and it's so important to be able to move quickly on these things. Technology is advancing 6 7 so quickly so we need to be able to incorporate these 8 designs with the contractor at the table having one team deliver for DDC and for the city of New York. 10 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, 11 Commissioner. Thank you to your team for taking part in today's Preliminary Budget hearing. 12 13 We'll now move to public testimony. Thank 14 you. 15 COMMISSIONER FOLEY: Thank you. 16 COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: For public 17 testimony, each panelist will be given two minutes to 18 speak. 19 For panelists testifying in person, 20 please come to the dais as your name is called and 21 wait for your turn to speak. For panelists who are testifying 2.2 2.3 remotely, once your name is called, a Member of our Staff will unmute you and the Sergeant-at-Arms will 24

give you the go ahead to begin. Please wait for the

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During your testimony, you must remain on topic and maintain decorum. Witnesses are not permitted to record themselves or the Committee. A recording of this hearing will be available online.

Our first panel will be Emerita Torres,
Rosa Chang, Lisa Daglian and Leroy Morrison.

Emerita Torres, please begin when you are ready.

EMERITA TORRES: Good afternoon. Thank you to the Committee for having me. My name is Emerita Torres. I lead the Policy Research and Advocacy Department for the Community Service Society of New York. We are dedicated to improving the lives of low-income New Yorkers and championing a more equitable city and state. My testimony today will focus on the state of transit hardship amongst New Yorkers and how we can alleviate that by leveraging the Fair Fares program to its full potential. Since 2014, CSS's annual survey of low-income New Yorkers, The Unheard Third, it's the longest running survey of low-income New Yorkers in the nation where we ask people about transit hardship. In 2023, approximately one in five

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 310 New Yorkers reported that they have struggled to pay mass transit. Among those in poverty so those, for example, a family of four that earns under 31,000 a year and those in near poverty defined as those earning between 31,000 and 62,000, the rate was higher at 30 percent. Even among New Yorkers who are not considered low income, i.e. those with incomes 200 to even 400 percent of the federal poverty line, 14 percent said that they struggle to pay for subway and bus fares. It's important to unpack what transit hardship looks like for these individuals. It means they can't attend classes, they don't have the luxury of hailing an Uber or using another app or paying thousands of dollars to afford a car. New Yorkers every day are missing opportunities for taking full advantage of what our city has to offer, and the legacy of historical and current marginalization ensures that these are New Yorkers, largely people of color, who are trying desperately to find a foothold in our city, but we have a great solution for this, and that is in the Fair Fares program which makes transit more affordable. As you heard this morning, the program has an estimated 320,000 enrollees. This program has been a gamechanger for them, but they

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 311 represent only a third of the almost 1 million New Yorkers who are not eligible. If I can have...

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: If you could wrap it up and just submit the rest in written (INAUDIBLE) Thank you.

EMERITA TORRES: So first recommendation, the eligibility threshold needs to be moved up to 200 percent of federal poverty. That's in our report that was just released today. Second, there needs to be greater awareness of the Fair Fares program. We need more coordination between the MTA and the city to ensure that we're reaching New Yorkers who don't know about this program at all. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you so much.

I'm the Executive Director of the Permanent Citizens
Advisory Committee to the MTA, PCAC, and thank you so
much for your report. Thank you so much for your
hearing today. It was interesting to hear what we
heard and interesting to hear what we didn't hear.
What a difference a year makes. Last year, we were
scrambling for funding for the transit agency and
this year we've heard that we've got five years of

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 312 funding, but that doesn't mean that everybody has five years of funding. People are still struggling to be able to pay to get on subways and buses and commuter rail, and we wholeheartedly agree that the federal poverty level should be raised to 200 percent and that Fair Fares should be extended to the commuter rails within New York City, and that's something that is part of the Fares Act that we're thrilled was included in the Senate One House along with CityTicket Weekly which we think should be funded with the Outer Borough Transportation Account, which we heard a little bit about this morning. Again, the other part of that funding is supposed to go for transit for the outer boroughs, some might say the better boroughs, to provide for discounts on the Long Island Railroad in Metro North. We haven't seen that proposal from the MTA yet, but we have a great one, CityTicket Weekly, and we also believe that seniors, disabled, and Medicare-eligible riders should be able to use their discounts in the morning peak on the commuter rails, which they currently are not able to do. We're strong supporter of bus lanes and bus ways and, in that vein, we also support the

capital tracker of the Streets Plan because it's not

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you.

LEROY MORRISON: Good afternoon, everyone here, Madam Chair, thank you so much for having us here. My name is Leroy Morrison. I'm the President of New York City Commuter Van Association. Commuter vans have been around for decades, and we need commuter vans back in the black and brown community, especially in the Rockaways. As you know, the time from Rockaway to Jamaica Center is an hour and 45 minutes just to get back in JFK Airport. The people have to go to work, the people of color. We need commuter vans to be back on New York City streets so that we can bring the people straight from Rockaway into the airport instead going all the way to Jamaica Center so we need transportation (INAUDIBLE), especially people of color across New York City. When the city was in crisis, it's commuter vans. Now that we meet in difficult time, two and a half years,

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 314 affordable insurance, and the member over there was asking about insurance, please support the cap of insurance. That will provide low-cost insurance across New York City for all for-hire vehicles. We have that bill right now in the One House Budget in the Senate. We fight last year, and it's just for commuter van and the Governor veto it. This year, we came back in the One House Budget, so thanks for Senator Leroy Comrie, Assembly Member Anderson and Ms. Brooks-Powers over here to get all New Yorkers fair insurance, affordable across New York City and have commuter van back on the street because not everyone can afford Uber and Lyft and most of these seniors don't even know how to use the phone. They know how to come out and flag it down. Our fare is only 2 dollars, and we are part of New York City Transportation and keep us working for New York City. Thank you so much. And the TLC, the Chair, the TLC Commissioner, I want to say thanks to him for supporting us also too. We're in the struggle. We need your help. We need your support. We cannot pay 60,000 dollars a year insurance so we want to bring back down the cost, and we need to let the Department of Financial Services know they need more volunteer

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CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. Thank you to each of you for coming out and testifying today. Thank you.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: Thank you. The next panel will be Amanda Berman.

You can begin when ready.

AMANDA BERMAN: Good afternoon, or should I say evening, Chair Brooks-Powers and Council Member Restler and Committee Staff, thank you all for your time today. My name is Amanda Berman. I am here on behalf of the Center for Justice Innovation, and I'm here to request that this Council reaffirm its commitment to our Driver Accountability Program in this upcoming Fiscal Year. For the past three decades, the Center has worked with communities and justice systems to advance equity, increase safety and help individuals and communities thrive, and safer streets are a necessary component of all of these things. In 2015, we launched the Driver Accountability Program, a diversion program for lower-level vehicular offenses, that come through our

up if I can just have a moment. Thank you, Chair.

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 317 2 Collectively, these programs play a critical role in 3 a holistic approach to street safety that reduces 4 harms that are caused on our roads but also the harms that are caused by our systems that respond, and the 5 demand for our program continues to grow, and it is 6 7 more critical than ever that we sustain our 8 operations, and so we respectfully ask for your continued support, and thank you so much for your 10 time. 11 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. 12 COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: Thank you. 13 We'll now move on to remote testimony on Zoom. We'll begin with Brit Byrd, followed by 14 15 Eric McClure. SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts. 16 17 BRIT BYRD: Hello, my name is Brit Byrd, 18 I'm Senior Planner for Brooklyn Borough President 19 Antonio Reynoso, and I'm submitting this testimony on 20 his behalf. Thank you, Chair Brooks-Powers and Members of the Committee on Transportation and 21 Infrastructure for holding this hearing today. 2.2 2.3 As Brooklyn Borough President, I have many transportation priorities for our great borough, 24

all of which are aimed at ending car culture and

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 318 encouraging residents to use more efficient and sustainable modes of transportation, including walking, biking, and public transit. Critically, we need a robust financial commitment to the NYC Streets Plan, which the Administration all but abandoned in 2023. DOT has completed only a fraction of the mandated bike lanes, bus lanes, and public plazas mandated by law, and announcements for new projects have slowed to a halt. Of the projects completed, the majority have been done in-house using expense funds and DOT headcount. The City should be bolstering this in-house capacity, but this Preliminary Budget proposes keeping vacancies unfilled and imposes PEGs on traffic and street operations, signaling that the Administration intends to keep DOT understaffed. DOT has talented and passionate personnel ready to implement life-saving streets projects across the city, and the budget needs to give them the resources to complete this work. As the coming implementation of congestion pricing will encourage more people to switch to public transportation, it is vital that we invest in critical infrastructure to speed up our buses, paratransit, and emergency vehicles, and keep pedestrians and cyclists safe. As Borough President,

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 319 I remain committed to Vision Zero. No one should die on New York City's streets. This Preliminary Budget does not agree. In addition to cutting in-house capacity, it includes cuts to Vision Zero education and outreach programming. While infrastructure and design are the foundation of Vision Zero, these cuts are emblematic of a complete disregard for the program's goal to reduce traffic violence. While I'm encouraged by City Hall's interest in sustainable delivery, the Administration should first fully support the existing freight mobility staff and initiatives within DOT and outlined in the Delivering Green Plan with EDC. The recent announcement of six waterfront shipping hubs is a step in the right direction, but I'm concerned by the absence and continued uncertainty surrounding the Red Hook Container Terminal.

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time has expired. Thank you.

BRIT BYRD: (INAUDIBLE) infrastructure and receive renovations and upgrades as proposed in Delivering Green. DOT's Curb Management Action Plan is an exciting step towards using the City's valuable curb lands for more than just car storage, which

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 320 should be expanded in the coming years, and DOT should follow through on the local delivery hub and LockerNYC pilot programs to reduce the negative environmental and safety effects of truck deliveries. Open streets are a vital part of Brooklyn's public realm. Streets are not just where New Yorkers travel, they're where we rest, socialize, and relax. I will continue to advocate for funding and expansion of open streets and summer streets across the borough. Finally, I would like to discuss the future of the BQE. In February, the Federal Highway Administration rejected the Administration's application for federal funds to rebuild the triple cantilever in Brooklyn Heights. This proposal was a temporary fix that included too many lanes and ignored community needs along the entire BQE corridor. DOT should continue to work to secure funds from the federal government through the bipartisan infrastructure law to pursue a full redesign of the BQE corridor that centers racial justice, equity, and climate mitigation. Thank you for the opportunity to speak today. I look forward to working with the Council on this effort. Together we can transform our city streets, our freight network,

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and the BQE corridor.

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COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: Thank you. Are

321

3 | there any questions?

We'll next hear from Eric McClure followed by Elizabeth Adams.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Time starts.

ERIC MCCLURE: Thanks very much. Thank you, Madam Chair, for the opportunity to testify today. Thanks for the Committee Staff for their work. My name is Eric McClure. I'm the Executive Director of StreetsPAC and, yes, a longtime dues-paying member of Transportation Alternatives. At the March 2023 hearing of this Committee on the Fiscal 2024 budget, we testified about our deep concern regarding the City's failure to have met the 2022 benchmarks for the creation of physically separated bike lanes and bus lanes required by the City Streets Plan. We noted that those benchmarks were increasing in 2023, underscoring our worry. Unfortunately, our concern was prescient as the Administration failed again to reach the Streets Plan mandates, building about 32 of the 50 required bike lane miles, less than 20 percent of the prescribed 30 miles of separated bus lanes, and upgrading only a fraction of the 500 bus stops mandated. So while the Department of Transportation

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 322 reports it is back to pre-pandemic staffing levels and it's adequately funded, continued failure to meet legally required benchmarks indicates otherwise. That the vast majority of cycling deaths that have occurred on city streets over the past year happened on streets without protected bike lanes underscores the human cost of not doing better and, with the advent of congestion pricing around the corner, we should be doing everything we can to improve bus service, not leaving strap hangers stuck behind double parked SUVs. This isn't a case of DOT staff needed to work harder or smarter. It's a case of needing to give them the resources and tools to deliver on the Streets Plan. We gladly acknowledge that there has been progress, notably in redesigned intersections and expanded public space, but will note that Mayor Adams two years ago announced a historic five-year, 900-million-dollar commitment to "rapidly build out critical street safety and public transportation infrastructure." Given the number of projects in both realms that have been slow-walked or outright obstructed, we were heartened to hear Speaker Adams announced yesterday her intent to legislate the creation of the Streets Plan Tracker to

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COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2 help hold the Administration accountable for the

3 | lackluster progress. We also need to ensure that

4 investment is focusing on the equity gaps that

5 persist in our transportation system and

6 infrastructure. As we said at last year's hearing,

7 the Streets Plan...

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Thank you for your testimony. Your time has expired.

ERIC MCCLURE: I'll wrap up momentarily. Thank you. Our Streets Plan rightly focused on addressing equity by prioritizing upgrades in those areas of the city whose residents are predominantly people of color where incomes are lowest and where investment infrastructure has lagged the most. It's therefore critical that funding is sufficient to prioritize those efforts and the Street Plan targets are met. At the same time, we urge the Members of the City Council to be full and constructive partners in that work. We were disappointed to learn that only six Council Members responded to Commissioner Rodriguez's request for ideas on where to make street safety upgrades in their Districts. Yes, it is DOT's job to take the lead on that work, but we hear plenty of criticism from the Council about what DOT should

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 324 or shouldn't do, and a cold shoulder is an odd and unacceptable response to an invitation for input. We can assure you that we and our colleagues in advocacy would jump at such a chance to inform project priorities. Just to summarize, I'll submit written testimony but, turning back to the Administration, we're very concerned about the news that many Open Streets operators, volunteer groups, are not getting paid on a timely basis, reimbursed on a timely basis for their outlays. We need to make sure that that gets fixed. We support Speaker Adams's call to increase the eligibility for Fair Fares to 200 percent of the poverty level and the call to apply it to commuter rail within the city. Lastly, we just want to circle back to two things that we called for last year, which is public funding of Citi Bike and a robust, safe, and secure public bike parking infrastructure. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you, Eric. It's good to see you.

ERIC MCCLURE: You too, Chair. Thanks very much.

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We'll hear next from Elizabeth Adams followed by

Natasha Elder.

CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: I'm just going to ask everyone to please respect the two-minute rule as we want to make sure we can hear everybody. Thank you.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: The time will begin.

ELIZABETH ADAMS: Thank you, Chair Brooks-Powers and the Committee, for today's hearing. My name is Elizabeth Adams. I'm the Deputy Executive Director of Public Affairs at Transportation Alternatives. At a time when our city is facing hundreds of traffic fatalities a year and congestion is crowding our streets and polluting our air, it is critically important that we do not cut funding to our City's Transportation budget. I want to thank the Council Speaker for yesterday's announcement of legislation to create a capital tracker for Streets Plan projects in direct response to the Mayor's failure to meet legal mandates. We cannot continue to allow massive delays or stalled bike and bus projects, especially at a time when we need new Safe Streets projects but, as was noted, just five miles

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 326 of bus lanes were built last year out of the 30 miles required. This has a huge impact on people's daily lives. It makes it harder for people to get to work or to get home to see their kids, and New Yorkers are not feeling this time lost evenly. According to public data in Spatial Equity NYC, commuters from black majority districts spend 70 more minutes each week on the bus compared to those from majority white districts so every time that we fail to install a bus lane or we delay a project that has already been approved, it's New Yorkers who lose out and, as New York gets ready for the start of congestion pricing, it's more important than ever that we speed up projects for buses and bus lanes so that we are giving New Yorkers as many transit options as possible that work for them. I also want to note that the Streets Plan requirement for creating pedestrian space sunset at the end of 2023, and our most recent report found that many communities still failed to have even a single pedestrian plaza so we encourage the Council to extend this annual requirement so that every neighborhood has sufficient pedestrian community space for people to gather outside. In addition, as the City is rolling out daylighting at

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representing our Fair Players campaign. Thank you,

bus lane installation delays, which leave our buses

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1 COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 329 2 crawling through their routes at an average speed of 3 merely 8 miles per hour. New York City must also do 4 its part to expand fare discounts where it matters 5 the most for college students and low-income New Yorkers. For college students, affording a MetroCard 6 7 swipe or OMNYTap could be the difference between earning a degree or dropping out altogether. Proposed 8 funding in the Executive Budget remains flat for the Fair Fares program for FY25, which is still lower 10 11 than pre-pandemic levels. City Council has been a fierce advocate for this program, and we thank you 12 13 and urge you to continue by increasing funding for these necessary expansions to both 200 percent of the 14 15 federal poverty level and all CUNY students. Thank 16 you. 17 COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: Thank you. 18 CHAIRPERSON BROOKS-POWERS: Thank you. 19 COMMITTEE COUNSEL MEALEY: We'll hear next 20 from Christopher Schuyler. 21 SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: Your time will begin. 2.2 CHRISTOPHER SCHUYLER: Good evening, Chair 2.3 Brooks-Powers, and thank you to all Committee Staff. I will submit written comments following my 24

testimony. My name is Christopher Schuyler. I'm a

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SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: We thank you for your testimony. Your time has expired.

CHRISTOPHER SCHUYLER: Bye-bye.

inadvertently missed anyone that is registered to testify today and has yet to have been called, please use the Zoom raise hand function if you are testifying remotely and you will be called in the order that your hand has been raised.

If you are testifying in person, please come to the dais.

Okay, seeing no one, I will now turn it over to Chair Brooks-Powers for closing remarks.

everyone who took time to come in today to testify and to testify virtually. Pretty long day, but much needed discussions happening today, and we look forward to continuing the conversations with each of these agencies as we move into the Executive Budget season. Thank you, and this meeting is now adjourned. [GAVEL]

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date April 12, 2024